Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

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Established in 1869. | vernment, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---LINCOLN | Terms: $1.50 per Year

EARLY MORNING FIRE

THE LOSS WILL REACH $30,000.

The Insurance is About $13,000—One of the Hottest Fires Ever Experienced Here—Adjoining Property in Danger—A Boy Injured.

Williamsport Republican.

About 3 o'clock this morning fire broke out in Taber's planing mill on the corner of East Jefferson and Penn street, which proved to be the largest conflagration the city has had for some time.

It is not known how the fire originated. People living near the mill say that the first flames were seen at the south end of the building coming from the ventilators in the dry kiln. In a very few minutes after the first blaze was seen, the whole structure seemed to be enveloped in flames.

John Bishop, the watchman at the mill, was engaged wheeling coal into the fire room, and noticed the fire. He sounded an alarm by blowing the whistle giving one continuous blast, which did not arouse the firemen as if the whistle had been blown, giving short blasts in rapid suscession. William Corl, who lives three doors above the mill on East Jefferson street saw the fire and rushed to the mill and sounded another alarm. Companies No. 1, 2 and 4 responded and soon had steam playing on the flames.

The heat from the fire was most intense and the firemen directed their efforts towards saving the adjoining buildings and residences, seeing that to try to save the main buildings would be useless. Several of the houses in close proximity were on fire and the inmates had taken steps to romove their furniture from the buildings.

The loss is estimated at about $30,000 on which there is an insurance of about $18,000. The inventory taken the first of the year footed about $30,000 and the value of their stock has not depreciated to any extent since that time. When asked by a Rrepublican reporter if the mill would be rebuilt, Mr. Charles Taber said it had not been decided yet as they scarcely had time to consider the matter. He thought that it was altogether probable that the mill would be rebuilt however, as the ground is owned by the firm and prospects for again entering the business were bright.

About thirty men are thrown out of employment by the fire and one of our best industries destroyed.

HENRY PAGE INJURED.

Henry Page, a son of Foreman Page, of No. 1, was at the fire helping his father and carrying coffee to to the men, furnished by the ladies living near the mill. He was carrying a large pail of hot coffee and stumbled over a piece of burned timber and fell, spilling the coffee on himself and burning him considerably. One of his legs was quite severely injured by the fall.

The only building of the industry that was saved was the ware house which was piled full of stock. Only the strenuous efforts of the fireman saved this building from being burned.

This is the fourth time that industries belonging to Mr. Taber have been destroyed by fire, two saw mills and one planing mill having been burned before.

The firemen were taken to the Eagle Hotel by Mr. Taber, after the fire had been put under complete control and were furnished with a hearty breakfast.

All the aparatus of the city has not concentrated on one fire before since the Otto fire last summer.

A Boy's Essay on "Breath."

From the Minneapolis Journal.

"Our breath is made of air. If it were not tor our breath we would die. The breath keeps going through our liver, our lights and our lungs. Boys shut up in a room all day should not breathe; they should wait until they get out doors. Air in a room has carbonicide in it, and carbonicide is poisoner than mad dogs. Once some men was shut up in a black hole in India, a carbonocide get into that there hole, and afore morning every one of them was dead.

"Girls wear corsets which squeeze their diagrams too much. Girls cannot run and holler like boys cause their diagrams are squeezed. If I was a girl I would just run and holler so my diagram would grow.

"That's all on breath."

To Redeem Mutilated Coins.

Director of the United States Mints E. . Leech has sent out a circular from the reasury Department at Washington, to the superintendents of the mints at Phila-elphia, San Francisco, New Orleans and arson, containing instructions to purchase when presented in sums of three dollars and upwards, mutilated and uncurrent United States silver coin at the price fixed by the Director for silver contained in gold deposits. Uncurrent coins are to be transmitted to the mints by registered mail or express (charges prepaid). The value will be returned in the same manner at the seller's expense and risk.

CHRIS MAGEE ON BLAINE.

He Regrets the Secretary's Declination and Will Be for Harrison.

Pittsburg, Feb. 7—Concerning Secretary Blaine's letter of declination, Chris L. Magee, the well-known Republican leader of Western Pennsylvania said to-night that Pennsylvania Republicans would deeply regret Mr. Blaine's decision.

"Now that Mr. Blaine has declined to be a candidate for the Republican nomination," said he, "I am inclined to be for President Harrison. The administration has kept every pledge."

Mayor Gourley said he was for Blaine, but his second choice was Harrison.

B. F. Jones, ex-Chairman of the Republican National Committee, and a close friend of Mr. Blaine, says that he was not suprised at the declination. He had been expecting such a statement for some time.

"While I was chairman," said he, "Mr. Blaine told me the only time he really desired the nomination was in 1876, when the convention was held in Cincinnati."

An Example Note To Be Followed

The notorious Fitzsmmons, who some months since escaped from Pittsburg jail and was lately rearrested at New Orleans and has since committed suicide, said to his taking of his own life "I have pursued crime with its fatal consequances; my life is again jeopardized and as liberty or death is paramount in my mind. I prefer the latter to imprisonment, disgrace, slow death and dragging further in the mine tne good name of honorable and respected relatives. What a homely could be read or sermon preached on this for a text.

The experience of all great crimmials. has been like that of Fitzsmmons. The effect of crime is sorrow, suffering, remorse, despair and frequently as in his case, death by his own hand. It would be well for the young man of this country to occasionally yes, frequently think of the results of vice and crime. So many young men have had and are now having similar experiences. Many like him have brought sorrow and disgrace upon their best and dearest friends. Many fathers and mothers have bowed their gray heads in sorrow because a beloved son has become a thief drunkard, gambler or murderer, many a brother, sister and wife sweetheart have also been brought into trouble and deep disgrace by the erring brother, husband or lover. We do not design this as a moral lecture, but feel a great interest in the welfare of the young men, as we realize the future of this country is intneir hands, and we would be glad to see reach and every young man worthy, honest and an honor to himself his friends and his country. If they desire thus they must avoid the first step in crime Industry and integrity will lead to wealth and honor, without these two qualifications proverty and dishonor are likely to follow, yes likely to overtake the unfortucate young man. This is a secular paper, not a religious one.

But to believe that, it is incumbent upon newspapers to place their weight, be it light or heavy in the balance for morality and good conduct. We sincerely hope the young men of our town will all avoid such a life as has just terminated in the New Orleans jail.

The New York Horrow.

New York, February 8.—While searching the ruins of the burned Hotel Royal this morning the firemen found the body of a woman. Shortly after another body was recovered. Not ten feet from where the second body was found another, that of a woman, was taken from a pile of debris. Another body, that of a man, was found in the afternoon and at 5.30 o'clock portions of another body were discovered.

A Word to the Republicans.

The hope of the party lies in the expansion of a stalwart Republican press. The Republican who reads or otherwise helps to support a democratic journal to the exclusion of one of his own party newspapers is untrue to the Republican cause.

Unanimously subscribed to by the National Republican cause.

J. S. Clarkson, President.
A. B. Humphrey, Secretary.
New York, Nov. 19, 1891.

Perished in a Burning Hovel.

Reading, February 8.—A miserable hovel near Schuylkill Haven, occupied by Jane Redcay, aged 57 took fire from some unknown causes late last night. The body of the woman was found in the ruins. Nothing remains but the trunk.

—The "Midnight Alarm."

THE STARVING RUSSIANS.

THE RESPONSES WERE NUMEROUS

The United States Comes to the Rescue and the Flour is Ready to be Shipped A Vessel Ready to Take it to the Place of Distribution.

Philadelphia, Pa., February 8.—Mayor Stuart has received a message from the Russian relief commissioners representing the millers of America and the people of Minnesota, in response to a query stating that 3,000,000 pounds of flour and 1,000,000 pounds of corn are on their way to New York and requesting that the ship offered by the citizens of this city for carrying the provisions to Russia be prepared to receive the cargo by February 27. A similar request comes from the Iowa relief commissions.

The International Steamship compan having tendered the use of the American steamship Indiana to convey the contributions of produce to the destitute of Russia at the actual cost of the voyage from Philadelphia to Libau, and thence to Liveopool, the citizens committee has accepted the offer and to-day sent the following telegram:

"Edgar & Reeve, Russian relief commissioners, Mineapolis, Minn: e citizens' Russian famine relief committee, of Philadelphia, send the American steamship Indiana under the American flag from the port of Philadelphia Saturday, February 20, for Libau, loaded with food for the starving Russians, cannot delay to receive part of her cargo in New York We will gladly deliver in Libau by this steamship your generous contribution of 2,000,000 tons of flour and corn if received in Philadelphia on or before Tuesday, February 16. Shall we consider it part of this cargo? The Indiana will be the first to reach Russia. We are most desirous of transporting the Minnesota's munificent donation and request a reply at once so we can complete all arrangements.

St. Petersburg. February 8.—Little is now heard here of the famine. The condition of the roads has been such that no matter how large a supply of grain the government had at its disposal it could not be distributed owing to the impossibility of conveyances of any kind reaching the places where the distress prevails. This is changed now. Heavy snows have fallen, a strong crust has formed, and goods and grain may be conveyed in sledges to any part of the empire. Much grain has already reached the famine stricken rovinces and according to the reports received here the condition of the sufferers has much improved since it is now possible to ship grain into the districts where the scarcity prevails. It is the general opinion there that the distressed province, will now be enabled to hold out until spring. One of the propositions made to relieve the famine sufferers was to employ 1,000 peasants in the work of building the Siberian railway to completion, but the government has abandoned its intention of finishing the road.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

Director-General Davis has declared that all applications for space ought to be presented by July 1, 1892.

The French steamship line, Havre to New York, has agreed to return free all exhibits which it brings to the Exposition at regular tariff rates.

Herr Wermuth, the Imperial German World's Fair Commissioner, has already received nearly 2,000 applications for space from the intending exhibitors of his country.

The California World,s Fair State Commissioners have authorized the formation ot a Woman's Board. Each commissioner will appoint one member of this Board. Each member is allowed $1,000 a year for traveling expenses.

The North Carolina Legislature failed to make a World's Fair appropriation. Where upon the State Board of Agriculture anaounced that it would undertake to provide all necessary means and superintend the collection of an exhibit that will be creditable to the state. It is the intention to have the state building at the Exposition a reproduction of the state capitol.

Of the $5,000,000 of bonds, which the city of Chicago voted in aid of the Exposition, $3,000,000 have been sold in New York at par and accrued interest, and the Exposition treasury has been replenished accordingly. The terms of sale are regarded very satisfactory. They are equivalent to a premium of one-third of one per cent on the first million, two-third on the second, and one per cent. on the third million.

The Exposition authorities have tendered to the shoe and leather manufactures a site for their desired building in which to make a united exhibit of the leather industry. A site was selected twice before, but had to be withdrawn owing to changes in construction plans. The site now offered is near the lake shore, not far from the Dairy building. There is little doubt that the leather men will accept the site and, if they do, they will put up a building 150x 600 feet, costing $100,000.

The King of Italy has appointed a World's Fair Commissioner. Italy, it is believed, will yet formally decide to participate in the Exposition. It is already assured that its participation, even if only informal, will be of no mean description. Exceptionally fine exhibits in sculpture and painting are promised.

A practical, working business college, which is purely an American institution, will be one of the exhibits at the Fair.

New South Wales has asked for 300,000 square feet of space.

The watchmakers of Switzerland, at a recent convention in Berne, decided to make an exhibit at Chicago of their finest and costliest watches. but not to attempt any competition with American manufactures in cheaper grades. They have applied to the Swiss Council for financial and other aid to enable them to make a creditable exhibit.

In Colorado's exhibit will appear a very complete showing of the flora of the state. Miss Alida P. Lansing, who has been in charge of the matter, gathered more than 1,000 varieties last summer, including fifteen or more which had never been

Georgia, like Texas and South Dakota, is trying to raise a large portion of its needed World's Fair fund through the instrumentary of the school pupils and teachers.

The Grand Rapids, Mich., furniture manufactureres will make a united exhibit and want half an acre of space, in which to display it.

A cablegram states that the French government is about to ask the chamber of deputies for an appropriation of 3, 500,000 francs ($700,000) for the French exhibit at Chicago.

A bill appropriating $300,000 for the state representation at the Expositions is now pending in the Iowa legislature. A preliminary appropriation of $50,000 was made at the last session. A bill for $300,000 is also pending in the New York legislature.

It is announced that the imperial band of Emperor William of Germany will attend the Exposition, having already obtained permission to do so.

The province of Ontario, Canada, will make an extensive mineral exhibit. Canada has asked for a total of 100,000 square feet of space in the various buildings.

Charles Hensel, Consulting Engineer of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission of Illinois, has been commissioned to promote the interests of the Fair in Europe by urging railway companies and manufacturers to become exhibitors. Mr. Hensel will sail for Europe soon and expects to spend several months in Great Britain and on the continent.

In responce to an invitation the Illinois Society, Sons of the American Revolution has decided to furnish a company to participate in the parade incidental to the dedication exercises in October, 1892. The men will wear continental uniform.

The women of Nebraska have undertaken to furnish the hammer with which Mrs. Potter will drive the last nail in the Woman's Building when it is dedicated October 12 next. The nail, it will be remembered, will be furnished by the women of Montana,, and will be and elaborate production, composed of gold, silver and copper. It is proposed that the hammer be made of the native woods of Nebraska and inlaid with gold, silver and pearl.

A consignment of exhibits for the Exposition—the first received from a foreign country—arrived at Chicago Jan. 26, from Japan

It is reported that it is the intention of the Government to establish at the Expostion grounds a complete post office, equal in capacity to that required by a city of 200,000 or more inhabitants, and to operate it, not only during the Fair but for several months previous to the opening and after the closing. A government post office inspector is now on the grounds perfecting plans and estimates. It is believed, that the number of exhibitors will be between 150,000 and 175,000. To these mail will be delivered hourly. Mails, sorted on the mail cars, will be dropped at the grounds from incoming trains whenever possible. At a rough estimate, this Exposition post office will require about 300 employes and entail an expense of obout $250,000 on the part of the Government.

QUITE SICK.

We learn that Miss Gill, the sister of the Miss Gill who died last week, is quite sick. In fact her friends fear her illness may prove fatal. We are not informed as to the disease with which she is afflicted, but hope she may speedily recover her usual health.

BURIAL OF FITZIMMONS

HIS REMAINS PLACED IN A FRMNCH CEMETERY VAULT.

No Pains Taken to Preserve the Body for His Relatives—The Indentification Considered Complete—No Funeral Services of any Kind at the Grave.

New Orleans, Feb 5. —[*Special.*]—Fitzsimmons was burried at 3 o'clock P. M. in the St. Vincent de Paul Cemetery, on Louisa street, far down in the French portion of the city. The funeral was ordered by the Coroner, who selected this resting place. The body was carried in a hearse to the cemetery, but there was no funeral procession and no one in attendance but the Pittsburg visitors, Detectivs Murphy and Finney and ex-Chief Pender and some other Pittsburgers now in this city.

The coffin was a plain wooden one, and no steps were taken to embalm the body or prepare it otherwise, so as to preserve it for indentification. This was proposed when it was thought that the body might be taken to Pittsburg for thorough indentification, although the indentification of the numerous Pittsburgers who han seen him was complete. This, however, was overruled, and the body was consigned to rest in an ordinary coffin and a plain, private vault, where it will soon decay.

Fitzsimmons had been attended by Rev Dr. Hunter, of St. Anne's Episcopal Church, when in a dying condition, but there were no religious ceremonies over the body.

The chief of Police received several telegraphic communications in regard to the body. One was from the Pittsburg authorities, asking that he be held for further indentification. It was deemed, however, that this could not be done. Another dispatch was received from the Chief of Police of Brockville, Canada, where Fitzsimmons was born and where his relatives still live. This asked whether the indentification of Fitzsimmons had been complete and beyond dispute, and and asked that the body be held so it could be obtained by the relatives, and guarnteeing all expenses. Chief Gaster replied that the indentification of Frederick C. Fitzsimmons was satisfactory, and that the body would be placed in a vault here, but it could be obtained by the relatives whenever they desired it.

Fitzimmons' effects, which consisted of two valises containing notekook, papers letters and some pinchbeck jewelry, and the small amount of money he had on hand, will be held by the Corner, to be turned over to the relatives of the dead man.

The Pittsburgers who came down here on Fitzsimmons' account to indentify him and take him home, will leave to-morrow.

JACK THE LOVEMAKER.

He Proposes Marriage to Fifty Maidens in a New Jersey Village.

New Brunswick, N. J., Feb. 5—The village of Cranberry, this county, is in an uproar over the actions of a letter writer who has addressed endearing epistles to nearly every marriageable girl in the place. So obnoxious has the writer become that Postmaster McDowell was appealed to yesterday. He traced 48 letters from the fiend to as many residents of the village. The letters were all similar in language, being brief and to this effect:

My dear miss, I am seeking a partner in life. Are you available? Answer to Jack the Lovemaker.

Miss Jennie Martin, who had received three letters of this character, sought out Constable Silvers and employed him to watch the postoffice. Silvers thought he had located the letter writer to-day, and chased a farmer's son across a ten-acre field before he discovered his mistake. In the evening mail Silvers was warned to absent himself from the postoffice in the following terse, but threatning letter:

Keep off my preserves or you are a dead man. Jack the Kisser.

Condensed News.

A new star to be known as "Capeland's nova," has been spied in firmament by Harvard men.

The New York State grange is praying for the great ship-canal from Duluth, Minn., to the sea.

George S. Studwell of Brooklyn has purchased the picture "Grant and His Generals" for $25,000.

Eulogies on the late Gen. W. H. F, Lee occupied the national house of representatives Saturday.

White Caps beat John Pendleton, a colored desperado of Todd county, Tennessee nearly to death and drove him away.

Charles E. Waterbury was held for trial at Greenwich, Conn., on Saturday for the abduction of his little cousin, Ward Waterbury.

The steamship Polynesian from Liverpool, via. Halifax for Boston, which went ashore at Cape Henry Friday night, was floated yesterday afternoon and proceeded for her destination.

Samuel Stallings died Saturday at Baltimore of a gunshot wound inflicted by Joseph W. McCartney, and, as Stallings swore the shooting was unprovoked, McCartney has been arrested.

An eastbound freight on the Pennsylvania railroad ran into a shifting engine at Watts station yesterday morning. The engine and five cars were wrecked and Taylor Welsh, the engineer of Lancaster, was badly injured.

A SENSATIONAL CASE.

A Woman Admits Throwing Vitriol in Her Husband's Face.

Carlisle, Pa., February 8.—The Newville vitriol throwing case occupied the attention of the court for almost the entire day and has proven to be far more sensational than anticipated.

Cora Frey, a comely womau, aged 24, is on trial for pouring vitriol upon her husband while he was in bed asleep and the offense is admitted. It is the result of three years of domestic infelicity. They were married in Camden, N. Y., three years ago They separated and then compromised their difficulties. In September last the husband charged the wife with infidelity and told her he would live with her no longer. Suiting the action to the word he left home and went to the home of his father. That night she asked her father to take her in, but he refused as he had compromised the former difficulty She went at once to Frey's home and asked to stay for the night and was permitted to stay in the room with her husband. That night she claimed that she was innocent of the offense charged, but asked him to forgive her for indiscret conduct. He refused. She then poured into his face an ounce of vitriol, she had purchased the evening before. He was severely burned, but has since recovered from his injuries. The woman is subject to hysteria and the defense is that owing to her infirmity and the great provocation she is not responsible for the rash deed.

THE LOUISIANA DEMOCRATS.

An Effort Being Made to Patch Up Their Differences.

New Orleans, Feb. 9.—Ex-Governor McEnery has written to Col. A. W. Crandall suggesting that as the condition of the Democratic party in Louisiana is critical, an offer be made to foster an alliance combine to join the McEneryites in withdrawing all present candidates for State officers, and begin over again for the sake of unity and to defeat the Republicans.

Col. Crandall has addressed a letter to the chairman of the Foster Alliance combine, suggesting that a committee meet the McEneryites in joint State Executive Committee and arrange for new, white primaries no later than March 15, to elect delegates to a fresh State Democratic Convention. The Foster side has declined to recognize Crandall as "Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democratic party," as he signed himself.

AN EDITOR SENT TO JAIL.

Sentenced to a Fine and Six Months' Imprisonment for Libeling a Lawyer.

In court at Reading. Monday morning, Charles A. Wambaugh, J. B. Costello and Frank L. Murphy, the two former proprietors and the latter editor of the defunct *Pennsylvania Telegram*' were called up for sentence for libelling W. B. Bechtel, a member of the Reading bar. Mr. Wambaugh was sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and the costs, Mr. Costello to pay a fine of $150 and costs and Mr. Murphy to pay a fine of $150 and undergo imprisonment of six months. After sentence a stay was asked for to give the desendants time to apply to the Supreme Court for a special allocatur, and they gave security in the sum of $1.000. Mr. Wambaugh is a Columbia boy.

Music in the Air.

There is a general feeling among the churches and Sunday schools of town that the young people are sadly in need of an opportunity to learn to read vocal music. Such an opportunity is now at hand and no one can afford to miss it.

Overtures have been made to William L. Meyer concerning the subject and he has consented to teach a term of 12 lessons at one dollar each. All that attended Mr. Meyer's class in the Presbyterian Chapel can attest to his ability as an instructor. Let every interested person come to the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Mondny night, February 15, at 8 o'clock sharp when Mr. Meyer will begin the class if a sufficient number can be secured. This includes ladies of course. Let there be a large class organized.

Valerie;

or,

HALF A TRUTH.

BY "THE DUCHESS."

"Oh, thanks!" she said, in an eager undertone; "that *is* a feast! I hope you had not to take much trouble?"

"If I had I would not grudge it," he answered, taking his place beside her.

"You ought not!" retorted the girl, saucily. "Chut! We must not talk; but I *must* look at the telegrams."

"Let me!" said Lawford, taking the papers from her and opening them at the centre pages.

The girl's heart beat fast as she looked at the *Standard* telegrams. There had been no fighting where Max Beauregard was, but some skirmishing elsewhere. The *Telegraph* and the *Globe* told the same tale, and she drew a silent breath of relief. She could put aside fuller reading for the present, until she was alone; and feeling secure that *he*, at any rate, was safe, she gave her undivided attention to the opera; while Lawford, who did not care much for any music, thought a great deal more about the beautiful girl at his side than about the sorrows of Margherita.

Mrs. Langley and her niece were leaving Paris for Rome the next day; and as the party drove back to the Louvre, where Mrs. Langley was staying, Lawford turned to the lady and said:

"I hope I may have the pleasure of seeing you off to-morrow?"

"We shall be delighted!" replied Mrs. Langley.

Lawford glanced at Valerie, but Valerie was looking out of the window, and did not seem to hear question or answer. She heard both, however.

The carriage stopped, adieux were said, and Mr. Lawford and his sister departed, Valerie bidding a rather indifferent "good-night" to the former.

"Is Mr. Lawford going to Rome?" she asked, when she and her aunt were seated at supper.

"I don't know, my dear. But why do you ask in that tone—as if you didn't wish it?"

"I don't, much."

"Why not, Valerie? I thought you liked him." A pretty shrug.

"He is plain and prosaic," she said.

"Nonsense, child! Do you want everybody to be like a hero of romance?"

Valerie thought of Max Beauregard, and suddenly laughed out.

"Mr. Lawford is far enough from that," she said.

"Ah! well, go to bed now, and wake up wiser," said her aunt, lightly, and Valerie, nothing loath, obeyed; not because she was tired, but because she wanted to read her precious newspaper.

"Give me a dressing-gown, Fanchon," she said, when the maid had removed her evening-dress, "and then you need not wait. I am not going to bed just yet."

Fanchon brought a dainty pink dressing-gown bedecked with lace; and thus attired, and with her pretty feet in embroidered slippers, Valerie seated herself on the lounge by the open stove and began to read the papers.

Suddenly she clasped her hands together with almost a cry of joy, while the blood rushed over cheek and brow.

Captain Max Beauregard had been appointed to the colonelcy of the —th, vacant by the death of Colonel ——, passing over the intermediate stage on account of his distinguished services.

Ah, how glad Valerie was! How her heart swelled within her! She read over and over through proud tears the words that seemed printed in gold! Then she laid the paper down, and sat gazing into the fire, slowly locking and unlocking her hands; then she turned to the other papers (she had been looking at the *Standard*), and found the news repeated in the *Globe*. Yes, there was no doubt about its truth. Why should there be? It was only Max Beauregard's due. How happy he would be to have won this distinction! How happy would be all those who loved him!

Presently the girl rose and went to her desk, and, opening it, unlocked an inner drawer, and drew out something wrapped carefully in tissue paper. As she did so, her fingers trembling, her cheek flushed, her bosom heaving, her eye fell on her own name and present address on a foreign envelope lying in her desk. She paused abruptly; her whole face changing—blanching—a sudden horror in her eyes. That letter—received only yesterday from Louis—was like a silent witness, starting up before her to accuse her. She had fought down her conscience, and in a flash she was brought face to face with it. Words in that letter—words of faith and endearment—rushed confusedly across her. They had not made her heart beat as it beat just now; they had not filled her with gladness, as those printed words in a newspaper had done. What was it thrilled through every nerve only to see or to hear Max Beauregard's name that no word traced by Louis' hand, nay, his very presence, could produce! She looked from the letter to the treasure she had come for; not Louis' picture, but *his*—Max Beauregard's; she removed the covering and caught her breath, as the eyes of the portrait seemed to meet hers. Then, still keeping the photograph in her hand, she shut the desk quickly, and almost staggered back to the lounge, and sank down, covering her face in agony.

She might have known it; she might have known it sooner! She had never loved Louis. How pale and cold seemed her tranquil affection for him—the same that day he had asked her to be his wife as it had been all her childhood—to this passionate absorption in another's identity; this ecstacy, those long, sweet reveries, this cherishing of all connected with him. Her hand stole to the flowers on her breast!

Louis' flowers were dead and forgotten; she shrank from his clasp and kiss. If another hand should clasp hers, other lips seek hers—she shrank and cowered in maiden shame. She loved Max Beauregard! ay, she loved him with all her strength and he, maybe, scarce gave her now a thought! Oh! the shame, the burning shame of it! And Louis! she was plighted, pledged to him; he loved her and trusted her!

"I cannot marry him!" she whispered, pressing her hands on her burning temples. "I cannot, I *cannot*—it would kill me; it would be sin—treason! I never loved him! I was mad to promise him! but how should I know? I know what love is now—too late—too late! Oh, Heavens! he might have loved me if I had been free!"

She fell on her face, weeping convulsively. Poor throbbing, bleeding heart!—struggling alone in its mercy—what yet greater suffering had been spared her, if she had known one wise and loving friend to go to with her burden.

But there was none to counsel her, none to help her. Young, inexperienced, she must fight the battle unaided; she must learn the terrible woman-lesson of wearing a smiling lip with a breaking heart; but to snap the bands that bound her, how could she do it? How could she so wrong Louis? And yet it would be a greater wrong to become his wife when she did not love him—still more when her every thought was another man's.

CHAPTER XVII.—AT THE WELLESLEY.

"'Miss Valerie Maude Herbert, by her aunt, Mrs. Langley,'" read out the Hon. Dudley Fenton, from the *Morning Post*, one morning in May.

He sat in a window of the very aristocratic Wellesley Club, much patronized by officers in crack regiments, but where officers in the "Trades Union," or any other condemned regiment, would inevitably fail to obtain admission.

A good number of men were lounging about the morning-room, several near the window. A young guardsman exclaimed:

"Didn't she make a sensation—that's all! They say she'll marry a duke."

"They always do say that of a new beauty," remarked Mr. Fenton, in a tone that would have done credit to Chesterfield. "Is the duke named?"

"Oh! come, you know she *might* if she chose."

"Maybe; but she's not sure of having the old lady's tin, and dukes look after the main chance in these days like the rest of us."

"Likely as not, too," added another man, "she'll play fast and loose with all suitors till they get tired, and she'll have to marry whoever she can get."

"Aston Lawford, for instance, worth a pot of money—but iron," said Dudley Fenton. "He was with them in Venice, you know, and I believe he is spoons on *la belle Valerie*."

"Aston Lawford is a good match for any girl," said a marquis' eldest son, Lord Westbrook; "he belongs to the Nottingham Lawfords, a good old family."

"Ah, indeed, so I have heard I remember. Pity he took to iron!"

"Wish I had," laughed his lordship; and the Hon. Dudley twisted his moustache superciliously, but secretly wished he had.

"Of course," observed an older man, standing near, "Mrs. Langley means to marry the child off this season. 'Hands without hearts,' or, at any rate, hearts don't count."

"No," said Lord Westbrook, laughing, "they have their innings afterward, eh?"

"Ay, that's it," returned the other, gravely; but I dare say the girl's willing enough to sell her beauty for horses, carriages, diamonds, position, and pin-money. They're brought up to it. 'Thus runs the world away.'"

"You've seen Miss Herbert?" asked a second guardsman.

"Last winter—before they went abroad. The loveliest creature I ever beheld and as fresh and innocent as a daisy. No doubt *that* is all gone by this time. The panther must have found out that she has claws. You young fellows had best take care!"

He turned toward the door, while the young men laughed. They were all willing to take the risk. Just then a tall, rather handsome man, with brown hair and a thick brown beard and moustache, came in, and someone said:

"There's Beauregard."

"Beauregard!" exclaimed one of the men. "Any news of his brother, I wonder?"

"Couldn't very well be," said Lord Westbrook, who was in the Coldstreams; "why, Beau sailed with the troops on the —th of April. They ought to be home within ten days or a fortnight."

"Of course; I forgot. How do, Mr. Beauregard?"

"So your brother's coming home at last, crowned by fresh bays and laurels!" said Lord Westbrook, with a mock theatrical air. "What chance have we stay-at-homes among the ladies against these fire-eaters, fresh from 'deeds of derringdo,' and in some cases, notably in Beau's, good-looking into the bargain?"

Gerald Beauregard laughed.

"It doesn't concern me, you see," he said: "for I'm out of it."

"Well-behaved man! Doesn't even *la belle* Herbert tempt you to flirt."

"She would tempt an anchorite; but I should certainly get into Lawford's black books."

"Nonsense! Is it really likely to be a match? I should think it would be nothing under a coronet the first season."

"But there isn't a coronet in the market," said Mr. Beauregard; "and Lawford is one of the best *partis* of the season—certainly the richest."

"And favored by Mrs. Langley?"

"Most certainly. I am not at all sure that Mlle. Valerie would play the obedient niece to order. She is a vast deal more than a mere beauty. She has character but ten to one she'll marry for money and independence. Mayfair is not a good school for developing what are called 'the higher qualities.'"

So they chatted on, passing from Valerie Herbert to the Academy, the Derby, the new play, the turn-out of the Four-in-hand, and other topics of the hour.

And far away at sea one was dreaming—now in hope, now in dread, always in doubt.

"Has the world spoiled her! has she forgotten me, or only remembers me as one she dare not love? That other love was but a fancy—at best, a girl's, a child's love for a brother. But has it strengthened, changed? Has she learned what passion is—and not for me? The thought drives me mad! Oh, Valerie, Valerie, you cannot be lost to me! Such love as mine cannot be all in vain!"

CHAPTER XVIII.—WEARING THE MASK.

"And pray, Amy, why shouldn't I go to the meet on Aston Lawford's coach?"

So spoke Miss Valerie Herbert, leaning back in a low chair in her own boudoir, her hands clasped behind her head, showing every curve of the beautiful white arms as the loose sleeves fell back from the elbows, her great slate-gray eyes fixed in quizzical archness on the pretty face of Amy Linwood, who sat opposite at the little inlaid tea-table.

That intimacy, so easily formed between young people near each other in age and sympathetic in temperament, had sprung up between Amy—a girl of one or two and twenty—and Valerie, although the confidence was all on one side.

Valerie had the un-girl-like quality of intense reserve. With all her outward vivacity, she kept her inner life to herself. Amy knew nothing of the secret springs of her friend's character. She told her own troubles to a sympathizing listener, but received no confidences in return. She knew only of Valerie's engagement to Louis Charteris because she had asked the question, and Valerie, of course, admitted the fact; but though Amy, woman-like, would have welcomed a little "gush" about Louis—how they came to love each other, etc.,—she got none upon this or any other subject. Valerie would have died sooner than betray to any human being the faintest hint that Max Beauregard was more to her than a man she had met, and danced with, and liked, as she might have liked many others.

"What! going on the box-seat of Lawford's drag!" Amy had exclaimed, when informed of the fact; and Valerie's reply to the question somewhat staggered her friend.

The brown eyes met the gray ones with puzzled stare—the latter never flinching; then Amy laughed.

"Oh, well," she said, "I suppose it's all right! Only you know what people will say! At the ball last night he was like your shadow."

Valerie laughed out merrily; but there was a tone in the laugh Max Beauregard would scarcely have liked to hear—a touch of recklessness, a veiled sneer, to which the Valerie, of the Limes, was a total stranger.

"If I cast such a shadow as *that*," she said, "I must be under a spell of enchantment? Oh, yes," relapsing into a yawn, "what a bore he was!"

"Don't talk like that, Valerie. I do believe the man is fond of you."

"Don't abuse him behind his back because I am civil to his face!" returned Valerie. "Now, if I had said that you might have detected remains of Arcadian simplicity; but you ought to know better. Isn't it the correct thing to pull all your friends to pieces when they're not by? To flirt with men, and laugh at them in your sleeve all the time? Give me another cup of tea, Amy, and don't play Phyllis."

"You can't mean what you say," said Amy, distressed, nevertheless, to hear her young friend talk in such a strain. "You could not lead a man on, to throw him over in the end. Besides, you are still engaged to Mr. Charteris, are you not?"

A swift color crossed Valerie's cheek; the hand with which she took the cup from her friend trembled.

"Yes," she said, carelessly. "What then?"

"Only he mightn't like your giving so much countenance to the rumors going about concerning you and Mr. Lawford."

"By going on the box-seat? But Louis isn't in town. I haven't seen him since before I went abroad. He is with his father, who is ill."

"He is sure to hear of it, Valerie, and might be in town before the meet; it isn't until Wednesday week."

Again the quick color in Valerie's cheek, but this time it was no thought of Louis that called it up, but another thought.

"*He* will be in London by then. *He* may be there!"

She said, slowly, after a pause:

"I don't want to deceive Louis, Amy. I was jesting just now. I would tell him myself I was on Lawford's drag, or anything else I did. I can't let Louis or any one else hamper me or dictate to me."

Amy looked steadily into the beautiful face, but Valerie shunned the gaze. She was acting, if not actually speaking, falsehood; belying her noble nature to hide her secret; willfully misleading her friend into believing her ambitious and mercenary, that she might not imagine love for another man had cast out Louis from his place in the heart of his betrothed—a place which, in truth, he had never occupied.

"I shouldn't have thought," said Amy, drily—she was straightforward and plain-spoken, and Valerie never resented this—"that it was a matter of 'hampering' and 'dictating.'"

"I see. His slightest wish ought to be law, eh?" said Beauty, laughing.

"Wouldn't you feel like that for any man you loved, Valerie?"

"I might,"—dubiously—as if she could only conjecture, while her heart rose up with a wild throb of passionate pain. Would not a look of Max Beauregard's be a law for her?

"You might!" echoed Amy—"you *might!* Oh, Valerie!"

"Oh, Amy," cried the other, puttting her pretty fingers in her ears in mock dismay, "pray, pray don't be moral, and high principled, and love-in-a-cottage—and all that sort of thing. I haven't heard such talk since I left the country—except from you. Your tea is getting cold, and so is mine."

"Your heart is getting cold!" cried Amy, warmly; "the world is spoiling you—no wonder! you are so beautiful, and so fussed about and run after. But you've got a heart, and a strong one, and you'll find it out some day; perhaps when it's too late."

"When I marry a man for his money, and fall in love with his most intimate friend. That's the rule," said Valerie flippantly.

"You are determined not to be serious!" exclaimed Amy. "But you'll repent it if you marry Aston Lawford."

"Oh, my prophetic soul!" sighed Valerie, leaning back in her old attitude again. "Do you know," she went on, "that in Paris they used to call us 'Beauty and the Beast?'"

Amy could not help laughing at this, though she was pained to find how much a few months of luxurious worldly life had changed Valerie for the worse.

"The name was apt enough," she said. "You can't like him, Valerie!"

"Like him! I told you he bored me."

"Then you oughtn't to dream of marrying him," said Amy, bluntly.

"I don't know that I have dreamt of it. Why, I have hardly flapped my wings yet. I am only eighteen. Fancy tying myself up in such a hurry!"

"You want to break a dozen hearts before you fix on one, I suppose?" remarked Amy, half lightly, half seriously.

"Aunt Constance doesn't think hearts necessary in marriage," said Valerie gravely. "She puts her faith in settlements and pin-money."

"And do you agree with her?"

"I haven't quite made up my mind. It is very nice to have everything one wants, isn't it?"

"Yes, *everything*," said Amy; "but you don't get that if you are tied to a man you don't care for. Perhaps you never did love Mr. Charteris as much as you fancied, or you wouldn't talk as you do. But I am quite certain you are not a girl to be happy with a husband you couldn't love."

"Why are you certain?" asked Valerie, with a curious flash in her dark eyes.

"Oh, from many things; and mamma—you know she is very keen in matters of character—said that for you to play tricks with your heart would be like a child playing with fire."

Valerie grew white, and set her teeth.

"I half know that myself," she said—did she not wholly know it?—"but you know, Amy, aunt Constance had me up to 'marry me off!'"

"I know she did. But wouldn't you sooner go home again than marry merely for money?"

"Go back to that dull, quiet life!" said Valerie, with a shudder. "No, no, not now. I couldn't endure it! Don't you remember Hans Anderson's story of the mermaid, who was given legs and feet that she might live among mortals, only, as a punishment, every step she took was like treading on the edges of swords? Still, she bore the agony rather than return to her old life in the caves under the sea."

Again Amy looked steadily at her friend. This golden-haired girl of eighteen was an enigma.

"But, Valerie," she said, "if I remember rightly, it was not the love of the world that made the mermaid accept 'the pleasure with the pain,' but the love of a mortal; she is in love with some prince."

Valerie did not color now; she felt as if all the blood in her body rushed to her heart. For full a minute she could not move or speak; but she had thrown her head so far back that Amy could only see her features imperfectly, and attributed her silence to perplexity at the failure of her simile.

"Was that it?" the girl said, at length, when she could trust her voice. "But of course I only used the comparison. I might do as much for the world as the mermaid did for love."

"If you do, Valerie, you will find that the pleasure is not worth the pain,"

"'*Oh, c'est l'amour, l'amour, l'amour,*
Qui fait tourner le monde,'"

chanted Valerie, under her breath; but she did it mockingly, and suddenly started forward, as someone knocked at the door.

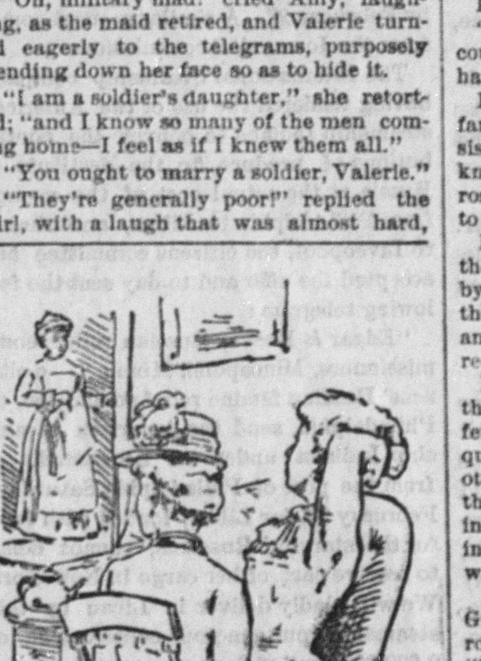
"Come in!" she said, quickly, and Fanchon entered with the evening papers.

"Oh, military mad!" cried Amy, laughing, as the maid retired, and Valerie turned eagerly to the telegrams, purposely bending down her face so as to hide it.

"I am a soldier's daughter," she retorted; "and I know so many of the men coming home—I feel as if I knew them all."

"You ought to marry a soldier, Valerie."

"They're generally poor!" replied the girl, with a laugh that was almost hard, and might, to a listener of longer experience of human nature, have sounded suspicious; but Amy was only pained, not enlightened.



Fanchon entered with the evening papers.

"Here she is," added Valerie, almost directly. How fast and thick her heart was beating; and yet, with scarcely an effort, she could speak without betraying too much interest in the news she read. "'The ——, with the—th regiment under Colonel Beauregard, touched at Gibraltar to-day,'—that is yesterday—'at 8 p. m., and sailed for Plymouth at 10 o'clock.' So they will be home in a few days! There's a battalion of the —th on board, too," Valerie went on, quickly, "though they don't say so here; and Major Travers and Mr. Dallas with it—such nice fellows they both are, especially Dallas. I wish Mrs. Fanshawe was coming, too; but the General remains out there with the army of occupation."

"Won't it be jolly—all these heroes coming over! *Won't* we make much of them!" exclaimed Amy. "Of course you liked Colonel Beauregard best, didn't you, Valerie?"

"Everybody liked him best," replied the other, still looking over the paper, but no longer taking in the sense of what she read.

"I am wild to see him," pursued Amy; "are you not, Valerie?"

"Of course I want to see him; he was very kind to me at Donnington," said Valerie, feeling as if treading on swords-blades would be paradise compared with the tortures she was enduring now.

Relief came unexpectedly in the person of Mrs. Langley, who, with a preliminary tap, opened the door, and said:

"Girls, have you forgotten the time? Valerie, you are not dressed for dinner."

"Oh," cried Valerie, starting to her feet, "this dress will do! Amy will stay to dinner, and she isn't dressed for it. Come, Amy, you must stay, and you can go with us to the theatre afterward. I'll lend you an opera cloak. Come!"

And she dragged Amy, laughing and willing, to her dressing-room.

At the theatre Aston Lawford came into the Langley box, and Valerie would hardly speak to him. Mrs. Langley said afterward:

"Valerie, take care; a man of Lawford's age and character won't stand too much caprice."

And Valerie shrugged her shoulders, and when she was alone, took out Max Beauregard's picture, and (for the first time), flushing and trembling, pressed it to her heart, and kissed it passionately.

"You will misjudge me, too!" she whispered, brokenly, kneeling down, and gazing on the portrait still held in her hands with worship in her dark eyes, dim with burning tears. "You will think me cold and heartless, and caring for nothing but wealth. And I would give up the whole world, if it were at my feet, for you; if you were a beggar I would be your slave. But you will never, never know it!"

CHAPTER XIX.—HOME AGAIN.

"There they are—there's Max!" cried Lady Elinor Beauregard to her husband, as the Plymouth train clanked slowly into Paddington station, and the people who had collected on the platform—some waiting for friends, others attracted by having heard that some of the Egyptian officers were coming by this train—pressed eagerly forward. Several officers were among the crowd, ready to welcome their comrades, and there was a sudden waving of hands and loud "hurrah!" as bronzed faces looked smiling from the carriage windows.

Another minute, and scarlet and blue, and black, were mingled together, and everybody seemed shaking hands with everybody else, and there were stifled sobs from women, and men's voices were suspiciously husky; while men and boys who had nobody to shake hands with, played chorus, and cheered lustily.

As for Colonel Beauregard, his brother-officers seemed inclined to wring his hand off; and it was sometime after the other officers had departed with their friends that he was permitted to go with his brother and sister-in-law to the brougham in waiting close by.

But at length all three were seated in the carriage, and then Gerald bent forward and grasped his brother's hand again.

"By Jove! old fellow," he said, with the true Englishman's instinct to hide deep emotion by speaking lightly, "Egypt seems to agree with you! You don't even look much more bronzed, and you seem as well as possible."

"And as handsome as ever," added Lady Elinor, smiling, who was as fond of her brother-in-law as a cold, selfish nature can be of anyone.

"How women flatter!" said Max, laughing. "Give me a kiss, Nellie. I'm sure I can return your compliment. Yes, Gerald, I never had an hour's illness, and never a wound worth the name!"

"The heat would kill me," said Gerald; "but you can stand any amount of it. You've come home at the right time, Max, for all the fun of the season."

Beauregard smiled.

"Ay; it hardly seems like nine months ago since I was here last, and yet everything looks strange. I shall have scores of questions to ask presently. Is Angela with you, by the way?"

He did not care whether she was or not, but he would not have them speak of Valerie here and now, though he longed with unspeakable longing to hear of her.

Lady Elinor answered:

"No; I wish she could have come, but she could not leave papa. We must try and have her up."

Beauregard smiled to himself. He was far too keen-witted not to see through his sister-in-law's stratagems. If she only knew that, were women as scarce as blue roses, he would never have lost his heart to Lady Angela Musgrave!

He should like to see her, he said; and then asked after two or three others; and by the time his questions were answered the carriage stopped in Whitehall Gardens, and all the servants were in the hall to receive "the Colonel."

He shook hands cordially with all, from the housekeeper to the kitchen-maid; a few were strangers, and, with a soldier's quickness, he picked out these from the other faces; but he greeted all warmly, and thanked them for their welcome, which, indeed, touched him deeply, for the genuine delight with which he was received was not to be mistaken.

"You should have seen the fuss Mrs. Gray (the housekeeper) made over your rooms, Max," said Lady Elinor, laughing. "She hardly liked me to say a word, and she dusted them with her own hands half a dozen times."

"Ah, you soldiers!" cried Gerald; "you have a lucky time of it with the women! They all run after you—young and old, they're all alike!"

"Well then, Gerald, begin the goose-step—it's never too late to mend!" returned Max, and he went laughing into his dressing-room.

During dinner conversation was about the war, friends in Egypt and friends at home; but Colonel Beauregard still took care that Valerie Herbert was not spoken of.

When, however, the dessert was placed on the table and the servants had withdrawn, there was a brief lull in the flow of talk. Max broke it, plunging at once *in medias res*.

"And so," he said, turning to Lady Elinor, with a half smile, "my lovely partner of the Donnington ball is the *belle* of the London season. How does she stand the test?"

"You ask the question," replied Elinor, "almost in Master Walter's words; and I might reply in Heartwell's, 'as snow stands fire.' What can be expected when a girl is transplanted from a secluded country life to such a blaze of adulation as Valerie enjoys?"

"I hope you are too severe, Nellie," said Colonel Beauregard, gently. He was far from accepting his sister-in-law's verdict on another woman; but his heart sank with a horrible dread.

"I don't want to be severe, Max; but what young creature could lead such a life as Valerie's and not be spoiled by it? The fuss that is made over her, the way the men rave about her, and the girls envy her, and copy her gowns—and she is dazzlingly beautiful and most charming; but she knows her power and uses it."

"What! Valerie Herbert turned coquette!" said Max, incredulously. Every word Elinor uttered had pierced his heart like a knife; but he gave no outward sign.

Even Gerald joined his wife's laugh.

"Don't you add one more to the throng of her worshipers, my dear boy," he said, "for she treats hearts like playthings."

"Nonsense!" returned Max, pulling his silky mustache, "the child cannot be a finished flirt. She is only like a kitten at play."

"It is dangerous play, Max," said Lady Elinor, "and she is an apt pupil in Mrs. Langley's school. She seems to thoroughly understand that she is to make 'a good match,' and is quite willing to sell her beauty in exchange for wealth, if one is to judge by the encouragement she gives Aston Lawford; and all the time she considers herself engaged to Mr. Charteris, who is only a clerk in the Foreign Office."

For a moment Colonel Beauregard was silent; for a moment the strong self-command which habit had made second nature almost failed him; the deeper paleness that spread over features always pale was a sign too slight to be noticed; but he felt that if in that moment he had spoken, his voice might have betrayed too much; in the next he was master of himself again, and said, quietly:

"Who told you, Nellie, of her engagement to young Charteris?"

"Mrs. Langley. Of course *she* does not recognize it—treats the whole thing as a boy and girl affair; but she is wise enough not to forbid the two meeting sometimes. Time and altered circumstances would do their work with Valerie, she argued; and it looks as if the girl was growing tired of love for love's sake. Lawford is her bond-slave, and though she flirts all round, she certainly gives him encouragement. She is going on the box-seat of his drag to the meet of the Four-in-hand!"

Gerald interposed here, sparing Colonel Beauregard the necessity of reply.

"In a worldly point of view the match would be a splendid one; but I call it cruel to throw away such a perfect creature as Valerie Herbert on Aston Lawford. He is more than twenty years her senior, and a matter-of-fact, prosaic fellow into the bargain."

"*But*," said Lady Elinor, shrugging her shoulders, "he has, Heaven knows how many thousands a year! And you know, Gerald, Valerie will have nothing. Mrs. Langley has only a life interest in the property. When she dies everything goes to her husband's nephew."

Was all this true? Max Beauregard was asking himself in agony, while he seemed to give a half-careless attention to what he heard. Was Valerie—*his* Valerie—the pure-hearted child he had left—so changed, so corrupted? Oh, it could not be! He must see her soon—he could not long endure this torture—and learn the truth—learn if he would be welcomed back with the old sweet gladness, or made to see that the *belle* of the London season was far wiser than country-bred Valerie had been, and could clearly distinguish between an elder and a younger son.

Lady Elinor rose as she spoke the last words, and Max rose to open the door for her. Turning back to the table, he said to his brother:

"I must call on Mrs. Langley in a day or two. To-morrow I shall be at the War Office a good deal."

"My dear boy, Lady Stonend gives a ball to-morrow, and Mrs. Langley and Valerie will be there. Nellie and I are going. Come with us!"

To meet Valerie in a crowded ball-room! Well, perhaps better so; he would be more sure of himself than if he saw her alone; or with only one or two people by.

"Thanks," he said, after a pause, "I'll go with you."

"You'll be the lion of the evening," said Gerald. "Shall we join Nellie now? All the wine you drink in a year, Max, would not serve even a moderate man for a month."

Beauregard smiled, and rose, and the brothers went to the drawing-room.

CHAPTER XX.—THE TURN OF THE TIDE.

"I am at the office again to-day. When can I see you, Valerie? You have written to me so seldom and so coldly, and some of the fellows here tell me your aunt wants you to marry Aston Lawford. I can't believe you would treat me like that! Tell me when I may call."

So wrote Louis Charteris; and Valerie Herbert, on the morning of Lady Stonend's ball, paced her boudoir distractedly, with the letter in her hands. How was she to meet Louis? How tell him the cruel truth—that she could never be his wife? Had she not dallied too long already? Had not he justly accused her of writing seldom and coldly? And now, when they had been parted so long, she must meet him only to crush his hopes—to tell him they must never meet again until it could be as dearest friends, but no more. She might have written; but it never occurred to Valerie to seek the coward's refuge of a letter. Face to face, she must tell her lover the truth; and yet not all the truth. No, better ten thousand times that he should believe the worst of her than be able to say, "It is Max Beauregard who stands between us!"

"He will reproach me bitterly—bitterly!" the girl said to herself, "and he will be just, thinking as he must needs think. Louis, my old playmate, my brother——"

She broke down in passionate weeping, but, quickly checking herself, tried to collect her thoughts.

"I cannot see him to-day," she said, "nor to-morrow, and Wednesday is the meet." she shuddered, and put her hands before her eyes. "It must be Thursday."

She sat down and wrote:

"DEAR LOUIS:

"Please forgive a hurried note. I have not a moment before Thursday. I am not my own mistress. Will you call on Thursday after five, and I can see you?

"Yours ever, VALERIE."

"Auntie will be out," the girl said, as she sealed the letter, "and I will tell her I must see Louis. She will call me sensible to give up a lover who has no money or position. I am young," she added, drearily, "to begin living a lie!"

And Max Beauregard was at home now. Lady Elinor had told them he was expected last night, and the morning papers told them of his arrival in London.

"What can he think of me?" thought the poor child. "Maybe he will not trouble himself much about me. Why should he?"

The luncheon-bell rang, and she went down-stairs. Aunt and niece were not often without other company at luncheon; but they were to-day. Mrs. Langley looked up from a note as the girl entered the dining-room.

"Valerie," she said, "I have just had this from Lady Elinor. Colonel Beauregard is coming with them to-night to Lady Stonend's."

The blood rushed to the girl's face; but she was prepared to hear of Max Beauregard at any minute—that he was going to call, or she would meet him at this house or that; so that, though her heart stood still and she held her breath, she was not startled out of all self-control; she had not, too, lived in vain in the *beau monde*, so that she was able to answer, smiling:

"Oh, I am so glad! Does Lady Elinor say any more about him?"

"No, my dear; you can read the note?" said Mrs. Langley, holding it out.

"Thanks," said the girl, taking it, and turning away to read it; but she did not see a word. She was exerting all the strength of her strong will to gain perfect self-mastery. All the latent force of her character had been ripened and developed by the experience of the last few months; more even, perhaps, than by contact with the world, by suffering, the paramount necessity of hiding her real self—the being cast, in great and terrible perplexity, entirely on her own resources.

When she took her place at the table, Mrs. Langley, glancing at her keenly and covertly, said, within herself:

"No, she has no fancy for Max Beauregard. Besides, I should have found it out before; and he, I hope, will be too wise to let his heart run away with his head. Otherwise he might persuade a romantic, hero-worshiping girl like Valerie to forget that he is a younger son. What a pity he is not the elder! He is certainly very fascinating!"

Poor Mrs. Langley! If she could only have known what was running in the golden head opposite to her? But she was in blissful ignorance. Eighteen-year-old Valerie kept her secret well.

A triumph of artistic taste was the dress of cream satin and silver plush which Valerie wore for the ball that night; but the girl, as she stood before the long mirror in her dressing-room, was only thinking, "I am glad I had it made all white and silver. He will like that best." And yet she was resolved to make the man whose opinion even of her dress was of value to her, believe her false, fickle and worldly.

She wore pearls and diamonds round her neck to-night, and diamonds in her eyes: but when her aunt, as she entered the drawing-room, said:

The Republican.. SUPPLEMENT.

BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11. 1892.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

OF

CENTRE COUNTY

FOR 1891.

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.

JAMES J. GRAMLEY, TREASURER, IN ACCOUNT WITH CENTRE COUNTY.

DR

To cash from Co. Com'rs	30146 84	
" U. S. Land taxes	1195 75	
" " " redemption	352 51	
" Licenses	461 25	
" collectors of 1891 County tax	18577 51	
" collectors of 1891 State tax	5150 25	
" collectors of 1890 County tax	8263 30	
" collectors of 1890 State tax	998 25	—65145 66

CR.

By county orders paid aggregating the following accounts.

Accounts from former years	13265 43	
Commonwealth costs	1419 65	
Commonwealth of Penna	7207 04	
Court expenses	4761 76	
Court house expense	1596 49	
Election expenses	1794 43	
Miscellaneous expenses	1273 64	
Jail expenses	1493 49	
Printing account	594 89	
Constables pay	548 37	
Scalp account	781 65	
Inquest account	11 12	
Refunding account	66 19	
Commissions in lunacy	82 31	
Road and bridge views	296 50	
Bridge account	1805 50	
Jail park	27 55	
State tax expense	389 60	
Loan and interest account	11379 59	
Soldiers burial	315 00	
Homeless poor account	129 00	
Stenographers pay	668 95	
Assessors pay	2785 96	
County Supt's office	70 73	
Prof. D. O. Etters, institute	200 00	
Warren asylum	273 75	
Danville asylum	1215 25	
Jury commissioners	105 90	
Auditors pay	237 24	
Jas. Gramley, treasurer	2000 00	
Amos Mullen	240 00	
L. A. Schaffer, proth'y, on acc't	150 00	
W. A. Ishler, sheriff, on acc't	378 25	
R. F. Hunter, clerk	800 00	
D. F. Fortney, Com'rs Att'y on account	125 00	
Dr. Seibert, county physician	100 00	
Bartram Galbraith, janitor	300 00	
George L Goodhart	837 00	
T. F. Adams, on acc't	825 00	
Jas. B. Strohm, on acc't	785 00	—61337 53

ACCOUNT OF TAXES.

DISTRICTS.	COLLECTORS.	COUNTY TAX. Levied.	COUNTY TAX. Outstanding	STATE TAX. Levied.	STATE TAX. Outstanding
1891.					
Bellefonte Borough	S D Ray	$ 3181 93	1366 96	2671 12	467 17
Centre Hall "	W A Sandoe	323 60	60 48	189 65	15 66
Howard "	Jacob Deitz	333 42	122 10	197 52	12 39
Milesburg "	E H Carr	308 99	206 56	57 68	43 68
Millheim "	Frank Knarr	469 18	240 88	158 40	84 92
Philipsburg "	C A Faulkner	1925 63	1925 63	433 59	433 59
Unionville "	Harris Calhoun	225 58	99 33	88 83	44
Benner Township	Adam Kelley	1359 73	824 94	90 00	11 97
Boggs "	Wm Shawley	933 31	202 91	93 97	
Burnside "	Wm Zimmerman	177 49	52 97	130 31	5 44
College "	George Roan	1791 67	923 47	146 85	13 13
Curtin "	(Vacant)	175 69	175 69	12 24	12 24
Ferguson "	G W McWilliams	1976 34	868 71	178 40	69 92
Gregg "	J C Rossman	2174 57	622 08	280 37	48 53
Haines "	Chas Wolf	1736 22	387 15	476 23	28 96
Half Moon "	Simon Sellers	892 25	218 57	55 45	4 02
Harris "	D T Wieland	1172 82	500 47	188 06	
Howard "	N G Pletcher	540 65	286 87	35 99	1 67
Huston "	I F Davis	341 51	242 95	65 50	24 65
Liberty "	N H Johnston	694 56	222 44	69 62	18 59
Marion "	J W Yearick	1020 22	412 45	80 94	20 35
Miles "	C Stover	1722 96	116 62	525 51	105 51
Patton "	R H Reed	1023 61	469 40	77 76	19 64
Penn "	W F Smith	1093 24	270 68	148 75	148 75
Potter "	Jacob Smith	2370 24	635 09	165 74	165 74
Rush "	P R Gorman	794 37	562 35	66 41	5 68
Snow Shoe "	R J Haynes, Jr	656 07	330 52	69 92	15 67
Spring "	J B Miller	2530 86	1149 56	323 83	25 68
Taylor "	Vinton Beckwith	246 38	156 80	25 76	6 83
Union "	Jno H Stover	434 78	317 45	58 09	20 56
Walker "	Henry Deitrich	1565 19	357 13	130 01	7 41
Worth "	G J Woodring	283 07	245 09	32 27	5 14
		$34482 13	$14574 30	$7324 82	$1793 95

OUTSTANDING TAXES.

TAXES OUTSTANDING JANUARY 5, 1892, FROM FORMER YEARS.

DISTRICTS.	COLLECTORS.	COUNTY.	STATE.
1890.			
Bellefonte Borough,	S D Ray	$ 118 29	$ 95 74
*Howard "	N P Riddle	91	8 59
Milesburg "	Z T Harshberger	9 66	22 96
Boggs Township.	H L Barnhart	149 02	41 75
Curtin "	Wm Wentzell	3 33	
Marion "	David Harter	45 91	13 39
Patton "	L H Musser	6 53	14 99
Potter "	John H Runkle	107 96	21 75
Rush "	P R Gorman	106 36	4 35
Snow Shoe "	Robert J Haynes, Jr	20 95	
Spring "	J B Miller	90 59	5 45
		$659 51	$228 97
1889.			
Curtin Township	N. J. McCloskey	45 65	
Taylor "	Vinton Beckwith	3 01	
		$48 66	

Accounts marked (*) have been paid since Jan. 5th, 1892.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE COUNTY FOR 1891.

ASSETS.

Cash in hands of treasurer	$3808 13	
Outstanding taxes of 1891	16378 25	
" " 1890	888 48	
" " 1889	48 66	
Asylum bills due Co. from twps.	544 62	
Claims in hands of attorney for collection	1355 88	—23024 02

LIABILITIES.

Unpaid Com. costs	360 77	
Notes outstanding	10500 00	
Wm. A. Ishler, Sheriff	1018 57	
L. A. Schaffer, Prothonotary	108 41	
T. F. Adams	103 85	
J. B. Strohm	31 00	
D. F. Fortney	175 00	
John Noll, contract of wat. clos.	74 90	
Cyrus Goss, ex-treas., on county orders of 1890	7663 09	
Western Penitentiary, 1891 acc't, Bill rendered Jan. 15, 1892	358 56	
Huntingdon Reformatory, 1891 acc., estimated (bill not rendered)	307 00	
Sundry small bills	71 12	
Estimated commissions for 1891	800 00	
Estimated exonerations for 1891	500 00	—22072 36
Assets in excess of liabilities		951 66

FUNDS NEEDED.

ESTIMATE OF FUNDS NEEDED FOR 1892

For general expenditures	$ 35000 00	
For files and other improvements in Com'rs and Prothy's Vaults	4700 00	
For bridges and repairs	3000 00	
For improvements to public grounds	600 00	
For completion of drainage pipes	200 00	
For increased election expenses, (by new law)	1000 00	— $44500 00

ACCOUNTS IN DETAIL.

ACCOUNTS FROM FORMER YEARS PAID DURING 1891.

W U Hensel, Att. Gen. State Tax of 1889.		
Principal	1356 46	
Interest on above	35 39	
Commission of Att. Gen. for col	67 82	
H. K. Boyer, State Tax of 1890	7001 89	
R. Cook, ex-Sher. bal. on '90 acct.	1556 73	
C P Hewes, bal. legal services former years	690 00	
J F Harter, ex-Rec, reporting mortgages, etc., 1890	17 30	
L A Schaffer, reporting judg'ts '90	170 50	
" bal. on acc't of 1890—	187 00	
Huntingdon, Ref., keeping convicts 1890	807 28	
Western Penitentiary, keeping convicts 1890	379 28	
Bellefonte Gas Co. bal steam heat 1890	97 59	
Electric Light Co. light, etc. 1890	35 50	
P Gray Meek, bal. printing 1890	11 70	
Inquests on bodies Mrs. Wighaman, Mrs. Hopkins	41 37	
Inquest on body of Clara Price	41 96	
Assessors.		
Jno W Stuart, bal. assessor W. P. College Twp. 1890	10 00	
M Rider, bal. asssessor W. P. Ferguson Twp. 1890	6 00	
Wilson Way, bal. assessor Half Moon Twp. 1890	6 00	
J S Martin, bal. assessor Marion Twp. 1890	2 00	
W B Gingerich, balance assessor Worth Twp. 1890	8 00	
L A Schaffer, Proth'y, stationery on hands at passage of Act of Assembly, in 1890	298 80	
John Rupp, do do	83 00	
Com. costs due L A Schaffer, 1890	64 55	
Costs in Com. vs. Luther Kline	9 50	
" " J R DeHaas	48 63	
" " Jno Wilson	16 86	
" " Alfred Andrews	10 59	
" " Seely Hopkins	4 56	
" " H M Confer	10 68	
" other Com cases	46 10	
" Centre Co vs. Centre and Kishacoquillas T. P. Co.	384 65	
Sundry persons for care and medical attention of Seely Hopkins	145 30	
C W Hunter, 6 tomb stones for dec'd soldiers	90 00	
R. Cook, washing for pris. 1890	7 44	
Jas Thompson, janitor fees 1890	15 00	—13265 43

COMMONWEALTH ACCOUNT FOR 1891.

L A Schaeffer, Proth'y, Com. costs	168 30	
J C Meyer, Dist. Att'y	272 00	
S F Foster, J. P. costs in Com cases	38 00	
J M Green, " " "	5 70	
B Rich, " " "	3 95	
S J Herring, " " "	1 55	
H Reinhart, " " "	1 93	
S F Kline, " " "	5 02	
B J Laporte, " " "	1 90	
J H Reifsnyder, " " "	4 00	
J S Houseman, " " "	1 94	
C B Sanford, " " "	7 56	
D H Yeager, " " "	2 91	
J M Claar, " " "	4 95	
J B Linn, " " "	5 60	
J S Smith, " " "	10 00	
Jas M'Mullen, const " "	6 32	
Amos Mullen " " "	86 08	
Geo E Mensch, " " "	22 46	
E G Mingle, " " "	10 36	
H M Confer, " " "	2 83	
Wm Garis, " " "	12 85	
Wm Krape, " " "	3 40	
H H Montgomery " "	51 41	
Geo E Long, " " "	2 93	
P Smith, " " "	1 04	
S J M'Clintic, " " "	1 23	
Wm H Earon, " " "	1 78	
A B Meyers, " " "	6 26	
John Resides, " " "	6 81	
Wm N Neff, " " "	21 62	
H Simler, " " "	62	
R J Haynes, Jr " " "	4 41	
H M Johnston, " " "	2 42	
Wit. fees in Com vs Harry Charles.	1 25	
" " " Sam'l Cooper	9 12	
[illegible]	[illegible]	
" " " C. Crossmire	19 14	
" " " Jno Miller	1 74	
" " " Joshua Page	3 78	
" " " Gertie Quick	29 63	
" " " Jno Callinan	9 63	
" " " Herman Alter	4 32	
" " " Henry Keen	8 90	
" " " Frannell and Grimes	18 16	
" " " Fianna Colpetzer	6 12	
" " " B P Schwartz	177 78	
" " " Jas Ross	1 50	
" " " Fos. Fanning	14 30	
" " " Stewart Hampton	1 50	
" " " Fin Chin Pan	1 00	
" " " H. Showers	80	
" " " Chas. Miller	40 68	
" " " F J Karcher	59 86	
" " " Dan. Brent	9 00	
" " " Wm Raymond	9 03	
" " " Powell Garrick	5 64	
" " " J C. Nason	2 10	
" " " M. Gibbons	15 50	
" " " Frank Brown	22 94	
" " " Fortny Walker	25 83	
" " " A. Chambers	7 32	
" " " Jane Anderson	3 54	
" " " A. Blackhart	19 68	
" " " J J Mayes	23 52	
" " " Wm. Vernoski	13 20	
" " " Chas. Rock	13 98	
" " " J. A. Mayes	2 82	
" " " John Madill	5 84	
" " " H. McCauley	3 54	
" " " Wm. Hannon	3 00	
" " " Ella Heverly	17 20	— 1419 65

ELECTION EXPENSES.

		Feb.	Nov.
Bellefonte Borough,	N. W.	13 60	11 06
" "	S. W.	14 80	11 22
" "	W. W.	13 50	11 00
Centre Hall "		20 18	17 30
Howard "		17 99	15 60
Milesburg "		17 71	16 85
Millheim "		21 83	19 85
Philipsburg "	1st W	22 67	24 45
" "	2d W	21 67	24 45
" "	3d W	23 87	24 45
Unionville "		18 91	14 85
Benner Township		14 34	11 40
Burnside "		23 79	22 64
Boggs "	N. P.	16 55	14 69
" "	E. P.	14 07	14 45
" "	W. P.	17 41	12 10
Curtin "		19 75	16 85
College "	E. P.	18 35	15 08
" "	W. P.	17 79	18 65
Ferguson "	E. P.	23 71	20 69
" "	W. P.	16 35	18 85
Gregg "	N. P.	11 42	17 10
" "	S. P.	28 55	21 25
Haines "	E. P.	17 31	21 05
" "	W. P.	24 23	22 88
Harris "		22 03	19 25
Half Moon "		19 91	16 60
Howard "		18 71	15 50
Huston "		18 63	16 05
Liberty "		19 51	14 85
Marion "		18 75	15 25
Miles "		21 36	18 85
Patton "		21 59	18 65
Penn "		23 91	22 45
Potter "	N. P.	15 21	18 10
" "	S. P.	23 28	20 92
Rush "	N. P.	18 99	23 68
" "	S. P.	22 91	23 75
Snow Shoe "	E. P.	19 99	18 08
" "	W. P.	16 59	18 65
Spring "	N. P.	13 00	11 45
" "	S. P.	22 35	17 20
" "	W. P.	12 87	13 30
Taylor "		19 39	17 65
Union "		18 79	14 80
Walker "		18 35	15 25
Worth "		19 67	17 26
Spring, N. P., special election		11 75	
Milesburg boro, special election May		16 85	
Philipsburg boro, 1st W., special election		22 07	
Jas. A. Rankin, computing Nov. returns		10 00	
D. S. Keller, computing Nov. returns		5 00	
J. C Meyer, computing Nov. returns		10 00	
W. L. Fleming, Const's Con. Ret. Judge		1 50	—$1794 43

ASSESSORS PAY.

Bellefonte Borough—		
N. W. H H Harshberger	113 50	
S. W., Joseph Fox	75 49	
W. W., Wm Long	81 39	
Centre Hall Borough:		
D A Boozer	28 50	
Howard Boro:		
W E Confer	50 01	
Milesburg Boro:		
J J Morris	61 25	
Millheim Boro:		
C W Hartman	45 18	
Philipsburg Boro:		
1st W., A H Smith	63 36	
2d W., J C Williams	81 38	
3d W., M G Gray	75 34	
Unionville Boro:		
Benj Rich	45 65	
Benner Twp:		
H N Hoy	55 74	
Boggs Twp:		
E. P., Simeon Bathurst	41 26	
W. P., A C Iddings	53 97	
N. P., D B Malone	60 02	
Burnside Twp:		
M F Loy	32 26	
College Twp:		
John E Murray	88 84	
Curtin Twp:		
T S DeLong	61 27	
Ferguson Twp:		
E. P., Wm H Fry, on acct	40 60	
W. P., M Rider	40 40	
Gregg Twp:		
N. P., J P Grove	26 75	
S. P., J P Heckman	65 81	
Haines Twp:		
E. P., T E Smith	41 04	
W. P., C A Weaver	63 24	
Half Moon Twp:		
T Wilson Way	42 92	
Harris Twp:		
J P Weber	54 06	
Howard Twp:		
Jno Schenck	80 75	
Huston Twp:		
E R Williams	69 43	
Liberty Twp:		
Henry Thompson	81 34	
Marion Twp:		
J S Martin	55 64	
Miles Twp:		
J C Morris	92 12	
Patton Twp:		
G G Mattern	64 78	
Penn Twp:		
A W Ulrich	74 41	
Potter Twp:		
N. P., James A Keller	46 50	
S. P., W W Royer	67 24	
Rush Twp:		
N. P., Jas Dumbleton	86 14	
S. P., J M Claar	60 46	
Snow Shoe Twp:		
E. P., T P Lucas	72 09	
W. P., John A Yeager	55 05	
Spring Twp:		
S. P., M F Riddle	101 61	
W. P., J H Oliger	36 00	
N. P., John G Dubbs	24 00	
Taylor Twp:		
V Beckwith	45 71	
Union Twp:		
Owen Underwood	68 09	
Walker Twp:		
J H Carner	76 56	
Worth Twp:		
Wm B Gingherich	31 19	
South Philipsburg Boro:		
C Wilcox, Regs'tn Assessor	8 25	— 2785 96

COURT EXPENSES.

Grand Jurors, Jan. Session, 1891	116 04	
" April " "	183 44	
" Aug " "	194 32	
" Nov. " "	184 08	
Trav. Jurors, Jan. sess. 1st week	421 10	
" " 2d week	446 56	
" April 1st week	398 00	
" " 2d week	346 04	
" Aug 1st week	455 76	
" " 2d week	429 72	
" Nov. 1st week	381 06	
" " 2d week	442 48	
" Nov. special term	205 16	
Bartram Galbraith, court crier	138 00	
Sam'l F Foster, court messenger	140 00	
D S Dunham, tipstaff	86 00	
Simeon Haupt, "	92 00	
Martin Morrison, "	92 00	
G T Jones "	4 00	
Daniel Garman, meals for jurors	6 00	— 4761 76

COURT HOUSE EXPENSE.

Bellefonte Gas Co. steam heat	361 35	
Elec. Light Co. light, lamps and repairs	234 70	
Calvin Miller, sundry labor	3 00	
Fulton and Gallagher, removing yard fence	5 00	
Jas M'Cafferty, hauling rubbish	50	
S M Buck, repairs and changes to steam fittings	129 24	
H A M'Kee & Bro., md'se	35 81	
Phoenix Planing Mill Co. lumber	3 58	
W T Hillibish & Co., plumbing water closets	380 90	
W T Hillibish & Co. railing for rear steps	11 96	
John Noll, on acc't masonry, water closet	250 00	
J L Dunlap, repairing roof	[illegible]	
Joshua Foulk, pruning trees	10 00	
Lincoln Miller, cleaning closet	1 00	
B Galbraith, cleaning library (extra)	3 00	
Thos Miller, cleaning yard	50	
F E Naginey, furniture	40 75	
D M Butts, est. for drain pipes	4 00	
M I Gardner, insurance	10 00	— 1596 49

JAIL ACCOUNT.

Bellefonte Gas Co. steam heat	416 40	
Elec. Light Co. light, lamps and repairs	192 05	
Belle. Fuel and Supply Co. coal	93 00	
S H Williams, papering, etc	16 31	
H A M'Kee & Bro. md'se	25 47	
J A Harper & Co "	5 30	
T C Brown, "	2 82	
A C Mingle, "	1 25	
Joseph Bros. & Co, "	102 76	
Hoover & Miller, coal	22 50	
Phoenix Planing Mill Co. lumber	42 22	
S M Buck, plumbing and supplies	297 71	
W T Twitmire roofing watch tow'r	49 79	
J L M'Cafferty, cleaning cellar	4 00	
Cal Miller scrubbing and white-washing	10 00	
J Murray, mason work	6 00	
J A Whiteman, labor	1 50	
M. Sheilds, carpentering	16 45	
M W Cowdrick, repairs	5 30	
J M Lieb, plastering ceiling	5 70	
Jno M'Dermott, repairing range	4 14	
John Dunlap, carpentering	48 10	
Jas. Solt, washing for prisoners	31 92	
Wm A Ishler, washing and filling ticks	15 80	
M I Gardner, ag't, insurance	37 50	
W C Heinle, ag't, insurance	37 50	
Chas Smoyer, load wood	2 00	— 1493 49

MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNT.

Central Penn. Telephone Co. rent of instrum'ts & extra mess'gs	78 25	
M'Calmont & Co., lime & cement	3 30	
A G Morris, lime for cess pool	5 40	
G W Jackson & Co., plaster for cess pool	90	
H Y Stitzer, stationery supplies	15 64	
Rob't McFarlane & Co, md'se for repairs	9 59	
A. Garbrick, ice for season	19 15	
Sundry persons searching for identification of Jno Wilson	146 23	
Jno. Kline arbitrators fee, Centre Co. vs. Bellefonte O. P.	3 00	
Jas. Thompson, janitor and shoveling snow	4 00	
Wm Stover, removing gallows	5 00	
F E Naginey, repairing chairs	1 25	
H Savitz, " "	50	
J F Harter, bonds and oaths of Com'rs 1891	7 50	
R Larimer, team in arrest of Crossmire	2 50	
A Baum conveying prisoners	4 00	
Miller Bros, sundry labor	4 25	
Joshua Foulk, cleaning c. h. trees	6 30	
W. U. T. Co., sundry telegraphing	1 45	
Adams Ex. Co., charges on sundry packages	17 47	
E Sussman, pens and supplies	19 20	
Cyrus Goss, blanks left in Treas. office	5 00	
W G Morrison, supplies from ex-Rec. Harter	1 50	
J J Gramley supplies bought for Treas. office	3 25	
S D Ray, coll. water tax, public buildings, 1891	95 00	
J M'Cafferty, drayage & freight	10 09	
Curtis Johnson, drayage	55	
Hoover & Miller, drayage	6 00	
Thos Miller, janitor fee and extra labor	59 25	
Wm Garis, night watch on public buildings	34 00	
H H Montgomery, police services park and yard	30 00	
R Bartlett, drayage	25	
Sundry persons, expenses vacat. Boalsburg pike	58 30	
Logan Fire Co. appr. for steamer	20 00	
P. R. R. freight charges on case	3 63	
W G Johnston & Co. blank books and dockets	98 15	
W F Murphy's Sons blank books and dockets	19 50	
H J Hunt, pens	2 50	
F L Hutter, assm't books, election and re. blanks	268 90	
G T Bisel, sup. for public offices	81 15	
Keystone Lith. Co., convict regstr	7 40	
J C Blair, stat'nery for c'rt room	6 25	
Henry Hall, 1000 sheets and papr	10 00	
Commercial Stamp Co, seal for Rec. office	10 00	
Wm Mann Co. supplies for public offices	52 00	
R F Hunter, state appr. for tax report	45 00	
J A Fiedler, p. m postage	37 99	
State Com'rs com. for incidental expenses	5 00	— 1273 64

STATE TAX EXPENSE.

L. A. Schaeffer reporting judg't satisfactions	158 90	
W. G. Morrison, Rec., reporting mortgages, etc	30 70	
R. F. Hunter, keeping record of judg'ts and mortgages	200 00	— 389 60

BRIDGE ACCOUNT.

Karthaus bridge—		
Clearfield Co. Com'rs ½ cost pier cribbing	257 00	
Marsh Creek bridge—		
J. D. Shaw, sup. repairs	2 35	
Milesburg bridge—		
J Murray, repairing sup. structure	12 00	
A. M. Butler, repairing super structure	2 00	
George Derr, repairing super structure	2 00	
E. H. Carr, repairing super structure	2 00	
Point Lookout and Philipsburg bridges—		
Clearfield Co. Com'rs ½ cost superstructures and extras	1328 15	
Supervisors Rush Twp., appropriation for abutments of Point Lookout bridge	200 00	— 1805 50

ROAD AND BRIDGE VIEWS.

Road views, College Twp	5 00	
" Penn "	8 00	
" Walker "	19 30	
" Spring "	12 20	
" Potter "	32 90	
" Liberty "	33 30	
" Marion "	31 80	
" Curtin "	13 40	
" Taylor and Rush	14 40	
" Haines and Penn	28 20	
" Gregg "	15 20	
" Gregg and Potter	15 90	
" Benner and Spring	25 20	
Bridge views, College Twp	19 30	
" Potter "	9 00	
" Rush "	13 40	— 296 50

PRINTING ACCOUNT.

Amounts paid for job work and advertising		
H C Williams, Philipsburg Ledger	12 00	
J A Fiedler, Gazette, distributing statements	51 50	
C L Gates, Republican, distributing statements	21 80	
R A Bumiller, Millheim Journal	52 64	
W. T. Bair, Ph'psburg Journal	8 50	
R A Kinsloe, Wage-Earners Journal	10 00	
Fred Kurtz, Reporter	20 00	
Chas R Kurtz, Democrat	139 95	
P Gray Meek, Watchman, includes statement	278 50	— 594 89

SOLDIERS BURIAL ACCOUNT.

Amount paid for funeral expenses of		
David Watson	35 00	
John G. Curtin	35 00	
Jacob O'Donnell	35 00	
George Walker	35 00	
John R. Tate	35 00	
John Stimer	35 00	
Peter McMahon	35 00	
Joseph Jermain	35 00	
Israel Potts	35 00	— 315 00

JAIL PARK.

Wallace Keeler, planting trees	1 00	
Wm. Fisher, trees and expressage	1 80	
Calvin Miller, mowing, etc	14 50	
Frank Miller, labor	75	
Thomas Shaugensy, cleaning gutters	1 50	
J. L. Dunlap, repairing fence	1 00	
John McDermot, masoning	7 00	— 27 55

LUNACY COMMISSIONS.

Sundry persons costs on case of Alex Grimes	28 75	
Sundry persons costs on case of L Marchessan	18 00	
Sundry persons costs on case of Flora Hayden	15 00	
Sundry persons costs on case of Martin Halderman	20 56	— 82 31

REFUNDING ACCOUNT.

Lewis Zimmerman on John Purdon tract	58	
J. M. Keichline on duplicate of '89 Bellefonte boro	63	
Samuel Hoover, on duplicate of '88, Taylor Twp	2 41	
James Gramley, Treasurer, overcharge U. S. Land acct	62 57	— 66 19

SCALP ACCOUNT.

36 wild cat scalps	72 00	
569 fox scalps	569 00	
132 mink scalps	33 00	
426 justices affidavits	106 50	
1 fox scalp, certificate from 1885	1 15	— 781 65

CONSTABLES PAY.

Returns for Jan. Sessions	137 94	
" April "	137 94	
" Aug. "	137 13	
" Nov. "	135 36	— 548 37

LOANS AND INTEREST PAID.

Sundry loans from Centre Co. Banking Co.	11000 00	
Interest on same	379 89	—11379 89

CO. SUPT'S OFFICE.

Bellefonte Gas Co., for heat	5 73	
Joseph Bros., carpets & shades	43 00	
F. E. Naginey, furniture	22 00	— 70 73

HOMELESS POOR ACCOUNT.

Medical attendance and boarding of John Murphy, to S. B. Wyland, O. P. of Boggs Twp	129 00	— 129 00

INQUEST ACCOUNT.

J. F. Garthoff, J. P. and jurors on body of infant	11 12	— 11 12

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNA.

H. K. Boyer, Treas., state tax for 1891	7207 04	— 7207 04

WARREN ASYLUM.

Maintenance of inmates, 1891	273 75	— 273 75

DANVILLE ASYLUM.

Maintenance of inmates, 1891	1215 25	— 1215 25

AUDITORS' PAY.

E. H. Carr	49 08	
J. B. Mitchell	50 34	
Samuel T. Gray	49 32	
James F. Weaver, clerk	54 00	
James H. Rankin, auditing accts. of Reg., Rec., and Proth'ys offices	34 50	— 237 24

D. F. FORTNEY, SOLICITOR.

By salary for 1891	300 00	— 300 00
To sundry orders	125 00	— 125 00
Balance due		175 00

JURY COMMISSIONERS.

Geo. Bower, services & mileage	43 60	
Sam'l Aley, "	32 30	
D. W. Woodring, clerk	2 50	
George R. Crawford, clerk	27 50	— 105 90

STENOGRAPHER'S PAY.

J Frank Condon	342 25	
Wm F Reber	239 00	
N B Spangler	87 70	— 668 95

D. O. ETTERS, CO. SUPT.

For teachers' institute	200 00	— 200 0.

J. J. GRAMLEY, TREASURER.

By salary for 1891	2000 00	— 2000 00
To sundry orders	2000 00	— 2000 00

ROB'T F. HUNTER, COM'RS CLERK.

Salary for 1891	800 00	— 800 00

AMOS MULLEN.

By salary as co. detective, 1891	240 00	— 240 00
To sundry orders	240 00	— 240 00

COUNTY PHYSICIAN.

Dr. J. L. Seibert, salary for 1891	100 00	— 100 00

BARTRAM GALBRAITH.

Salary as janitor, 1891	300 00	— 300 00

ITEMIZED ACCOUNTS OF CO. OFFICERS.

CENTRE CO. IN ACCOUNT WITH WM. A. ISHLER, SHERIFF.

DR.

To 2792 days boarding prisoners @ 25c	698 00	
To 128 turnkey fees	64 00	
To conveying Calvin Frannell to Huntingdon Reformatory	16 57	
To conveying Alex Grimes to Danville Asylum	12 63	
To conveying Louis Marchessan to Danville Asylum	29 20	
To conveying Flora Hayden to Danville Asylum	23 20	
To conveying B P Schwartz, Wm Raymond and Powell Garrick to Western Penitentiary	59 94	
To conveying James J Mayes to Huntingdon Reformatory	10 70	
To notifying Jury Comrs. 4 times 1891	16 00	
To drawing jury 4 times 1891	16 00	
To serving 108 jury notices for April term, '91	32 40	
To serving 144 jury notices for June and Aug. terms, '91	43 20	
To serving 144 jury notices for Special and Nov. terms, '91	43 20	
To serving 108 jury notices for January term, '92	32 40	
To preparing Proclamation for Nov. elections	1 00	
To publishing election proc	270 05	
" court "	88 00	
To serving notices of no court	2 50	
To col. $150.62 of fines @ 3 p. ct	4 51	
" costs in Com. cases	64 82	
To 2 keys for handcuffs and hobbles	50	—$1528 82

CR.

By 33 jury fees	132 00	
By sundry county orders	378 25	— $510 25
To bal. due Wm. A. Ishler, Sheriff, Jan. 5 1892		$1018 57

CENTRE CO. IN ACCOUNT WITH L. A. SCHÆFFER, PROTH'Y, 1891.

DR.

To filing oaths of co. officers	2 50	
To filing bonds "	1 75	
To cert. of court crier, messenger and tipstaves	18 25	
To cert. of jury fees earned and fines imposed	6 20	
To cert. for discharge of prisoners	21 00	
To cert. for viewers and recording reports, (Roads and Bridge)	32 40	
To filing constable's returns and oaths thereto	36 00	
To cert. for constables pay	3 00	
To cert. for grand jurors pay	3 50	
" traverse "	12 25	
" and recording of appointment of twp. officers	11 00	
To cert. for pay of Judge Riley	1 50	
To recording names of twp. officers elected	45 20	
To recording appointment of court stenographer	1 00	
To filing financial statement of Howard twp	1 00	
To filing election returns	3 00	
To filing justices' bonds & oaths	5 00	
To entering names of persons voted for	7 10	
To transmitting names or persons voted for to Sec. Com	17 75	
To transmitting names of justices to Sec. Com	2 50	
To costs in Com. vs. E. B. Bush, lunatic	3 35	
To sundry venire to draw jurors	8 70	
To cert. of inquest	75	
To cert. for Dist. Delegate Ret. Judge's pay	30	
To counting vote 1 day	5 00	
To oaths of clerks for counting vote	30	
To tax and entry fees for entering judgements	1 25	
To recording reports of Grand Jurors and copy	2 00	
To recording petition & decree for vacating Co. Detec. office	1 50	
To cert for Judge Rhoads' pay	50	
To recording Judge Furst's instructions to grand jury Nov. Court	4 46	— $261 01

CR.

By tax entry on Hagg judg't No. 83, Nov. term, 1890	2 60	
By order 937 on Treasurer	150 00	— $152 60
To balance due		108 41

COMMISSIONERS' ACCOUNT.

GEORGE L. GOODHART. CR.

By 199 days services in Com'rs office	696 50	
By 3 days joint session Clearfield Com'rs relative to sundry bridges	10 50	
By 1 day joint session Clinton co. Com'rs relative to Beech Creek bridge	3 50	
By 4 days distributing assm't books	14 00	
By 2 days distributing duplicates	7 00	
By 1 day distributing transcripts	3 50	
By 3 days attending Com'rs Con	10 50	
By 1 day coming and return special meeting	3 50	
By sundry traveling expenses	88 00	— 837 00

DR.

To sundry orders	837 00	— 837 00

T. F. ADAMS. CR.

By 229 days services in Com'rs office	801 50	
By 5 days joint session Clearfield co. Com'rs relative to sundry bridges	17 50	
By 1 day joint session with Clinton co. Com'rs relative to Beech Creek bridge	3 50	
By 1 days attending Sheriff's sale interest of Co.	3 50	
By 4 days delivering assm't books	14 00	
By 3 days attending Com'rs Con	10 50	
By 1 day storeing vault fixtures	3 50	
By sundry traveling expenses	74 85	— 928 85

DR.

To sundry orders	825 00	— 825 00
Balance due		103 85

J. B. STROHM. CR.

By 223 days services in Com'rs office	780 50	
By 3 days joint session with Clearfield Com'rs relative to sundry bridges	10 50	
By 1 day joint session with Clinton co. Com'rs relative to Beech Creek bridge	3 50	
By 1 day at Unionville	3 50	
By 1 day at Howard	3 50	
By sundry traveling expenses	13 25	
By expressage paid on packages	1 25	— 816 00

DR.

To sundry orders	785 00	— 785 00
Balance due		31 00

JAMES J. GRAMLEY, TREASURER, IN ACCOUNT WITH ROAD, SCHOOL, AND POOR FUNDS ARISING FROM UNSEATED LANDS.

ROAD.

DISTRICTS.	Bal on hand Jan. 1, '91.	Collected in 1891.	Treasurer's Commission	Paid out in 1891.	Bal. on hand Jan. 5, '92.
Benner	$ 44 55	2 90		40 00	7 45
Boggs	144 76	99 01	3 17	297 66	32 57
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Curtin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ferguson	127 58	67 05	99	147 35	46 29
Gregg	27 53	4 83	02	28 00	4 34
Haines	84 28	8 74		84 28	8 74
Half Moon	19 54	34 21	31	25 55	27 89
Harris	76 00	12 46		70 00	18 46
Howard	60 47	19 08	08	62 00	17 47
Huston	40 10	5 30		35 00	10 40
Liberty	68 10	9 37		55 00	22 47
Marion	31 48	20 18	36	38 77	12 53
Miles	204 57	88 66	4 43	288 80	
Patton	159 01	57 18		105 00	111 19
Penn	22 86	18 33	91	41 09	
Potter	58 28	6 27		58 28	6 27
Rush	2344 82	1439 84	44 44	3233 62	506 60
Spring	36 85	3 63		36 85	3 63
Snow Shoe	631 46	219 49	83	648 00	202 12
Taylor	316 35	128 61		300 00	144 96
Union	202 56	148 80	2 27	250 00	99 09
Walker	69 19	15 89	03	68 50	16 55
Worth	162 98	1 90		157 50	7 38
	$6268 90	$2742 91	$57 84	$6831 25	$2123 56

SCHOOL.

DISTRICTS.	Bal. on hand Jan 1, '91	Collected in 1891	Treasurer's Commission	Paid out in 1891.	Bal. on hand Jan. 1, '92.
Benner	29 15	1 95			31 10
Boggs	211 34	101 97		200 00	113 31
Burnside	709 54	192 60			902 14
Curtin	581 61	110 00	4 67	675 00	11 94
Ferguson	204 99	94 28			299 27
Gregg	46 48	5 56		46 48	5 56
Haines	78 15	7 47		78 15	7 47
Half Moon	83 77	37 23		75 00	46 00
Harris	93 55	13 55		93 55	13 55
Howard	38 27	29 15	1 46	67 42	
Huston	57 38	4 94		50 00	12 32
Liberty	28 55	7 55		28 55	7 55
Marion	32 63	20 79		30 00	23 42
Miles	320 58	107 13	5 36	422 47	
Patton	243 15	57 18		243 15	57 18
Penn	61 87	12 22		55 00	19 09
Potter	134 61	4 90		134 61	4 90
Rush	4521 55	1271 81	63 59	5750 00	
Spring	33 09	6 32		33 00	6 41
Snow Shoe	581 63	334 90	15 41	890 00	11 12
Taylor	508 72	128 61		500 00	137 33
Union	309 17	107 36		275 00	141 53
Walker	248 75	22 51	06	251 00	20 20
Worth	170 61	1 60		165 00	7 21
Jones Ind. District	227 67	49 90		200 00	77 57
	$9556 81	$2731 48	$90 55	$10263 38	$1956 17

POOR.

DISTRICTS.	Bal on hand Jan. 1, '91.	Collected in 1891.	Treasurer's Commission.	Paid out in 1891.	Bal on hand Jan. 1, '92.
Benner	37 01	70		35 00	2 71
Boggs	88 24	96 13	43	96 04	87 90
Burnside	505 85	22 24			528 09
College	3 77				3 77
Curtin	67 64	24 21		65 00	26 85
Ferguson	41 23	33 53		40 00	34 76
Gregg	17 26	2 59		17 26	2 59
Haines	39 22	2 84		39 22	2 84
Half Moon	54 99	15 58		30 00	40 57
Harris	18 26	6 62		18 26	6 62
Howard	16 07	18 54		15 00	19 61
Huston	17 41	3 53		17 41	3 53
Liberty	30 68	3 48		25 00	9 16
Marion	28 87	7 07	03	29 34	6 57
Miles	15 26	19 09	95	33 59	
Patton	40 64	7 23			47 87
Penn	63 14	9 18		63 14	9 18
Potter	5 80	4 78			10 58
Rush	2120 02	294 85	13 00	2375 00	26 87
Spring	21 00	3 64		21 00	3 64
Snow Shoe	817 07	421 00		841 25	396 82
Taylor	5 47	1 17			6 64
Union	92 68	127 54	16	95 82	124 24
Walker	131 46	15 90		130 45	16 91
Worth	68 37	50		50 00	18 87
	$4347 41	$1141 94	$14 57	$4037 78	$1437 19

The above account includes $7,663.09, of Road, School, and Poor Funds, belonging to Townships, which is still in the hands of Ex-Treasurer Cyrus Goss.

JAMES J. GRAMLEY, TREASURER, IN ACCOUNT WITH BOROUGH AND ROAD FUNDS ARISING FROM LIQUOR LICENSES IN 1891.

DISTRICTS.	Bal on hand Jan. 1, '91.	Collected in 1891.	Treasurer's Commission.	Paid out in 1891.	Bal on hand Jan. 1, '92.
Bellefonte Boro		270 00	13 50	256 50	
Philipsburg Boro		450 00	22 50	427 50	
Centre Hall Boro		90 00	4 50	85 50	
Howard Boro		90 00	4 50	85 50	
Millheim Boro		90 00	4 50	85 50	
Boggs Township		37 50	1 88	35 62	
Gregg Township	106 86	37 50	1 88	142 48	
Potter Township	35 62	37 50	1 88	73 12	
Penn Township	106 86	37 50	1 88	142 48	
Snow Shoe Township	17 11	75 00	3 75	88 36	
Walker Township		37 50	1 88	35 62	
	$266 45	$1252 50	$62 65	$1458 18	

We, the undersigned, Commissioners of Centre county, do hereby certify, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that the foregoing report is a true and correct statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county for the year 1891, and order the same to be published.

G. L. GOODHART,
T. F. ADAMS, } COMMISSIONERS.

ATTEST: R. F. HUNTER, Clerk.

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, do hereby certify that we have examined the books and accounts upon which the above statement is based, and find it correct.

J. B. MITCHELL,
E. H. CARR,
S. T. GRAY, } AUDITORS.

BLAINE WILL NOT RUN.

THE FULL TEXT OF THE LETTER.

Some Comments on the Letter—Chris. Magee Sorry the Plumed Knight Will Not Run But He Is In Favor of Harrison—B. F. Jones Talks.

WASHINGTON, February 8.—The following letter explains itself:

WASHINGTON, February 6, 1892.—Hon. J. S. Clarkson, Chairman of the Republican National Committee: My Dear Sir—I am not a candidate for the presidency and my name will not go before the republican national convention for the nomination. I make this announcement in due season. To those who have tendered me their support I owe sincere thanks and am most grateful for their confidence. They will, I am sure, make earnest effort in the approaching contest, which is rendered specially important by reason of the industrial and financial policies of the government being at stake. The popular decision on these issues are of great moment and will be of far-reaching consequences.

Very sincerely yours,

[Signed.] JAMES G. BLAINE.

PITTSBURG, February 7.—Concerning Secretary Blaine's letter of declination Christ Magee, the well-known republican leader of Western Pennsylvania, said to-night that Pennsylvania republicans would deeply regret Mr. Blaine's decision: "Now, that Mr. Blaine has declined to be a candidate for the republican nomination," said he, "I am inclined to be for President Harrison. The administration has kept every pledge." Mayor Gourley said he was for Blaine but his second choice was Harrison.

Hon. B. S. Jones ex-chairman of the republican national committee and a close friend of Mr. Blaine, said he was not surprised at the declination. He has been expecting such a statement for some time. "While I was chairman," said he. "Mr. Blaine told me the only time he really desired the nomination was in 1876, when the convention was held in Cincinnati. In 1884 the nomination was really forced upon him and he was simply carried along with his admirers, who would have no other candidate. In 1888 he would have been chosen almost unanimously if he would have consented to run, but on the last day we telegraphed him, and his reply was a positive declination. "Whom do you believe Mr. Blaine will support?" "I am not qualified to speak for him, of course, but being in the cabinet, I have no doubt but that he will bring all of his influence to bear in favor of President Harrison." "Whom do you think will be nominated?" "I certainly believe Mr. Harrison will be the choice of the convention. He has made a good president. There are, of course, some prominent members of the republican party who have been somewhat cold to him, but the only trouble was there was not enough offices to go around." For the second place Mr. Jones said he favored Vice President Morton.

FIGHTING UTAH STATEHOOD.

The Anti-Mormon Party Protests That Changes Must Be Crystalized.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 5.—The Liberal Territorial Convention, just held in this city, comprised upwards of 300 leading citizens from several counties of Utah. The convention adopted a memorial to Congress against the passage of Teller's Statehood bill or Faulkner's quasi-Statehood bill, setting forth that the Territory is settled by people who know nothing of American politics, and have never learned to appreciate or conduct free institutions.

The progress made it is not yet sufficient to justify turning over the complete control to those who so long have been hostile and are yet imperfectly weaned from their old ways. It also calls attention to reasonable doubts of the sincerity of the Mormons in their present professions of party division and rejection of polygamy; represents that the Territory is prospering under the present status, and asks time for the changes now going on to become crystalized and irrevocable before Statehood, which once granted cannot be withdrawn, is conferred upon Utah. A committee will go to Washington with the memorial.

SWALLOWED LYE FOR SOUP.

An Iowa Druggist Will Die From a Dining Table Blunder.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 5.—C. F. Duke, a prominent druggist, accidently swallowed a spoonful of hot lye to-day from the effects of which he will die. At dinner time his mother had two pots on the stove. One was full of lye and the other of soup. She is near sighted, and in going out to the kitchen to bring her son a plate of soup she dipped it out of the wrong pot. The son put a spoonful of the lye in his mouth, and, thinking it very hot, swallowed it hastily, His sufferings have been terrible.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man," J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease of life. Only 50c. a bottle, at C. M. Parrish's. Drug Store.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs. AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CURES { Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation
A.A. { Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
B.B.--Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C.C.--Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
D.D.--Bots or Grubs, Worms.
E.E.--Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F.F.--Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G.G.--Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H.H.--Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I.I.--Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J.K.--Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.
Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00

Sold by Druggists; or sent prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE OF PROF. HARRIS' PASTILLES FOR THE CURE OF WEAK MEN

THE PASTILLE CURE TRADE MARK FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY

(VITALLY WEAK), Made so by too close application to business or study; severe mental strain or grief; SEXUAL EXCESSES in middle life, or vicious habits contracted in youth. WEAK MEN ARE VICTIMS TO NERVOUS DEBILITY or EXHAUSTION, WASTING WEAKNESS, INVOLUNTARY LOSSES with EARLY DECAY in YOUNG and MIDDLE AGED; lack of vim, vigor, and strength, with sexual organs impaired and weakened prematurely in approaching old age. WHEN WE SAY CURE We speak from knowledge of PERMANENT RESULTS in many thousand cases treated and cured in past twelve years. Free TRIAL As evidence of our faith in Prof. Harris' SOLUBLE MEDICATED PASTILLES, we offer eight days trial ABSOLUTELY FREE. All men, young or old, suffering from this prevalent trouble should send their address so we can furnish questions to be answered, that we may know the true condition of each case and prepare medicine to effect a prompt cure. Located in New York (after 12 years at St. Louis), we offer all a chance to be cured by the celebrated Pastille Treatment.

THE HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mfg. Chemists, 99 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK.

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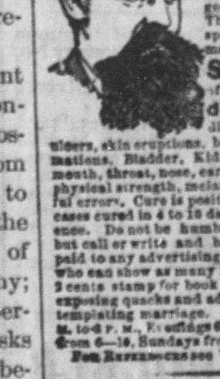

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538 North Fourth St., below Green Philadelphia. Regular registered Physician and Surgeon, Graduate of the best Colleges. The acknowledged most successful specialist for speedy, safely and permanently curing SPECIAL DISEASES, of both sexes, by an entirely new discovery. BLOOD POISON discharges etc., obstinate hard or soft ulcers, skin eruptions, blotches, pimples, swellings, inflammations, Bladder, Kidney, Heart, lung, liver, stomach, mouth, throat, nose, early decay, debility, loss of mental and physical strength, melancholy, pains from excesses or youthful errors. Cure is positive and lasting relief at once. Fresh cases cured in 4 to 10 days, no experiment but skill and science. Do not be humbugged by deceiving advertisements but call or write and be saved. $15,000 will be paid to any advertising Doctor or Quacks who can show as many hopeless cases cured as I can. Send 3 cents stamp for book "TRUTH" and sworn testimonials, exposing quacks and advice to all sufferers and those contemplating marriage. Office Hours—Every Day from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., Evenings 6—9, Wednesday & Saturday Evenings from 6—10, Sundays from 9—12. Strictly confidential. For References see Wed and Sat, Philadelphia Times.

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PRICE 50 CTS.

IT IS THE BEST, EASIEST TO USE, & THE CHEAPEST.

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BEFORE AND AFTER USE.

LOST MANHOOD!

"NERVITIS" (Piver's French Nerve Remedy,) is sold with a Written Guarantee to cure all Nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Nervousness, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power in either sex, caused by over-exertion or youthful indiscretion, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Price, $1 a package. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund money. By mail to any address. PIVER'S REMEDY CO., Toledo, O.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[Our Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Feb., 8, 1892.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker has issued an order that will be hailed with pleasure by thousands of people in every section of the country. It makes every Post Office where the Postmasters salary exceeds $200 per annum a money order office. This will within the next eighteen months more than double the number of money order offices in the country, and while giving so many people this convenient and absolutely safe way of sending money through the mails it will add very little to the current expenses of the postal service, and in the end it will probably add quite largely to its earnings. That is the republican idea of a business like administration of the affairs of the government.

There are more democrats from the North, (including in that term all of the States except those in the South) than from the South, in the House. but it is now very evident that the Southern men have outgeneraled the other fellows and captured everything that will count in the legislation of the House, and the expression, "the South is again in the saddle," is literally true at this time, so far as the House of Representatives is concerned. The South has the Speaker, and the South has all three of the democratic members of the committee on Rules, which under the new code of rules has a greater control over the business of the House than any similar committee ever had before, in fact it is absolutely impossible for any of the other committees to either get business before the House or to get it disposed of after it is taken up, without the assistance of that committee, except in the rare cases where there is no active opposition on the floor. The full significance of the situation is just beginning to dawn upon the out-wittied members, since the new rules have gone into operation. They can do nothing now but "grin and bear it."

The representatives of the Canadian government will always find this government ready to listen courteously to any proposition they may desire to make concerning commercial reciprocity between the two countries, but as long as the republican party is in power these Canadian's need hope for no treaty which fully opens our market to them, while their's are only half open to us. The President and Secretary Blaine will be pleased to see the Canadian Commissioners, but it is only upon one basis that they will open negotiation with them.

The present anti-Chinese law will expire by limitation in May next; hence the activity in Congress on the subject. There have been a dozen bills introduced but the Senate has reported in favor of a bill continuing the present law for a period of ten years as a substitute for them all.

A delegation from the Western Water Ways convention recently held at Evansville, Indiana, has been explaining the necessity for liberal Harbor and River appropriations to the House and Senate committees. If the Holman policy is carried out there will be no liberal appropriation for anything.

Representative Mills' dagger is no longer concealed; it is openly held aloft in his strong right hand while he has served notice upon the Ways and Means committee that he intends to use it on the first tariff bill it reports, that does not please him. Turn down the lights and let the band play slow music.

The House in passing a deficiency bill of $200,000 for the current fiscal year for the Census Bureau, had a great opportunity to carry out democratic threats of attacking that Bureau, but because they knew they had no case they made no attack, except by general inuendo. Representative Sayers, of Texas, who was in charge of the bill said: "Had the Superintendent of the Census been left to operate his Bureau without outside pressure to put in office a large number of incompetent persons, the expenditures would have been very much less." Mr. Sayers forgot however to add that the most of this outside pressure came from democratic Senators and Representatives. Representative Stone, of Kentucky, a democrat, said of Superintendent Porter's work: "It has been efficient, prompt and rapid, and better than that of any previous Superintendent."

The resolution introduced in the House by Representative Fithian, of Illinois, instructing the Ways and Means committee to report a bill putting all agricultural implements on the free list is a bluff, pure and simple, and nobody knows it any better than its author. To put agricultural implements on the free list without first putting all classes of lumber and metal on the free list would close every manufactory of any class of agricultural implements in the United States, and the democratic party would not dare to do that even if it had both branches of Congress and the Presidency.

STYLE CAUSES A MAN'S FALL.

He Weds a Wealthy Woman and Then Gets Money on False Pretenses.

LEXINGTON. KY., Feb. 5.—J Stewart Smith, the young druggist who fled from this city a week ago, returned from Detroit in charge of a detective to-day. Smith married the beautiful and wealthy Miss Draper, of Detroit, last October, and since that time has lived in style in this city. He was arrested and returned on a charge sworn out by Ed Herr, the well-known horseman, who indorsed his paper in bank for $3,100.

Herr claims that Smith got the money under false pretenses. Smith was sent to jail by the County Judge.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn. N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee, or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will affect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed, It never Fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address

GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185
Cincinnati,

Apr-25-1yr.

DUPED INTO A TRAP.

Twenty-Five Laborers Deceived by a Dishonest Employment Agent Into Going to Oklahoma on a Wild Goose Chase—Now They Are Walking Back.

WICHITA, Kan., Feb. 5.—Twenty-five laborers passed through here on foot today on their way from Oklahoma to Kansas City. They tell a pitiful tale of deception by an employment agent, and subsequent harhship and suffering.

When the announcement was made in the newspapers that the Rock Island Railroad was extending its lines through Oklahoma to Texas, Employment Agent Payne of Kansas City, advertised for men to work on the line. Twenty-five men answered the advertisement, and on payment of $15 were promised transportation to the place of work and employment when they should reach there. The men say when they arrived in Oklahoma they found that the contractor had all the men he wanted and that he had not authorized the employment agent to secure workmen for him.

The 25 newcomers could find no means of sustenance in Oklahoma, so they pooled what little money they had to buy food with and started to tramp back to Kansas City, 600 miles. They passed through here to-day, all of them in a terribly destitute condition and some barely able to drag themselves along. They expect to be on the road for 20 days more. Inquiry in Kansas City located the employment agent to which the Wichita dispatch referred, but the proprietor declined to give any information to reporters.

UNLIKE ANY OTHER.

Written for every occupant of a country home, whether it be on a farm or in a village. It covers the field of country life out of doors, from a village lot to a prairie farm. For the housewife, instruction and entertainment are given by Marion Harland "Josiah Allen's wife," Margaret Sidney, and others. Unique attractive interesting. Three issues free to every reader of this paper who will send 6 cents for postage. OUR COUNTRY HOME, 81 Warren Street, New York.

Blaine Not A Candidate.

The latest news from Washington that Mr. Blaine has a letter already written, which will within a few days be given to the public.

This letter will make known his final determination that he will under no conditions be a candidate before the Minneapolis convention.

Mr. Shepard is the authority for this statement, and he also thinks all indications point to Harrison's renomination.

◆

The Women's Columbian club, in Kansas, will give a series of entertainments in all the large towns in that state,, to interest the people in the World's fair.

SCHOOL HOUSE BURNED.

Tramps Supposed to Have Caused a Fire in Strasburg Township.

Lancaster Ex.

The frame school house located at Belmont, Paradise township, was burned to the ground at an early hour Friday morning. Flames were seen breaking out of the building from the cellar about four o-clock by people living nearby, but before they could reach the burning building the whole structure was flames and all the contents were reduced to ashes. Mr. George Frew is the teacher at the school. and he and the pupils lost a number of books.

It is not known how the fire originated, but it is supposed that it was the work of tramps. On different occasions these knights of the road have occupied the cellar at night, and it is probable that this was the case Thursday night; and the weather being cold, they built a fire to warm themselves and set fire to the building. The school house was erected about five years ago, and was a comfortable building.

◆

At Mooresville and Brooklyn, Ind., all children under 16 have been ordered to keep off the streets because of the prevalence of diphtheria.

ACME BLACKING is cheaper at 20 cents a bottle than any other Dressing at 5 cents.

A LITTLE GOES A LONG WAYS

because shoes once blackened with it can be kept clean by washing them with water. People in moderate circumstances find it profitable to buy it at 20c. a bottle, because what they spend for Blacking they save in shoe leather.

It is the cheapest blacking considering its quality, and yet we want to sell it cheaper if it can be done. We will pay

$10,000 Reward

for a recipe that will enable us to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING at such a price that a retailer can profitably sell it at 10c. a bottle. This offer is open until Jan. 1st, 1893.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

Old furniture painted with

PIK-RON

(this is the name of the paint), looks like stained and varnished *new furniture*. One coat will do it. A child can apply it. You can change a pine to a walnut, or a cherry to mahogany; there is no limit to your fancies. All retailers sell it.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief, and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2416, New York City.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

DOES CURE

CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Be sure you get the genuine.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below:

BROOKLYN, CONN., May 5, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:

Sirs:—Last Summer I cured a Curb upon my horse with your celebrated Kendall's Spavin Cure and it was the best job I ever saw done. I have a dozen empty bottles, having used it with perfect success, curing every thing I tried it on. My neighbor had a horse with a very bad Spavin that made him lame. He asked me how to cure it. I recommended Kendall's Spavin Cure. He cured the Spavin in just three weeks.

Yours respectfully,
WOLCOTT WITTER.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 4, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:

Dear Sirs:—I have been selling more of Kendall's Spavin Cure and Flint's Condition Powders than ever before. One man said to me, it was the best Powder I ever kept and the best he ever used.

Respectfully,
OTTO L. HOFFMAN.

CHITTENANGO, N. Y., May 19, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,

Dear Sirs:—I have used several bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure with perfect success, on a valuable and blooded mare that was quite lame with a Bone Spavin. The mare is now entirely free from lameness and shows *no bunch on the joint.*

Respectfully, F. H. HUTCHINS.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

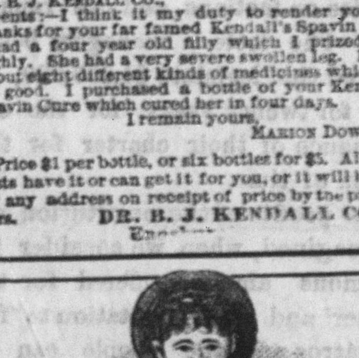
MONROE, LA., May 8, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,

Gents:—I think it my duty to render you my thanks for your far famed Kendall's Spavin Cure. I had a four year old filly which I prized very highly. She had a very severe swollen leg. I tried about eight different kinds of medicines which did no good. I purchased a bottle of your Kendall's Spavin Cure which cured her in four days.

I remain yours,
MARION DOWDEN.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,



DEAFNESS, ITS CAUSES AND CURE

Scientifically treated by an aurist of world-wide reputation. Deafness eradicated and entirely cured, of from 20 to 30 years' standing, after all other treatments have failed. How the difficulty is reached and the cause removed, fully explained in circulars, with affidavits and testimonials of cures from prominent people, mailed free. DR. A. FONTAINE, Tacoma, Wash.

RUPTURE! Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer 831 Arch St. Phila. Pa. Ease at once. No operation or business delay. Thousands of cures. Dr. Mayer is at Hotel Penn, Reading, Pa., second Saturday of each month. Send for circulars. Advice free.

Nothing On Earth Will

MAKE HENS LAY

LIKE

Sheridan's Condition Powder!

KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS

Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.

Good for Moulting Hens.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six to prevent Roup," says one customer.

If you can't get it send to us.

We mail one pack 25c. Five $1. A 2 1-4 lb. can $1.20. Six cans, $5.00, express paid. *Poultry Raising Guide*, price 25 cents, free with $1.00 orders or more. Sample copy of THE BEST POULTRY PAPER sent free.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

VIOLA CREAM

The Chain of evidence is now complete—that DR. HEBRA'S VIOLA CREAM is the only preparation that positively does all that is claimed for it. It removes Freckles, Liver-moles, Blackheads, Pimples, Tan, and all imperfections of the skin, without injury. A few applications will render a rough or red skin soft, smooth and white. It is not a cosmetic to cover defects, but a cure, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Price 50c. At druggists; or sent by mail. Send for testimonials,

G. C. BITTNER & CO.,
TOLEDO, - - OHIO.

Bellefonte Republican.

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A Weekly Political and Family Journal
ULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

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Annual and Six Months' Contract at Special Rates

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
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X MONTH.......75
REE MONTHS.......40

LOUISIANA LOTTERY.

The Supreme court of the N. S. has finally downed the hydra headed monester known as the Louisiana Lottery.

This is or was the most gigantic swindling scheme that ever grew and flourished on American soil.

Its victims are almost without number, and its demoralizing and dangerous influence almost without limit.

It seems almost incredible that such an institution could gain such a foot hold and such power that it was able to control the legislature of the state. It was organized soon after the war.

The rebel General P. T. Beauregard was the principal figure head and drawing card of the concern.

By adroit management, it soon attained to great proportions, and for years has had its own way, riding rough shod over all opposition The respectable people in Louisisana protested in vain against it. Attention was called to the destructive influences, and for years the opposition has been trying to do away with it.

For the last few months a tremendous battle has been going on between the lottery men and its opponents. The issue rent the democratic party of tho state in twain, and promised a three cornered fight for state officials. Two democratic parties or factions, and one republican. The lottery managers boldly offered the legislate $1,250,000, per year for twenty years, for the continuance of their charter for that length of time.

The profits of the institution, can be imagined, when we consider the enormous amount offered for the charter' and the temptation to the legislatros and the people can be appreciated, when we realize the reduction of taxes, such a shower of money poured annually into the state treasury, would produce, and also consider the ammounts probably offend to the legislature individually as "boodle" for their votes. The lottery men were away ahead in the fight until Uncle Sam enterred the ring. The lottery then received a blow below the belt, by the excluding lottery literature of all kinds, from the mails, and they have now received the knock out blow from the court. Great credit is due the people who have fought so gallantly for decency morality and the honor of their fair state. All good people will rejoice that the worse than Octopus has been overthrown, and its great power for evil removed, not only from Louisiana, but from our entire country.

SENATOR HILL.

The Republicans can afford to drop Mr. Hill for awhile and turn their attention on to some one else that needs chastising. The Democrats have taken him in hand, and are saying harder thing ebout him than the other party has at any time. Hill is an astute scheming politician, but he has overdone his dirty work, and raised a big row in the Democratic camp, and they may convince him that he is no as big a man as he thought, and that although he has been running New York, he cant quite handle all the balance of the country. Such high handed proceeding as he has lately indulged in is likely to produce results unfavorable to the operator.

There are many respectable and honorable Democrats in the party, and we will turn him over to them for punishment. From present appearanceswhen they get through with him he will be powerless for harm.

PENSIONS

Commissioner Raum estimates that, by July 1893 it will take to pay the pensiens of our soldiers, their widows, parents, and children not less than $160,000,000, and thinks that will be the maximum amount, and thereafter will not increase, but gradually grow less; Great Britan and France each pay annually about $12,500,000. Germany and Austria Hungary together pay $5,000,000. So it seems we are paying more than five times as much in pensions, as these five countries pay collectively. This simply shows the difference between the treatment given to soldiers by Republics, and by the old, effete monarchies of Europe. In this country, soldiers are men, and are treated like men.

In Europe they are machines, mere antomatons, whose lives are of no value any farther than their ability to fight gives them value. Our pension list proves that Republics are not ungrateful nor unmindful of their defenders.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES.

The farmer is the solid rock upon which civilization is based. The products of the soil are the great, absolute essentials of life. Even the barbarous and savage people look to mother earth for her spontaneous productions.

The North Amefican Indians lived principally on the proceeds of the chase, but at the same time contrived to grow maize, potatoes and tobacco.

The white invaders of this country found them trying to farm the fertile valleys that were free from timber. Their implements were extremely rude and primitive, but they succeeded in raising enough for their simple wants. As civilization increases greater demands are made upon agriculture, and more knowledge of the sciences and better implements are required, to enable the farmer to suppy his own wants and furnish food for the balance of mankind.

The vocation of farming has always existed, and will continue to exist as long as the globe remains inhabiuable. There is no danger that the time will come when farmers will be compelled to suspend business for should such time come, all business in this world will at once cease.

Consequently, it becomes men engaged in an occupation of such great and lasting importance to avail themselves of the best possible means of obtaining information, or in other words they should learn and thoroughly understand their trade.

The mass of our inteligent farmers are fully alive to their interest, and the question now is which of the different means in reach of them, will aid them most in their efforts to keep in the front rank, and alongside of their energetic brethern in the profession, for farming is now a profession and no professisn is more honorable, nor requires more special study to fit its practitioners for the services required of them.

County fairs, Grange meetings and other social gatherings of the farmers and their families, have aided considerably in the work of education. But it seems they have had their day, and their day for usefullness has passed and the Institute has come in their place. We believe the change is for the better, that the institute is by far a better scheme than anything in the line, that has preceded it. There is no question that the township and county institute, combined with the state institute will afford the farming community more practical information, give them more opportunity to hear others ideas, and also to give, as well as receive instruction and see and examine the new implements offered for their use and to determine as to their value with out being put to the necessity of buying and trying an untried one, than any and all athermeans heretofore offered them.

Consequently we hope the present lively interest taken by the farmers in the institute may continue and increase, and that the time will soon come when all our farmers will be as proficient in their profession as the experts in other profesions are.

Then the boys will not want to leave the farm and try the uncertain city. Keep up the institutes.

"THE EQUINOMICAL COUNSEL." Written especially for OUR COUNTRY HOME, by "Josiah Allen's Wife, begins in the February issue. Three issues of OUR COUNTRY HOME *free* to readers of this paper who will send 6 cts, for postage and mailing. Address the Publishers, 81 Warren St. New York.

HOME RULE.

We should never be so be so busily occupied with our owu affairs, that we can not spare a moment in consideration of the interests of others, and as a people who govern themselves, we must feel sympathy for any nation or people who are asking the right to manage the government of thier own country.

Ireland is thecountry we are thinking of and our thoghts are directed there by Premier Salsbury's speech in the house of Lords. The time for the general elections in Great Britain is near at hand, and the Premier evidently realizes that the Irish question, is the question that will form the issue in the elections.

We can under-stand from his language that Ireland can hope for home government or self government only by being able to win a great Liberel victory. He says, in substance, "we must make no concessions, for one concession will lead to another untill the Priests get full controll of the Green Isle, when at once she will become our enemy and join with each and all our enemies in fighting us"

He further asks, "what will the world say of us, if we permit Ireland to get away from us? why Canda Austrlia, India, and finally all our Colonies will demand self rule and then we will be unable to prevent them and then we will be desolete and forsaken.

Shall we thus allow ourselves to be despoiled of the inheritence left us by our fathers?" he asks, andappeals to the Lords to prevent such a calamity and disgrace.

Surely *Mr.* Lorp Salisbury is in a dilemma He seems not to care for right out appeals to might.

He well knows how his fathers obtained possession of Ireland. Historical reading have informed him of the manner and means of the Irish conquest or rather Irish subjugation.

The English people boast that Britons cannot be slaves, but the Irish Celts, it seems can never be anything but slaves, and must be subject to the ever free Britons.

It is hardly probable the Liberals of England will be very much affected by the noble lords' vehemence, but will likely vote their sentiments at the coming elections, regardless of what the world will think, or what their dead and gone fathers might think, could they return in the flesh to the chalky cliffs of the snug little Isle. The priest business he talks of will not likely cause many voters to mix their politics with religion.

The elections will soon tell whether his fears are well founded, for a Liberal victory almost assures self rule for Ireland.

There is another thorn piercing the patriotic premur.

He realizes that in case Ireland shall free herself from the thralidom of the British yoke, there is a class in England that will ask loudly for greater and more privileges than are now granted them

In other words Salisbury sees in the struggle of the Irish for freedom the beginning of the end, a Democratic England and the downfall of monarchy with its attendant aristocracy.

Americans can but hope that the English peasants may also obtain the rights inherent to manhood.

The Political Pot.

The mayor a-runnin' for Congress,
The marshal runnin' for mayor;
The aldermen runnin' for governor,
The janitor—road overseer;
The tax man runnin' for sheriff—
The conaty laid on the shelf;
' hector runnin, for coroner
An' the old town runnin' herself.

Another Death.

Mrs. Oswald Dubbs, residence Beaver Row, died at 10.30 this morning.

Her maiden name was Miss Elizabeth Bierly, aged 89 years, was married twice. First husband was Jacob Frazier.

Was born at Rebersburg, Centre county, Nov. 20, 1802. A consistent member of the Lutheran church.

Her eyesight was remarkable, as she could read to the last without glasses, she expressed herself as prepared, ready and willing to die. Mother of ten children, four living, viz. Mrs. Christ Barner and William Frazier both of Saloma LaMar Township.

John Frazier of Petersburg Pa., and Mrs. Louisa Bierly of this city.

Funeral from residence Friday at 2 o'clock p. m. Rev. Miles O. Noll of the Reformed Church, and Rev. Hoshour pastor of the Lutheran Church will conduct the service.

—The political caucuses will be held on Saturday evening next.

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

One of the great problems for our Statesmen to solve, is how can undesirable immigration to this country be restricted. The hordes of Hebrews, about 6,000,000 now in Russia and Poland, are being driven out of those countries, and if permitted will nearly all find their way to the United States. A few will go to Brazil, but none will go there that can get into this country. All who have seen the recent arrivals of the Russian Jews are convinced that they are not a desirable addition to our population.

The Huns, Poles, Greeks, Turks, Italians and Arabs, that are coming to us in such vast numbers, are equally objectionable. America has long boasted herself as the home of the free and the asylum for the oppressed and down-trodden subjects of Despotic or Tyrannical Monarchies, and the poor of Europe, were invited to our hospitable shores.

In the early times of our country, perhaps this was a good policy, but it is high time now, a halt should be called. Unless we desire our beloved country to become a counterpart of Europe and Asia, this flood of undesirable immigrants must be checked, yes practically stopped.

Our country large as it is, cannot assimilate five or six millions a year of the ignorant, depraved Peasants and cut throat brigands of Europe. The native Amercan people are beginning to realize, this and the question is, how shall we protect ourselves.

The act restraining Chinese immigration has worked well, of course some of the cunning Heathen get here in spite of the law, but were it not for the law, millions more would have come, and in the near future Chinamen would have been more numerous than all the rest of our cosmopolitan population. If we have a right to restrict people of one nation from coming to our shores, we have the same right to restrict the people of any other nation.

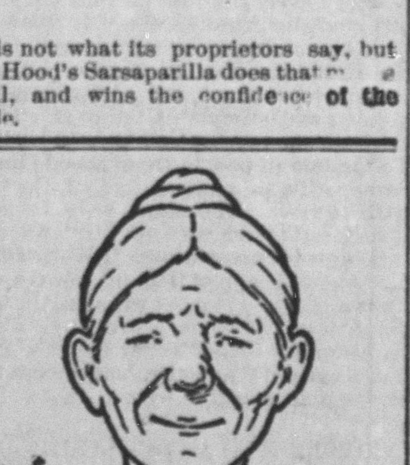
A nation is like a family, and no one would question that any man has a right to decide whom he will accept as members of his family or even who may be admitted as guests.

A nation unquestionably has the same right, and this nation should exercise that right. We are under no obligations to pauperize ourselves by making our country a grand asylum for other peoples.

The right of self preservation, is above all other rights. We are not responsible for conditions existing in other countries. We cannot help the hordes of Europe and Asia without bankrupting and destroying ourselves, consequently we should at once, by legislative action, shut our doors and take care of ourselves.

Proper legislation, properly enforced is our only remedy, and the sooner the remedy is applied the better.

It is not what its proprietors say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that m e it sell, and wins the confidence of the people.



Plain enough —the way to a clear complexion, free from blotches, pimples, eruptions, yellow spots, and roughness. Purify your blood, and you have it. With pure, rich blood, an active liver, good appetite and digestion, the hue of health follows. Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery gives you all of them. It is *the* blood-purifier. There's no lack of them, but there's none like this. It's *guaranteed* to accomplish all that's claimed for it. In all diseases arising from torpid liver and impure blood, it benefits or cures, or the money is refunded. With an ordinary medicine, it couldn't be done. But this *isn't* an ordinary medicine.

It is the *cheapest* blood-purifier sold, through druggists, because you only pay for *the good* you get.

Can you ask more?

The "Discovery" acts equally well *all the year* round.

A Lively Time.

Chief of Police Gares, yesterday afternoon had an opportunity to vary the monotony of ordinary days by making two arrests.

A couple of country chaps came into town with a two horse team and wagon and a big dog. The men, "not the dog" proceeded to fill up with something, that made them happy and somewhat noisy. So much so, that the officer thought they should take a rest.

Accordingly he climbed into the wagon and arrested them, and drove the wagon up to Mr. Baum's livery stable, left the team there and escorted the boys down to the lockup.

One was too drunk to object, but the other objected so strenuously that he had to tap him on the head with his billy, to induce him to attend to business and go along. Taken as a whole, Mr. Gares had quite a lively tussle, but he got there, and so did his prisoners,

They will probably see his honor during the day and contribute their mite to the municipal treasury. They that dance must pay the fiddler. We did not learn what became of the dog.

Judge Furst is making good his recent statement relating to naturalization of foreigners. On Monday an Italian living near Bellefonte made application to court for naturalization as a citizen. He has been in this country ten years. But notwithstanding that fact the Court refused to naturalize him, on the ground that he has not yet sought to inform himself in regard to the National Constitution, nor that of the State in which he seeks to become a citizen. This decision of the court certainly meets wieh the approbation of the people.—Renova *News*

NOTICE.

This paper employs no solicitors or collectors. All persons are cautioned not to pay any money on our account to anybody excepting the proprietors, as we will not be responsible therefor.

BEERS & DILLON.

"A woman best understands a woman's ills."

Thousands of women have been benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's advice, and cured by her remedies after all other treatment had failed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

has been more successful in curing Female Complaints than any remedy the world has ever known.

All Druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. Liver Pills, 25c. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

Mattie Miller by her next friend C. C. McKinley vs. John Miller	In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County No. 31 August 1, 1891 Subpoena in Divorce A. V. M.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed a commissioner, by said court to take the testimony in the above stated case and report at the Argument Court the first Tuesday of March 1892. Will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office at Bellefonte on Tuesday the 23r day of February 892 at 10 o'clock a. m. when and where all persons in interest will appear without fail.

H. H. Harshberger.
Commissioner

LEWIS the ROBBER

No doubt many of the early settlers of Bellefoute recollectd the stories of Lewis, the Robber. He died after making a confession in your jail in 1820. 'Life and Adventures of Lewis, the Robber and Counterfeiter," a pamphlet 5½x9 inches, 84 pages paper cover, 25 cents, cloth 40 cents. Sent postpaid on receipt of price. 555 AGENTS WANTED. Liberal inducements to agents. Write for terms, mentioning this paper. C. D. RISHEL, Shiremanstown, Cumberland Co., Pa. j28 1m

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The year 1892 being Presidential year, the interest in political affairs will be general. The Chronicle Telegraph's facilities for obtaining the most reliable information are UNEXCELLED IN AMERICA, and special care will be taken to give the most accurate and unbiased news obtainable.

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Embrace, in addition to the very latest news departments FOR LADIES, FOR THE HOME, FARM AND GARDEN, INDUSTRIAL, MINING AND MANUFACTING, and alone are worth the subscription price—ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

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Pittsburgh, Pa.

By a liberal arrangement with the Pittsburgh Weekly Chronicle Telegraph we are enabled to offer a year's subscription to that paper and the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN for one year for $1.75.

DOES THIS MEAN YOU?

Better Read It At Any Rate.

Many a man who formerly possessed a powerful physique and strong, steady nerves, wonders at his feeling of weakness dulness, exhaustion. There is an extremely nervous condition, a dull, cloudy sensation, disagreeable feelings in head and eyes bad taste in mouth mornings, the vision becomes dim, memory is impaired, and there is frequent dizziness, despondency and deqression of mind. The nerves become so weakened that the least shock will flush the face or bring on a trembling with palpitation.

Luckily, there is the great and wonderful restorative, Dr. Greene's Nervura which will give back to the weakened and exhausted system the strength it has lost imparts vigor to brain and nerves, vitalize and invigorates the physical powers,

dispondency and restores again that grand degree of lusty strength and power which in ignorance or folly we have exhausted. Druggists sell it $1. Purely vegetable and harmlesr. Try and you will never regret it.

"I deem it my duty to the public to state the wonderful effects of Dr. Greene's Nervura in my case. My improvement has been most gratifying, and language cannot describe the change in my feelings and prospects. *Where all was gloom and despondency, there is uow light and hope.* I gained 13 ponnds, and am still gaining. Not alone myself, but I know many others who can testify to the merits or Dr. Greene's Nervura.

CHARLES H. HODGDON,
35 Dana st., Somerville, Mass."

☞Dr. Greene, the successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 35 W. 14th Street, New York, can be consulted *free*, personally or by letter. Call or write him about the case or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully expiaining the disease, giving advice, &c., will be returned free.

CATARRH
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CURES COLD IN HEAD
ROSE-COLD
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EASY TO USE
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ELY'S Cream Balm

Cleanses the Nasal Passages,

Allays Pain and Inflamation,

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TRY THE CURE

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggist; by mail, registered, 60 cts.
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1892.

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dec2 1y

MANY RUMORS CURRENT.

DID THE CREW OF THE STEAMER EMBIRICOS MUTINY?

It is Reported the Captain and Some of the Officers Were Murdered—A Desperate and Fatal Fight For the Possession of a Life Boat.

LONDON, February 10.—Sensational rumors are current to the effect that the steamer Embiricos, which was recently wrecked off the Scilly islands, foundered during a mutiny of her crew, in which the captain and some of the officers were murdered, and also that the remaining officers were murdered in a fight with knives to secure one of the boats after the accident. The statements of the survivors are conflicting, but it is evident that the Greeks, who formed a majority of the saved, used violence to prevent access of the others to the boat.

The Maltese sailors agree in stating that a man was beaten off from the boat with an iron bar and was drowned. Another Maltese says that the life boat which rescued the Greeks was about to return to the doomed vessel for the others, but the Greeks refused to allow it to proceed and the English captain and officers were left to their fate. Should the condition of the bodies on recovery prove that violence was used the Greeks will be held for trial.

A Maltese named Balzan, who was on the vessel, says the steamer was moving at half speed in a heavy fog when early in the morning he was awakened by a violent shock. He found the vessel had struck a reef of rocks near an island. A rock appeared to have torn the bottom of the vessel before foremasts. Her bow was slightly elevated. Water was rushing in and flooding the stern and the vessel settling down.

The captain was on the bridge trying to direct operations. There was a general scramble for the boats. Balzan and two companion entered the life boat despite the efforts of the Greeks to exclude them.

Balzan admits that there was a call for knives but only to be used to cut the boat away. When they left in the life boat the captain and officers were trying to launch the other boat. There was room for fifty in the life boat, but it contained only fifteen. When they had pulled a little distance those left on the vessel were heard shrieking and imploring to be saved. The Maltese started to back water but the Greeks overpowered him and threatened to kill him unless he obeyed orders. He did not see the vessel founder but looking ten minutes later, he could not discern anything. According to another story the Greeks declined to pick up the men who were swimming behind the boat and felled with an iron bar one man who boarded the boat.

Killed in the Woods.

A terrible accident occurred Sunday afternoon on the log drive af T. F. Smith, Kettle Creek, by which Louis Piette, the foreman, who resided at No. 978 First street. this city, lost his life.

A log about fifteen feet in length and seventeen inches in diameter had become fastened on the slide when another and much heavier log came down the slide, and hitting the one that had stopped on the way, threw it out of the chute, and with great force it hit Mr. Piette on the right side hurling him through the air a distance of a about forty-five feet. Immediate assistance was rendered, but when picked up it was found that there wa no sign of life. There was a horrible looking gash in the right side, and the bone of the right arm protruded at the elbow about two inches. It was found that his watch, the case of which was badly indented, had stopped at 19 minutes of 2 o'clock.

The remains were brought here yesterday afternoon on a P. and E. train, accompanied by four fellow workmen, and taken at once to Frohnhiser's undertaking establishment, where they were prepared for burial, and then removed to the man's home. The deceased was about fifty-five years old, and leaves a wife and four children. The wife is prostrated with grief over the sad affair.

WARNED IN TIME.

People will have themselves largely to blame if the horrid grip secures a foothold here this winter. The Board of Health sounded a note of warning a few days ago. Physicians all agree that with proper precautions the disease may be prevented. Aged and enfeebled persons, in fact any one whose systems is run down, require a healthful stimulant just now. The medical faculty are a unit upon this point. Klein's "Silver Age" and "Duquesne" rye whiskies which sell respectively at $1.50 and $1.25 per full quart are the purest and best stimulant known. The most skilled practitioners in the country indorse and prescribe these brands and leading hospitals use them exclusively. Major Klein also sells Guckenheimer, Finch, Gibson, Overholt and Bear Creek at $1 per quart or six quarts for $5. His establishment is headquarters for everything in the liquor line. Goods expressed everywhere. Send for Catalogue, mentioning this paper, to.

MAX KLEIN,
82 Federal St.,
Allegheny City, Pa.

The Vitriol Thrower Acquitted.

CARLISLE, Pa., February 9.—The Newville vitriol throwing case has been very sensational throughout and resulted this afternoon in the acquittal of the wife, Mrs. Cora Frey. The case did not reach the jury until 11 a. m. J. Edward Barnitz, for the defense, and J. A. Watzel, for the commonwealth, consumed several hours in their closing arguments. The defense was emotional insanity, caused by the husband's cruel conduct, while the prosecutor insisted that the crime was nothing but the vicious act of an unfaithful wife. Judge Sadler, in his charge to the jury, held that, although, as alleged, the husband was a brazen adulterer, who boasted to her of his faithlessness, upbraided her unjustly for infidelity and advised her to take poison, yet she would not be justified in the throwing of vitriol, but the jury should weigh these circumstances in considering the question of insanity. This afternoon the jury reached a verdict of not guilty of vitriol throwing, but guilty of assault and battery, the first count in the indictment. The belief is that the husband's treatment that night led her to dash upon him vitriol she had purchased with a view of suicide.

CRAZED NOT CURED.

SAD STORY OF WALTER B. EARLE.

By Taking Treatment at a Keely Hospital, a Patient Becomes a Raving Maniac.

YONKERS, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Walter B. Earle, of this city, was buried here to-day. For 20 years he was a traveling salesman for a hosiery house in New York. Lately, as it is said, he took to drink, and his relatives attribute it to domestic trouble. Eighteen years ago he married Miss Josie Uhler, of Tarrytown. She is in Europe with a 17-year-old daughter, and it is said she refused to return to live with him.

In the latter part of last December he went to the White Plains institute, to undergo the Keeley treatment. He was discharged as cured in a little more than four weeks, and he came to his home in Yonkers. He was there but a few days before signs of insanity developed. He did not touch a drop of intoxicating liquor after he left the institute, and told his friends how thankful he was that he had been cured of his habit. He constantly brooded over the absence of his wife.

Violently Insane, Not Cured.

Last Monday he became violently insane and his sister telegraphed the fact to Dr. A. C. Haynor, of the White Plains institute. He telegraphed back as follows:

He had symptoms of mental disorder two weeks before leaving here. Received extra treatment on that account. Should be treated as any person with acute mania.

A. C. HAYNOR.

This was news to his family, Before entering the institute his friends had noticed no signs of mental disorder. His family now blames the institute doctors for not letting them know when they noticed signs of insanity. If they had been apprised of the fact they would have removed the patient to Yonkers and put him under the family physician's care. He became so violent that he was removed last Monday to the Poughkeepsie Insane Asylum, where he died Friday afternoon. He will be buried in Yonkers Monday afternoon.

Suit Threatened by Relatives.

His relatives think the Coroner should have tried to find out whether the treatment at White Plains led to his insanity and death. They think the Keeley cure was the direct cause of his insanity, and a suit for damages is threatened. Charles A. Earle, a cousin of the dead man, is Assistant Journal Clerk of the State Senate, and for nine years was a clerk under Governors Cleveland and Hill. He is looking into the matter, with a view of bringing about, if possible, a Legislative investigation of the methods employed at the White Plains institute. He wants to have the State Board of Health and the State Medical Society called upon, also, to make an investigation.

LITERARY NOTES.

Apropos of the eighty-third birthday of President Lincoln, Harper's Weekly for February 13th will contain a superbly illustrated article by Charles Carleton Coffin on the "Ancestry and Early Years of Abraham Lincoln." The illustrations. which are numerous, include views of the localities made famous as the scenes of Lincoln's childhood and youth as they appear, and the portrait is from the first ever taken of the President. Of this picture Mr. Coffin says: "It was taken in 1857 in Chicago. Lincoln was visiting his niece, Mrs. Harriet Chapman, in Charleston.

"Uncle Abe," she said, "I want your pictnre."

"Hattie, I have never had it taken, but I am going to Chicago in a few days, and will sit for you. he replied.

"A few days later the picture was received by Mrs. Chapman. I obtained this copy in Charleston, Illinois, October, 1890 and received the above information from Mr. W. G. Chapman."

The Gymnasium.

Parties interested in Gymnastics, will be pleased to learn, that the young men's Christain Associtaion will again open their Gymnasium and continue operations during the balance of the winter. On Monday next the following classes will be organized and will meet hereafter according to the following schedule.

Men's classes, 16 years and upward, Tnesday Thursdays and Fridays from 8 to 9 p. m.

Boys under 16, Tuesday and Thursdays from 4.15 to 5.15 p. m, and Saturday 10 to 11.30 a. m.

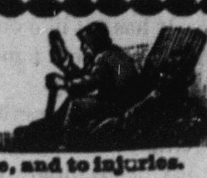
Ladies, Monday Wednesday and Friday 4 to 5 p. m.

Any one wishing to join can do so by filing application blank and paying one dollar, and the balance on receiving ticket Dues for men $3 Ladies $2. No one alowed on floor of Gymnasium during class hours, except the class members.

—The "Midnight Alarm," at the opera house on Friday evening.

FARMERS:

LOOK OUT!



You are exposed to sudden changes of temperature, and to injuries.

ST. JACOBS OIL

Cures **RHEUMATISM,**

SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORENESS, STIFFNESS, SWELLINGS, BACKACHE, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, BURNS.

A PROMPT AND PERMANENT CURE.

A RAID WAS MADE.

THE PERSONS UNDER ARREST.

They Were in a House in Millville and When it Was Entered Last Night Enough of Stuff Was Found To Start a Small Store On Sight.

Altoona Tribune.

For several weeks past robberies of stores in the outskirts of the Fifth and Sixth wards have been quite numerous. So frequent, in fact, have they been that special detective work has been called in to see whether or not the guilty parties could not be brought to justice. It was in the latter part of January that the store of Sol. Dembert, Seventh avenue and Twenty-third street, was robbed. Several other stores were afterward burglarized, the latest victims being C. C. Zimmerman & Co., 2605 Sixth avenue. This robbery occurred on Monday night. A key was used to open the front door and the thieves got away with a quantity of cigars, chewing tobacco, gum boots, trousers, gloves, etc.

The successful work done by Constable McFeely in ferreting out the Debray & Delozier store robbery led to him being selected by Mr. Dembert and others and on a slender clue he went to work. He having located the goods in Millville, the proprietors of the stores which were entered made information before Alderman O'Toole with the result that search warrants and warrants of arrest were placed in the hands of Mr. McFealy and all being in readiness a raid was made last night on the house of James Barnes (colored), of Millvilie. The constable called these officers to his aid in the raid: Constables Ed Kepes and James Sherdon, Officers McMullin and Special Watchman C. W. Meller.

The raid was made shortly afler 6 o'clock last evening. The descent upon the house of Barns was sudden, and that individual with another colored person named Williams were collared. They were promptly placed under arrest and then the work of searching the house was begun. The goods found were for the most part in trunks and valises and would be treasure trove to anybody who wanted to start a gentlemen's furnishing store. Jewelry of various kinds was found; gum boots were numerous; trousers were also discovered, and of neckties, suspenders, snirts, umbrellas, collars, cnffs, gloves, pocket knives, albums, etc. In fact the find was such a big one that a wagon was called into requisition to bring the goods to the city. The persons found in the house were brougt here and locked up. A hearing will be had to-day.

After the Grip.

Convalescence is very slow, and to recover the healthtone a good tonic is absolutely necessary. Hood's Sarsaparilla has been used with wonderful success as a building-up medicine and bloob pnrifier after attacks of the Grip' after Typhoid Fever, Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Pneumonia or other prostrating diseases. It possesses just the building-up effect so much needed; it vitalizes and enriches the thin and impoverished blood, and it invigorates the kidneys and stimulates the liver so that they resume regular and healthy action. Thousands of people have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla as a preventive of the Grip with success. Thousands have found in it restoration to health and strength after this dreaded complaint. For instance, Mr Jacob Knapp of Tipton, Iowa, a well known business man, says he had the Grip twice, leaving him very weak and with a bad cough. Hood's Sarsaparilla gave him a splendid appetite, mabe him feel strong and as well as ever.

HIS LIFE TO A COCKLESHELL.

An Old Fisherman to Cross the Ocean in a Sixteen-Foot Boat.

CANARSIE, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Captain James Monahan, who follows the sea for a living, will start early to-morrow morning to cross the ocean in a boat built by himself. The boat is 16 feet long, 2 feet wide, and is so rigged as to make the management an easy task. The small cabin is covered with canvas which is intended to protect provisions from the angry sea.

There is room enough to carry food sufficient for 100 days, but the captain expects to make the journey in 60 days. He has wagered a number of small sums with his friends.

A Marked Improvement.

A marked improvement is noticeahle in this week's issue of FRANK LESLIE'S ILLUSTRATED WEELY—an improvement not only in its letter-press, but in the character of the illustrations. We notice that a number of new artists are working on this, the best illustrated weekly published in this country. The most striking double-page yet published is that in this week's issue, which shows just the condition of affairs on the grounds of the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago. This representation of the different buildings is alone worth the price of the paper. There are also to be found in it handsome pictures of the proposed new Episcopal cathedral in the city of New York; a striking picture entitled "A Close Shave," representing a small fishing smack just missed by an ocean steamer, and a page devoted to the obsequies of the late Duke of Clarence. The illustrated story "Leah" is especially worthy of note. Price, ten cents. To be had at your newsdealer's.

PRESIDENT BEERS RESIGNS.

But to Get a Salary of $37,500 as Adviser of the New York Life Co.

NEW YORK, February 9.—Insurance men discussed with much interest last night the resignation of Mr. William H. Beers as president of the New York Life Insurance Company, a position he had held for many years, and his resignation of which was only announced late in the afternoon, after an adjourned meeting of the Board of Trustees.

The probable successor of Mr. Beers was canvassed in these circles at the uptown hotels, and among the names mentioned were E. W. Scott, one of the vice presidents of the Equitable Life Assurance Society; W. L. Strong, presideut of the Central National Bank and a trustee of the New York Life Insurance Company, and Mr. McCall, the controller of the Equitable Company.

None of these names, however, was mentioned with authority and a selection will probably not be made until Wednesday next, when Mr, Beers' resignation will go into effect. Mr. Beers gives as the reason for his resignation his advanced age and delicate state of health, and says he has nothing at heart but the continued welfare and prosperity of the company.

His resignation as president was accepted with regret by the Board of Trustees, who authorized an agreement to be made with him to secure his services during the remainder of his life in an advisory capacity on an annual salary of $37,500.

Will Lingo Get a New Trial?

One week from to-morrow it will probably be known whether or not Francis Lingo, the convicted murderer of Annie Miller, shall have another trial. The New Jersey Supreme Court will then render its decision in the case.

Lingo himself is quite confident that he will get a new trial and appears happy and contented. He eats heartily, reads his bible constantly and sings and prays every day. The guards in the jail say that he is a model prisoner. He is docile, kind and requires little attention.

Ex-Judge Wescott, Lingo's counsel, is confident that a new trial will be granted.

Marriage Licenses.

Harry Sanders, of Bellefonte, and Ella Keys, of Altoona.

F. M. Fisher, of Penn Hall, and Annie M. Keller, of Centre Hall.

E. E. Kreamer and Ida B. Miller, both of Milesburg.

George Baldwin and Minnie E. Neidigh, both of State College.

Grant Dyke and Annie B. Gingher, both of Milesburg.

The Women's Columbian club, in Kansas, will give a series of entertainments in all the large towns in that state,, to interest the people in the World's fair.

WHAT IS

SCROFULA

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or the many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. Some of these cures are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"My daughter Mary was afflicted with scrofulous sore neck from the time she was 22 months old till she became six years of age. Lumps formed in her neck, and one of them after growing to the size of a pigeon's egg, became a running sore for over three years. We gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla, when the lump and all indications of scrofula entirely disappeared, and now she seems to be a healthy child." J. S. CARLILE, Nauright, N. J.

N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

A SOLDIER FOR SENATOR.

DEMANDED AS QUAY'S SUCCESSOR BY THE STATE'S VETERANS.

The Result of Tax Receiver Taylor's Tour Among Grand Army—Men Confident That a New Phase Has Been Formed in Politics of the State.

PHILADELPHIA. Feb. 8.—A new phase in Pennsylvania politics was developed here to-day when a decided boom was inaugurated in favor of a "soldier for Senator." Receiver of Taxes Captain John Taylor returned to-day from several days' trip out in the State, where he was engaged in officially visiting Grand Army posts, and had quite an ovation from his friends during the afternoon at the tax office. During his travels he went into several counties where full-fledged candidates for the Republican nomination for the Supreme bench reside, and according to his account there is a great deal of interest over the matter, especially in Blair county, the home of Junge Dean, and in Cumberland county. where Judge Sadler resides.

"There was also a great deal of interest shown in the matter of the electing of a United States Senator this fall," said John Taylor, "especially among the old soldiers with whom I was thrown into contact from the time of my departure until my return.'

"How do the veterans look upon the contest for Senator?" was asked.

"There is a strong feeling among them in favor of a soldier for a Senator," replied Captain Taylor, "and I was surprised at the extent of this feeling; also, at the earnestness of the veterans on the question. They seemed to have been canvassing the subject pretty thoroughly, and to have the notion pretty deeply grounded. I heard the sentiment expressed that a soldier should be selected for the Senatorship in nearly every section of the State where I was visiting."

Captain Taylor, whose reputation as "a friend of the soldier" has caused the tax office to be a Mecca for every needy veteran who ever wore the blue, disclaimed any intention of mixing Grand Army matters with politics, but said he could not help being impressed at the extent of the feeling of the veterans in favor ot a soldier for United States Senator.

Thieves tortured Wm. Slavenski nearly to death at Michigan City, Ind., in order to extract money from him.

MYSTIC CURE
FOR
RHEUMATISM
AND
NEURALGIA.
CURES
IN
A
DAY

A New and Wonderful Discovery which has revolutionized the treatment of these diseases. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears, the first dose greatly benefits. It is recommended only for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, but for these it is a quick and radical cure, as multitudes who have used it testify. It contains no anodynes and is perfectly harmless. Ask your druggist to procure it if he does not have it on hand. ***Guarantee.*** If first bottle does not benefit you, druggist will refund money. Write for treatise and testimonials.

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Dr. I. A. DETCHON, Crawfordsville, Ind.

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THE PRESS has also the best of correspondents in all the great cities of the United States, as well as financial and railroad experts in Chicago and the West, who keep the paper more than abreast with events.

The colums of the SUNDAY PRESS are enriched by contributions from those whose names are written high in our lists of great authors, novelists, essayists, as well as men of high rank in public life. The best authors know that their best audiences are the readers of the DAILY, SUNDAY, and WEEKLY PRESS.

In politics THE PRESS knows no other master than the people and the past year has seen, as has been seen before, the marked fact that it is subservient to no political boss. It has no political ambitions to foster but looks after the interests of its readers, and delivers itself upon the issues of the day in a manner both frank and fearless, letting the facts speak for themselves, and evading no issues but meeting them on the basis of fair play to all men at all times. Its pages know no distinctions and the rights of one class over another are neither recognized nor supported.

Advertisements of Help Wanted, Business Opportunitie, Real Estate, etc., may be inserted in THE PRESS for ONE CENT A WORD.

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NEVER FAILS
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A FINE PIECE OF

CHEWING TOBACCO

IS INDEED A LUXURY

FINZER'S

Old Honesty

COMES AS NEAR BEING A FINE PIECE OF PLUG TOBACCO

AS IT IS POSSIBLE TO MAKE IT

AND IS KNOWN AS A

Standard Brand

AMONG DEALERS

THESE GOODS ARE ON THE MARKET IN ONLY ONE SHAPE, 3x12 FULL 16 OZ. PLUG—THE MOST CONVENIENT TO CUT IN POCKET PIECES OR CARRY WHOLE.

JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

PASTOR KOENIGS
TRADE MARK
NERVE TONIC

Recommended as the Best. IX

LE MARS, PLYMOUTH CO., IA., May, 1889.

I suffered from temporary sleeplessness from overwork for two years, for which I used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, and can recommend same as the best medicine for similar troubles.

F. BORNHORST.

Extract From a Letter

of the Rev. J. McGowan, Cadyville, New York: "I recommend you to send for six bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, and let her use it as directed. It cured several in my parish."

EAST GLENNVILLE, N. Y., Oct. 16, 1890.

I used one bottle of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic for dizziness and nervous headache, and it did all you claim for it and even more. I had been suffering for years. MRS. P. HANCE.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5. Large Size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9.

TALMAGE'S NEW BOOK 400 Wonderful Pictures, Sales Immense. Agents Wanted, Exclusive Territory. Big pay. 30 Day's Credit. No Capital Needed. Also send 9 Agents' Addresses and receive FREE TO YOU, Talmage's favorite Picture of Christ, in Oil Colors. Address, HISTORICAL PUB. CO. Phila. Pa.

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JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO
HEISKELLS OINTMENT
FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN
JOHNSTON HOLLOWAY & CO
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TO **CURE SKIN DISEASE** OF ANY FORM

USE HEISKELL'S OINTMENT

It has proved infallible in every case, from simple **Pimples** to obstinate **Eczema**; also **Itching Piles. 50 CTS.** per box.

☞ **Send** for "**Hints for Kitchen and Sick-Room,**" a handy book for the household. **FREE.**

THE FARMER'S INSTITUTE.

A Large Crowd of Farmers in Attendance. The Exercises of More than Usual Importance.

The day was fine, and as early as 6 o'clock farmers began to arrive, at 9.30 the hall was pretty well filled. Institute was opened by music entitled, "Encouragement," after which the question box was opened, which was as usual, very interesting, "Swinging in the Grape Vine Swing" was then sang by the choir. Mr. Downing then followed with his talk, "Little things in farming," this was followed by, A. C· Sisson singing a song entitled, "Oh she is such a Fidgity thing," Mr. Sisson as usual was loudly applauded· Institute then adjourned to meet at 1.30

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Was opened at 1 o'clock by music intitled, "Beautiful Past," The choir did credit to this song and themselves. The question box was reopened and as usual the questions were handled with great skill. Mrs. Emma P. Ewing at this stage of the proceeding came in and was loudly applauded, after the choir sang a piece entitled, "The Old Hearth Stone," She delivered her talk on bread making.

Next on the program was a song entitled "Forty Years Ago," by Mr. Sisson after which he delivered an interesting and instinctive talk on "Small fruits from planting to eating" after he finished, many questions were asked him showing that he had awakened a interest in strawberry, blackberry and grape culture. The choir then sang "Little Brown Jug," after which Mr. John A. Gunday, delivered his talk, in "The future of the American farmer" after which institute stood adjourned till 7 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

This being the last session, the Institute held one of the largest meetings they had held.

It was called to order at 7 o'clock sharp by the president, Hon. W. A. Murray. The first song was by A. C. Sisson. by request, entitled "The Bridge," Sam R. Downing then gave his talk on "Novelties at the Fair," at the close of his remarks, the choir sang the "Auctionere" which was loudly applauded, followed by Prof. John Hamilton's address "The fence question in Pennsylvania. This was followed by a piece of music entitled 'The Burlesqu Band" Mr. Sisson taking part, after which he finished his discription of "His Trip West." The closing address was made by Hon. Wm. A Murray who stated that he was sure all were well pleased and had learned something that was to their interest. Mr. A. C. Sisson was again asked to sing or recite something which he did in the way of a recitation entitled "Old Elder Lamb's Donation." The Institute then adjourned after singing the long metre Doxology.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE AT HOWARD, PA.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5. 1892.—The morning 9.25 train carried a number of Bellefontonians including Ex-Governors, Generals, Statesmen, Politicians, Editors, Candidates and a few farmers, to the pleasanl little city of Howard. The Institute met in the M. E. Church, which was filled to overflowing with fair ladies, bright, pretty children, and fine, manly looking men.

Governor Pattison was also a passenger on the train, and the cynosure of all the eyes in Howard.

The Governor must certainly feel honored by the hearty welcome given him by the people of Centre County. Begardless of political feelings and prejudice the Republicans vied with their Democratic friends, in doiug honor to our Governor. Further details will disclose his part in the exercises.

Morning Session.

Was opened by prayer by Rev. M. B. Smith. The prayer was a very appropriate invocation to Him who hath promissd both a seed time and harvest. Hon. John. A. Woodward was elected President by acclamation and Mr. Henry Thompton, Secretary, also by acclamation. The President before proceeding to business made a very interesting address, stating among other things that Governor Beaver would make the opening address and Governor Pattison would respond.

Governor Beaver was announced, not introduced as the president stated that Centre county people needee no introduction to General Beaver.

The Governor's speech was replete with facts of great value to the farmers of not only this county, but also of all counties in Pennsylvania and elsewhere. He spoke of the disappearance of our forests, the depression of the lumber business, the increase of other industries, mining, manufacturing, etc., but said the business of farming was forging to the front and taking its proper position, and of the amount of information that is now within reach of all our farmers and the very great benefits resulting from the institutes now so popular throughout the State. He also spoke of the eminent men now zealously engaged in farming and also engaged in the effort to make farming successful, honorable and to place it on a paying basis.

He mentioned the fact that even the Chief magistrate had left the duties of his great office and put in two days in the interests of Centre county farmers.

That the intelligence of the farming community now favorbly compares with that of most other classes of people, and urged the necessity of further intelligence not only to become intelligent farmers, but to become fully posted on all subjects necessary to a happy, prosperous life and an honest intelligent citizenship.

Further the ladies were complimented for their assistance, not only at institutes and fairs, but also on the farm. Adam did not get along very well at farming until Eve came to his side, took hold and helped him do the work. The General spoke in his usual happy pleasing manner and was warmly applauded.

GOV. PATTISON'S HAPPY RESPONCE.

His excellency commenced his address by relating an incident of the battle of Antietam. An officer was very thirsty, and hunted for water, found a spring and stooped down to drink. He wore large spurs, and at the time was very much afraid of capture or stray shots. As he stooped to drink, his foot slipped his spur struck him in the rear and he cried out I surrender. Like him I was compelled to surrender to the urgent solicitations of the committee who had these institutes in charge.

Old Centre county is rightfully called the Governor's county. Gov's Packer, Bigler, Curtin and Beaver were all citizens of Centre. He hoped it would not become known or understood generally that Centre county was particularly favorable to those having aspirations for the Gubernatorial chair, for fear of the depopulation of Sister counties.

The entire tenor of his address, was to encourage and stimulate the farmers, and he strenuously urge them to avail themselves of all opportunities to inform themselves on all subjects that will aid them in bringing their vocation into its proper position. Farming is the first, the grandest, noblest, most important, most independnnt vocation on this earth.

The institute is better than any and all other means to further the interests of agriculture. The fairs, the grange patrons of husbandry, are all good and have been propuctive of good, but the institute condenses, crystalizes and perfects the practical and valuable information that is to aid the farmer in his life work. He touched upon the bounteous harvest of 1891, and the great need of our surplus, to feed the starving millions of Russia, and the amount of gold coming to us from Europe in return for our unprecedented crops,

Governor Pattison again presented the subjects of roads, and explained why he vetoed the Road Bill passed by the last legislature, viz that the appropriation was to be distributed according to population instead of area. We cannot have good roads without paying liberally therefor.

He next mentioned the $5,000,000 State appropriation for school purposes, and urged that the school districts should continue to raise the same amount by taxation as they did before the appropriation, becanse the design of the legislature was to increase the school fund, and not to relieve the people from taxation, and advises that teacher's salaries should be increased. We need good teachers, get hem, pay them salaries that will attract and retain first class teachers. The address was worthy of the distinguised gentlemen who presides over our Commonwealth as our Governor, was well received and gave satisfaction to the large audience judging by the hearty applause given at close of his remarks.

After-noon Session

The President's gavel sounded order at 2. 00 o.clock. Mr. John Gundy made an announcement that the state desires to make a first class showing at the Columbian Fair at Chicago and that consequently premiums have beeu offered for best samples of cereals and that farmers throughout the state are invited to compete for the premiums.

No question box appearing, Mr. Sisson gave a poem entitled, We Have Always "Been provided for and always will be."

"An old man had lost his hay crop and felt at a loss how to provide for his stock, his good old wife comforted him by singing "There is a heart there is a hand, we feel bnt cannot see, we've always been provided for, and we shall always be."

The old man was consoled and went whistling down the lane. Her faith was sufficient for both.

Next, Samuel R. Downing Ex Lecture of state Grange, talked on Novelties at Fairs.

The practical brainy farmer perfers something of value in preference to that of some other thing that amuses and pleases and does not pay. Dollars and cents are what most farmers want, and they want to learn how to get them.

The practical farmer is interested in new methods, new machinery, wants to get new ideas. At many county fairs he finds none of these articles. He frequntly goes home from the fair disgusted, fully determined that he will keep away from all such concerns in the future. Unless county fairs take pains to display modern machinery and labor saving implements, the farmers will all drop them and attend interstate fairs. Mr. Downing deprecated the want of enterprise on the part of county fair managers, and hoped they may see the necessity for making their exhibitions more interesting and more compensating to their patrons. The gentleman has most assuredly "been there" that is he knows how county fairs are usually conducted, and has a good idea how one should be conducted.

Mr. Sisson sang "Forty Years Ago" we heard that old song more than forty years ago. It has not like ourselves, grown old, but is the same old familiar song, and was well sung.

Next Hon. N. B. Cricthfield Lecturer Pomona Grange Somerset county, gave us a talk on stockfeeding. He told a story of a farmer selling a yoke of oxen to an iron maker who after making his purchase asked what the animals would eat,

The gentleman proceeded to give his idea of the proper treatment of colts, and next of work horses. He reccommended the old fashioned rack and feed trough as preferable to the modern manger and feed box. Also horse barns, should be erected separated from grain barns, made warm and well ventilated, keep stables clean and give the horses plenty of good bedding, feed properly and regularly and groom them well, closed with an urgent appeal to the farmers everywhere to well treat this worthy faithful and valuable servant. Our farmers will do well to follow his advice.

Next followed a discussion on the best style or class of horses for farmers to raise, also should horses be shod, should the check rein be used at all? Decided the check rein should not be used, should be shod when used on rocky ground, not otherwise.

Mr. Sisson praised the floral display, and hoped to see it duplicated at all future institutes and then recited the "Tooten Dinner *Horn*" when the blossom's on the tater and the tassle's on the corn. Adjourned till 7 o'clock.

A BABY'S PEIL.

Harry Shane Charged with Its Attempted Abduction.

A bold attempt to kidnap a child of Mrs. Kate Guinn, of 1148 Tree street, was made on Wednesday. After the family had dinner on that day, Mrs. Guinn went on an errand and did not return until half past 2 o'clock. She left three children at home, Clara, aged 10 years, Rosa, 6, and Henrietta, 9, months old, locking the doors.

After her departure, Harry Shane, of 1809 Mole street, visited the house and effected an entrance by bursting open the front door. After asking the two older children where their mother was, he presented each with five cents and told them to buy candy. When they returned their little sister was missing from her cradle Shane was also gone. The children became frightened and ran across the street and told Mrs. Turner.

Mrs. Turner ran over and saw Shane coming out with the child wrapped up in a shawl. While the woman was trying to prevent his departure Mrs. Guinn returned.

The child was taken from the man and the mother went to Twenty-fifth district station house and notified Lieutenant Patterson. Then she went to Magistrate Fulmer's office and swore out a warrent for Shane's arrest. Constable Harris is looking for the man. He is supposed to have gone to Baltimore.—*Inquirer*.

CARNEGIE'S ADVICE TO CANADA.

Why a Union With the United States Would Benefit Both Countries.

TORONTO, Feb. 4.—The following is a copy of a letter sent by Andrew Carnegie to John Pattison, manufacturer, of Hamilton on January 13.

I am glad to see the subject of the union of the race upon this continent is attratcing attention. We have only to consider the benefits flowing from the union of Scotland and England to realize what a similar union of Canada and the United States would bring to both· It seems to me little less than criminal to remain apart. The American Constitution would not require the Province of Canada to give up anything in the way of local government which they now possess. Canada would remain just as much for the Canadians as Scotland remains for the Scotch.

The *Spectator* (Canada) is quite right in stating that "At the present there is no indication of a desire for commercial reciprocity with Canada." How can there be so long as Canada remains subject to a foreign European Power, with all the dangers that such an unnatural situation involves? There is only one way by which Canada can ever achieve a destiny worthy of her, and that is political union with her own race upon this continent. To accomplish this all our efforts should be directed, for it is the noblest work of our day, as ensuring peace and good will upon the North American continent.

BOOM FOR THE MEXICAN LOTTERY.

One Effect of the Published Decision of the Louisiana Company.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—The Supreme Court decision sustaining the act of Congress excluding lottery matter from mails, and Mr. Morris' letter withdrawing his proposal for a renewal of the Louisiana lottery charter, have had the effect of advancing the price of shares of the Mexicou lottery from $6 to $10 a share.

Murphy J. Foster, anti-lottery candidate for Governor, and Hiram R. Lott, Chairman of the Anti-Lottery State Convention say the anti-lottery campaign will go right along.

The Allegheny City Embezzlers.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 6.—Market Clerk David Hastings, the first of the Allegheny City officials indicted for embezzlement to be tried, was found guilty of all the counts He was remanded to jail for sentence. The case of Mayor Wyman for embezzlement and extortion will begin at once.

ORGANS $40 PIANOS The T. Swoger & Son, DIRECT FROM FACTORY. SEND FOR PARTICULARS. Address, BEAVER FALLS, PA.

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UPRIGHT PIANOS!
FINEST FACTORY IN UNITED STATES
ALWAYS READY FOR
Quick Shipments of FINEST PIANOS AND ORGANS
DIRECT TO YOUR HOMES.

From Rev. James M Potts, D D, editor of the Michigan *Christian Advocate*, Detroit Michigan To say that we are delighted with the piano, does not express the fact. We are jubilant. If all your instruments are as fine in appearrnce and as pleasing in tone as this one, your patrons will rise by the hundred.

From Mrs A G Silverheels, Corydon, Warren county, Pa.: We are well pleased with the organ. Good tone and found to be as represented. jy23 1y

Ely's Cream Balm For
CATARRH
THE POSITIVE CURE.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.
THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH, RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND
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THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE The only Safe, Sure, and reliable Pill for sale. Ladies, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other kind. Refuse Substitutions and Imitations. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. At Druggists, or send us 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Madison Square PHILADELPHIA, PA. Sold by all Local Druggists.

PISO'S CURE FOR
25 CTS Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists. 25 CTS
CONSUMPTION

CHEATED THE GALLOWS.

MURDERER FITZSIMMONS CUTS HIS THROAT IN NEW ORLEANS.

Declares His Wife Guiltless.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 5.—Frederick C. Fitzsimmons, alias Ambrose G. Budd and several other names, who was arrested here Tuesday charged with murder and theft in Pittsburg, Pa., cut his throat with a penknife in a cell at the Parish prison. He died at 1 o'clock this morning.

Fitzsimmons left a long letter, addressed to C. H. Fitzsimmons, William Fitzsimmons, Chief of Police Gaster, Times-Demcrat, Picayune, and citizens of New Orleans in which he says:

"The sunny south and the Crescent city carry none but the most pleasant recollections in my memory. I have pursued crime with its fatal consequences; my liberty is again jeopardized, and as liberty or death is paramount in my mind I prefer the latter to imprisonment, disgrace, slow death and dragging further in the mire the good name of honored and respected relatives. My beloved wife is the daughter of one of New Orleans once popular and respected citizens.

"My wife, Lucy Rebecca Fitzsimmons. was improperly convicted in Allegheny county court house of murder in the second degree through the testimony of a perjuring detective a prejudiced jury and judge, and still imprisoned. Knowing that I am about to hurl myself into eternity, I solemnly swear my wife is innocent. I effected my escape from Alleghegheny county jail because I foresaw conviction before the trial began. The bright, sunny atmosphere surrounding my soul is replaced by gloom and a sad heart that only death can alleviate."

Fitzsimmons, after writing the letter jumped into bed, threw a blanket over his head, and apparently went to sleep. Half an hour later one of the attendants in the jail heard him groaning, and on going to the bed found Fitzsimmons had slashed his throat three times while under the blanket, and was weak from the loss of blood.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 5, 1:05 a m.—Frederick C. Fitzsimmons died in the hospital of the Old Parish prison at 1 o'clock this morning from the effect of wounds in his throat inflicted by himself. The end was not expected, as a short time before he seemed stronger.

A "WHITECAP" CAPTURED.

Run Down by South Chester Police and Sent to Jail.

CHESTER, Feb 4.—The South Chester police to-day succeeded in running down John Fountain, of Twin Oaks, who has been sending out white-cap notices, and he was placed under arrest.

Some three weeks ago he sent a "white-cap" notice to Elmer T. Kline notifying him to move or his house would be burned with him in it. Mr. Kline, paid very little attention to it, but on the appointed night the house was fired and the family had a narrow escape.

He was given a hearing this evening before Justice Dwyer who committed him to the Media Jail to await the actisn of the grand jury—Inquirer.

Killed by Her Crazy Husband.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—This afternoon Patrick Hurst, a laborer, attacked his wife with a knife while she was sick in bed, stabbing her again and again until he had slashed her thirty eight times. Many of the cuts were inflicted after the woman, succumbing to the frightful hacking, was dead. Hurst was arrested. He shows no concern and only says, "I killed her because she would not take care of me for the past twenty-five years." Hurst is believed to be insane,

Trade is Gradually Enlarging.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days as reported to Dun & Co. number for the United States 283, and for Canada 46, or a total of 319, as compared with a total of 287 last week and 322 the week previous to the last. For the corresponding week last year the figures were 306, representing 261 failures in the United States and 45 in Canada. In spite of much dullness and complaint in some important branches trade is gradually enlarging.

DROWNED IN HER COFFIN.

The Sad Fate of a Young Woman Who Was Buried Alive.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 5.—It is now generally believed that Frances Burke was buried alive in Dunkirk. When the remains were exhumed Tuesday afternoon it was found that the coffin was filled with water. If Miss Burke had been buried alive it is certain she would have drowned. The stories of the family and friends are to the effect that she was in a trance at time of the funeral. The coroner says that an application of embalming fluid would have decided at once whether she was alive

Coroner Blood has taked a sworn statement of members of the family regarding the matter. but his report has not been made public. He says he will censure severely all those who were instrumental in bringing about the burial of the young woman without the necessary permit. He thinks the girl was buried alive and was drowned in her grave.

Juust the Usual Ingredients.

"Say!" he called to a Woodward avenue grocer the other morning, "I'm in a great hurry and can't linger. My wife wants the stuff to make som mince meat. Put it up and I'll call in as I go to dinner."

"Very well." was the reply, and when he returned the grocer pointed to a heap of packages on cotnter and said:

"Guess I,ve got everything put up for you."

"Gewhitaker! but you don't mean that pile is for me!"

"All yours, sir."

"But you don,t ciaim that I want thirty-four ingredients to make a mince pie!"

Only the usual ingredients. sir—meat, apples, currants, raisins, allspice, pepper, vinegar, cinnamon, citron, cloves and so forth. If your wife happens to remember anything else she wants to put in just call me up by telephone. Been over the list twice and am sure I have it right."—*Free Press.*

Fitzsimmons' Wife Notified.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 5.—Mrs. Lucy Fitzsimmons, the wife of F. C. Fitzsimmons, the Pittsburg murderer, who committed suicide at New Orleans yesterday, and who is in the penitentiary here, was notified of her husband's death this morning. She was greatly prostrated over the news, and for a time serious results were apprehended. Later Mrs. Fitzsimmons became more reconciled, and said she was thankful to the Lord that the trials of her husband were at an end. She said he left a will, in which he directed that his body should be embalmed and sent to Brookville, Ont., his father's home. His property was left to Mrs. Fitzsimmons, and at her death was to go to their little daughter.

Sullivan on Another "Tare."

DENVER, Feb. —John L. Svllivan, the pugilist-actor, is in this city with his company. He has been on a big "tare" ever since arriving in the city. The big champion surrendered to bacchus last night and visited the Tabor Grand, where Stuart Robson was holding forth. Sullivan fought his way into the stage in the midst of a scene and seizing Robson's hand, exclaimed; "Shake with 'Honest Hearts and Willing Hands." As the audience caught on they raised a great applause and Sullivan started to make his little speech, but was removed by stage hands.

"THE EQUINOMICAL COUNSEL."
Written especially for OUR COUNTRY HOME, by "Josiah Allen's Wife, begins in the February issue. Three issues of OUR COUNTRY HOME *free* to readers of this paper who will send 6 cts, for postage and mailing. Address the Publishers, 81 Warren St. New York.

A THRILLING CHASE

THREE PERSONS SHOT WHILE IN PURSUIT OF TWO ROBBERS.

They Are Captured After a Running Fight—The Prisoners Thought to Be Concerned in the Locknow Safe Robbery.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 5.—Two men, who gave their names as David Binkley. of Lancaster, and James Marshall, of Philadelphia, were arrested here, after they had dangerously wounded John Sweitzer, of this city, put two balls into the shoulder and arm of Officer Charles Yingst, and one in the wrist of a colored boy. The men, after starting a row in a saloon, were forced to the outside. They were pursued by a large crowd as they fought to make their escape. When pursued closely they turned on their pursuers and fired. John Sweitzer was hit in the back, the ball lodging in the lungs.

Binkley was driven to a coal bin, in which he made a desperate defense, and Officer Yingst fired several shots at him without effect, but Binkley's aim was more accurate, and the policeman was shot twice. His wounds are not dangerous Marshall was captured a short time betore Binkley was compelled to surreder by a man hitting him on the head with a gun·

Both these men are believed to have been concerned in the robbing of a safe at Lucknow, near this city, after they had bound and gagged the watchman. William F. Cooney, an accomplice, was also arrested here. On the persons of Binkley and Marshall burglars' tools were found.

THE MESSIAH CRAZE.

Indians Maintain their Belief But are Quiet and Peaceful.

CHICAGO. Feb. 5.—Captain Eli D. Higgins, aide de camp to General Miles, returned Thursday morning from an extensive trip in the Indian territory. He was sent there to investigate and report on the rumors of ghost dancing among the Indians there. "The Araphoe, Cheyenne and Osage Indians still cling to the belief that the Messiah will some day appear to save them" said Captain Huggins, "and they are not at all disappointed in the failure of the Messiah to come among them last year. They do not pretend to know the date of his coming. The former frenzy among them and their excited dances have given way to a quiet belief which has almost become a religion with them, that the whites are to be destroyed and the Messiah will come. There is no excitement among the whites who live on the land bordering on the reservation and no excitement is apparent and no outbreak is feared."

Captain Huggins witnessed the distribution of cattle for food for the Indians at the Cheyenne and Arapahoe agencies. The cattle were supplied by a contractor, and were so poor and thin that Little Chief objected to them. The officer who inspected the cattle rejected them. An investigation showed that all the poor and worthless cattle were given to the Indians, the fatter ones being shipped to the markets.

LOOSE PRISON MANAGEMENT.

A Factional Official Fight at the Bottom of the Deer Island Mutiny.

BOSTON, Feb. 4—The revolting prisoners at Deer Island remained in their cells to-day, making no trouble whatever. After the prisoners and their rooms had been searched yesterday afternoon, about a score of the ringleaders, who still showed a troublesome disposition. were taken out, handcuffed and strung up by the wrists until they promised better things. It did not take long to extort these promises either.

From a few of the officials and from one or two of the prisoners it was learned that the trouble of yesterday, although indirectly dating to August last, began in earnest Sunday. A crowd of men in the yard made a ring and a first-class prize fight, which the officials were either unwilling or unable to prevent, was indulged in. This incident shows how the discipline at the institution had relaxed under the factional warfare in the board controling the officials. A rigid investigation is being made by the Mayor.

Wire Waifs,

Deputy United States marshals have successfully raided six illicit stills in Clebourne county, Ala.

John Clark, a bank president at Franklin, Ind., has given $20,000 to the Hanover college at that place.

Sir John Thompson and Finance Minister Foster will leave Ottawa, Ont., next week for Washington, to arrange, a basis for negotiations looking to reciprocity.

W. A. McKemie, station agent at Wabbreska, Ark., on the St. Louis Southwestern road, was mysteriously murdered in his room at the depot. Robbery was probably the motive.

Wils Howard, the famous Kentucky desperado, who killed thirteen men in the famous Howard-Turner feud of two years ago, has been convicted of murder at Lebanon, Mo., and will be hanged.

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases"
Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruption on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by any other remedy.
Ask your druggist for Swayna's Ointment. s24-1y

—These are beautiful moonlight nights already, although the moon is not yet half full.

—And still the mails are flooded with the 1892 calendar. At wholesale we acknowledge receipt of about a score from different sources.

—Mr. Elllis Snyder and his brother returned on Thursday evening from Jeannette, where they had been at work in the glass factory.

—Remember the appearence of the "Midnight Alarm" in this place next Friday evening will be for the benefit of the Knights of the Golden Eagle.

—In our telegraph columns to-day we give the result of the trial of Banker Dill in Clearfield. Mr. Dill goes free. It is even thus. The man who steals one dollar to keep from starving is sent to the penitentiary for a good long term, and thereafter shunned by his fellowmen, while the man who gets away with a hundred thousand or so is acquitted by a Judge or jury and then becomes a lion in society.

—The statement of the receipts and expenditures of Centre county is published in this weeks *Centre Reporter* and that paper calls upon us to examine it and see for ourselves what a good bookkeeper Mr. Robert Hunter is. The *Reporter* says that the style in which the statement was gotten up excels that of any previous report. This is all very good. We congratulate Mr. Hunter on his ability as Commissioner's clerk, but we would like to know is why didn't the *Reporter* say something about the report itself? Why didn't it inform its readers that the report was only signed by two commissioners, the other one refusing to sign his name to the statement because it was not correct? Why didn't it explain several very mythical items, that foot way up in the thousands, which appear in the statement and which nobody seems to understand? These are a few things the people want to know, and not how good a penman the man was who wrote the copy for the printer. See?

PATTISON'S VISIT HERE.

He Shakes Hands With a Host of Democrats.

As announced on Thnrsday Pennsylvania's Chief magistrate, Governor Robert E. Pattison, came to Bellefonte Thursday afternoon from State College. A special train was sent over the Bellefonte Central railroad to convey him to this place. Many prominent democrats went up to act as escorts to the Governor. On the arrival in this place ex-Governor Beavor was at the depot in a carriage and at once took his successor in office under his own wing and drove him to his own home on Curtin St, where Mr Pattison stayed to dinner.

It was nearer eight o'clock, however, than seven, when the Governor made his appearance at the Brockerhoff House. He at once was escorted to the gentlemen's parlor, where he held a quiet little reception for two hours. During this brief period the majority of the democrats in Bellefonte, as well as many Republicans, availed themselves of the opportunity and went up to shake hands with the Governor. Mr. Pattison spent the night at the Brockerhoff and this morning went to Howard where he made the response to the address of welcome at the opening of the Farmer's Institute.

HE Meant Fight.

Every body in Bellefonte knows Mr. William Jones, of the First National Bank: and every person who knows him has always known him as a peacable citizen, but those who saw him on Thursday afternoon declare that when Mr. Jones gets riled he's a terror and no mistake. Ot course Mr Jones couldn't live happy if it wasn't for the pleasure he derives from continually presenting about two thirds of the people in Bellefonte with little drafts, electric light bills, rent statements and the like, and it was because of the presenting of one of the latter to a man who for some reason or other, filed exceptions that Mr. Jones was called upon to pull off his overcoat and hat, placed them most convenientiy on the ground and then for about five minutes make a little display of how he could use his fists when called upon to do so. Fortunately, however, the doctor's services were not required, as all Mr. Jone's fugilistic efforts were made into space, his adversary having discreetly vamished while Sir William was pulling his overcoat.

A Shower of Worms.

Benjamin Snyder. the representative of the Statistical Bureau, at Washington D. C. who lives near Clifton, Union county, came in to-day with specimens of peculiar-looking worms which fell in a shower recently in that vicinity, says a Liberty, Ind special to the St. Louis *Republic*. The rain covered an area of five miles. Thousands of these worms appeared upon the ground after the shower of rain. It was a cold, sleety day, and the insects fell upon the frozen crust and were readily examined. They averaged about an inch in length and were covered with soft, dark-brown hair. Under the microscope small eyes appeared similar to those of a fly. They were innumerable in quantity.

A Big Day's Work.

Mr. S. Irvin Myers who works in Mann's axe factory of this place, on Wednesday of this week made 151 axes in 5 hours and 15 minutes. This we think beats the record in this factory at least.

The factory is turning out about 500 axes per day at the present time.

A MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

MASS MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT.

Many Prominent Persons Were Present at the Impressive Ceremonies, and There Were a Number of Addresses Made In Its Honor.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., February 4.—The spontaneous outburst of charity from the whole world which was called forth by the stupendous catastrophe of the Johnstown flood is now commemorated by the erection and dedication of the Conemaugh Valley Memorial hospital

This morning's trains brought visitors from all parts of the state, most of whom had been invited to participate in the hospital dedication exercises to-day. Among the visitors were the following: Adjutant General Hastings, of Bellefonte; Professor Forbes, of the Philadelpeia Jefferson medical college; Professor Pancoast, who oganized the Seventh Ward hospital; Judge A. V. Barker, of Ebensburg; James B. Scott and several other members of the state flood commission; Pittsburg newspaper correspondents and representatives of the Philadelphia Press. Governor Pattison and ex-Governor Beaver were unable to be present, having notified the local committee to that effect several days ago.

A large number of visitors went out to the hospital, on the Somerset pike, it having been thrown open for pnblic inspection during the morning. The building is a handsome structure, having been erected and complete at a cost of $65,000. The equipment of the hospital surprised the visitors, as nothing had been left undone even to the smallest details.

The dedication exercises commenced at 1 o'clock, with music by the Mineral City band. The meeting was then called to order by James McMillin, esq., and prayer was offered by Rev. W. F. Conner, D. D. The speech-making began with an address by General D. H. Hasting, who reviewed the situation as it was when he first appeared on the scene of desolution, and he paid a high tribute to the energy of the Johnstown people.

James B. Scott, of Pittsburg, on behalf of the state flood commission, then formally presented the hospital to the people of the Conemaugh valley. Speeches of acceptance on the part of the citizens were made by Hon. A. V. Barker, president judge of Cambria county, and Hon. W. Horace Rose, mayor of Johnstown. The speech of acceptance on the part of the medical profession was made by George W. Wagoner, M. D.

At the conclusion of the addresses prayer was offered by Rev. John Boyle. and the benediction was prounced by Rev. W. A. Shipman. The dedication exercises closed with music by the Mineral City band. An elaborate lunch to invited guests was then served in the hospital, and a great number of people thoroughly inspected the building.

The programme which had been arranged by the various committees was admirable carried out, and the visitors frequently expressed their gratification. This evening the citizens of the Conemaugh Fulley will hold a mass meeting in the opera house, to make formal acknowledgment to the world of their thanks for its lavish generosity during the flood period.

Dill Was Found Not Guilty.

CLEARFIELD, Feb. 4.—The commonwealth rested its case in the Dill trial today, and Judge Orvis opened for the defense. He said the defense would show the First National bank of Clearfield assumed the business of the Caledoni Lumber company in order to save a claim of $30,000 due the bank from John S. Putna and that, as the banking laws forbid banks engaing in such enterprises, the directors authorized Dill to carry on the business in his name, When the June flood of 1889 swept so much lumber away great loss was sustained, and the business has been a losing one since. When Dill took charge at Houtzdale from time to time he transferred the depositers' money to the Clearfield bank and used it to sustain the credit of the First National bank, although it was credited to his individual account. Judge Orvis says the money due the Houtzdale bank was arising from the First National, and not from Dill individually Dill was placed on the stand and testified to the above place on the stand and testified to the above facts. At the conclusion of the testimony Judge Mayer took the case from the jury and ruled that the First National was responsible for the amount of the draft and directed the jury to bring in a verdict of "not guilty but pay the costs." Dill was discharged. An order granting Dill's discharge from the charges of embezzelement by Mrs. Decker and Receiver Byer was also granted.

Money Sold in Job Lots.

NEW YORK. Feb. 4.—Samuel Price, of Dixey, Canada, received a month ago a circular telling him he could buy $1,000 for $100. The result of the correspondence was that Price met a stranger, who gave the name of F. Eaton, at Newburg, Eaton refused to sell at the terms given in the circular, and Price left $170 with Eaton and started back to Dixey to get $2.75. Eaton was arrested and turned out to be James Miller, of this city.

Laughed Himself Insensible.

Henning Peterson, a tailor, listened to a comic song Thursday evening, says a Fort DodgeI., special to the Cincinnati *Commerciel Gazette*, and was so tickled that his laughter became unmanageable, and at the end of an hour he was completely exhausted. He became insensible and has not yet been revived. It is thought he will die.

Points in State Politics.

Hirum Young and Benjamin Frick are the leading candidates for postmaster at York.

The Doylestown *Intelligence* wants Farmer Taggart to run for Congress in the Montgomery-Bucks district.

The Easton *Free Press* thinks that Congressman Mutchler will be renominated in spite of the story that he will not be a candidate.

Samuel P. White, of Beaver Falls, will again be a candidate for the Senatorial nomination from the Beaver-Washington districdt. Colonel Hawkins may be a candidate also.

The Erie *Dispatch* comments upon the notorious fact that not a single Democratic paper of the many which printed the Quay libel has expressed regret for doing so. They have been scared, but they have not repented.

General Gregg and family will move to Harrisburg in May, when he will assume the duties of Auditor General. His son, David Gregg, will retire from the money order department of the postoffice at Reading to assist his father.

Dr. S. D. Bell is asking the Butler county indorsement for delegate to the Republican National Convention, but there is a disposition to concede the delegates to Lawrence and Beaver this year. Mercer and Butler having had them in 1888.

Rev. Dr. C. K. Nelson, rector of the Church of the Nativity, of Bethlehem, and Bishop-elect of Georgia, is a great admirer of United States Senator Arthur Pue Górman, of Maryland, and in a discussion the other day as to who would be the Democratic nominee for President, the reverend doctor remarked to a South Bethlehem *Star* reporter: "You watch Gorman: remember what I say." This was said as if he felt sure that Gorman would be the nominee.

The Lebanon *Report* hopes that Republicans will vote for a Democrat for United States Senator in preference to voting for Quay. The Bucks counety *Intelligence* indorses the view that Republicans should vote for Cleveland or Hill in preference to Blaine. It is just as well that the Republicans of Pennsylvania should know of what kind of cranks, soreheads, free traders and hopelessly erratic material the opposition to Quay is getting together.

Mr. Dalzell has denied that he voted for Pattison in 1890, which is doubtless correct, but he failed to state whether or not he voted for the head of the Republican ticket. He also said he took the stump for the party that fall. So he did, but if our memory serves us right, it was not in Pennsylvania. It was in Ohio where he delivered all those speeches of which he makes mention. If we mistake not, Mr. Dalzell peremptarily refused to speak for our Gubernatorily ticket when so importuned by the State Committee.—*West Chester Republican.*

PILES! PILES! ITCHING PILES.

Symptom—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelpha.

s 24-1 y

Cut His Wiskers Too Short.

Barber Solomon Uhly, of 72 Livingston street, Newark. is nursing a very sore Stomach says the New York *Recorder* On Saturday night, Christopher Dnnninger, of 71 Livingston street, who wears long Burnside whickers, called on Uhly and asked him to trim them. The barber did so and charged Dunninger thirty cents, but when the latter looked in the glass and saw that his whiskers were cut down to ordinary "mutton chops," he got angry and kicked the barber in the stomach. Dunninger was arrested and gave $500 bail.

The Prize Mean Man of Kansas.

A Leavenworth man who is well know and worth his thonsands, went into an uptown restaurant one day for dinner, the regular price of which was twenty-five cents, says the Leavenworth *Times*. The stingy capitalist called the proprietor to one side and said: I "don't want any pastry to-day, as I am not very hungry, so will you give me my dinner for fifteen cents?" The restaurateur demurred and the citizen paid twenty five cents under protest.

He Was the Chief Conspirator.

GREENWICH VILLAGE, Con., February 4. The substance of the confession made by one of the two men arrested last night for the abduction of little Ward Waterbury, is to the effect that the chief conspirator is Charles E. Waterbury, nephew of Charles P. Waterbury, whose child was stolen. He conceived the plan and induced others to go into it. Yesterday, as soon as he learned that constables were on his track, he disappeared, but it is believed that he will soon be arrested.

Musical College.

The Spring Session opens Monday May 1st, for Young Ladies in Vocal and instrumental Music—Address for circular

H. B. MOYER,
Freeburgh, Pa.

A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

Relief is asked for the Starving Russian Peasants.

The following proclamation issued by Governor Pattison sufficiently explains itself.

In the name and by authority of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, Information has been brought to the attention of the executive that the famine now prepailing among the famine now prevalling among the peasantry of Russia is so widespread as to embrace fourteen great provinces, with a population of from twenty million to twenty-five million of people, multidues of whom must perish unless promptly relieved; and

Whereas, It has been finally determined that the congress of the United States is not prepared to appropriate money for the transportation of supplies, so that the question of relief is left to the generous impulses of the people of the different states: and

Whereas, The people of Pennsylvania, in their recent experience of a great local calamity, were the subjects of generous philanthropy from every quarter of the civilized world; and

Whereas, During the year just closed they have been blessed with abundance and prosperity;

Now, therefore, I Robert E. Pattison, Governor of the said commonwealth, in answer to the appeal from the organized agency for relief to the sufferers in Russia, do hereby issue this, my proclamation, recommending to the citizens of Pennsylvania a prompt response to this appeal and generous contributions for the cause in which it is put forth.

And I do further request and direct all citizens, societies, committees and agencies desiring to aid in this work to put themselves in communication with the Russian Famine Relief committee of the United States, at No. 732 Fourteenth street, Washington, D. C., which is acting in full harmony with the American National Red Cross association, and which associations have arranged for the prompt and expeditious transportation to the afflicted districts of Russia, and for the systematic and judicious distribution among the sufferers, of all grain and other supplies which may be received.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the sate, at the city of Harrisburg, this 1st day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and of the commonwealth the one hundred and sixteenth.

[SEAL.] ROBERT E. PATTISON,
By the Governor:
WILLIAM F. HARRITY,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A Barren Democratic Policy.

From the San Francisco Call.

The Hill faction of the Democratic party is in measures of public policy about four years behind the Republican's. The proposal to repeal the McKinley tariff and the present Silver Act is simply a proposition to fight the battle of 1892 on the ground the Republicans held in 1888. The measures the Democrats porpose to repeal are those enacted since the election of Harrison. But if the Hill Democrats do not show much fertility of resources as statesmen, it must be admitted that they have a tolerable keen eye for points in a policical contest. By one device and another they have reduced the debatable gröund to a very narrow limit. There is no question at all of the intentions of Mr. Hill to make the electoral vote of New York safe for his party by devolving the choice of electors upon the Legislature if he perceives any danger of the loss of the state by the popular vote. The thirty-six electoral votes of New York ordinarily determine a Presidental election, but not necessarily. Counting for the Democratic ticket the 159 votes of the Southern States, the thirty-six of New York and the five of Michigan, and even the nine of New Jersey. there is still a chance to elect the Republican ticket The barrennass of the proposed Democratic policy will not help that party in debatable states.

Church Kisses, 25 Cents Each.

There is a split among the members of the Luthern church in Burns, N. Y., Over the mode of raising money which was introduced at a social last week. It was given in the church parlors. Across one end of the room was a curtin. When it was withdrawn there stood in a row six of the prettiest young women in the congregation each bearing a placard on which were these words: "You may kiss me for twenty-five cents." It was fifteen minutes before the placard had any effect, but when it did the silver quarters fairly showered into the aprons of the young women. Old and and young rushed to the front to exchange coins for kisses. The show lasted only a short time, and when the curtain was again drawn the storm burst. Some of the women insisted that the affair was a disgrace, and others thought it proper. The social broke up in a row, and no services were held in the church last Sunday.

A Woman Turned to Stone.

In Section 1, lot 1 of St. John Cemetery, lies a statue that a sculptor could not equal, says the Cincinnati *Enquirer*. It is the body of Elizabeth Brockhoff who died December 29, 1863 She was buried in Section 13, lot 45, and in 1876 the body was disinterred.

When the grave was opened the body was found to be as hard as stone and black. Sexton Esselman says that he scraped the black off part of the body and found it a pure white. The features were perfect in every detail. The body was buried again, as noted, and may possibly furnish a curiosity for a future generation

HOW TO GET THIN.

The only safe and reliable treatment for obesity, or (superfluous fat) is the "Leverette" Obesity Pills, which gradually reduce the weight and measurement. No injury or inconvenience—Leaves no wrinkles—acts by absorption.

This cure is founded upon the most scientific principles, and has been used by one of the most eminent Physicians of Europe in his private practice "for five years." with the most gratifying results.

Mr. Henry Perkins, 29 Union Park. Boston, writes: From the use of the "Leverette" Obesity Pills, my weight has been reduced ten pounds in three weeks and my general health is very much improved. The principles of your treatment are fully indorsed by my family physician. In proof of my gratitude I herewith give you permission to use my name if you desire to so."

Price $2.00 per package, or three packages for $5.00 By registered mail. All orders supplied direct from our office.

The LEVERETTE SPECIFIC Co., 339 Washington St.. Boston, Mass

Marriage Licenses Issued This Week.

M. H. Grove, of Marion Township and Ida M. Poorman, of Spring Township.

Alexander Harpster, of Benore, Pa., and Maggie Thompson, of Benner Township.

David Dorman, of Fiedler, Pa., and Rose J. Wolf, of Woodward, Pa.

Harry Sanders, of Bellefonte, and Ella Keys of Altoona, Pa.

F. M. Fisher and Annie M. Miller, both of Centre Hall, Pa.

C. E. Kreamer and Ida B. Miller, both of Milesburg, Pa.

A VERY COMMON WANT.

"Out of sorts," "distrait," "the blues" these are familiar appellatives for uncomfortable, undefinable sensations, accompanied with lassitude, nervousness, indigestion. Poverty of the blood, to remedy which an effective stomachic persistently used is the paramount need, is conclusive evidence that the system is insufficiently nourished because—and for no other cause where organic disease does not exist—the food is not assimilated. Reinforce the flagging energies of the stomach, reform an irregular condition of the bowels, keep up a healthful secretion of the bile with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. For over thirty years this popular medicine has supplied the common want of the nervous invalid, the dyspeptic and of persons deficent in vitality, an efficient tonic. To its power of imparting strength is attributable its efficacy as a preventive of malaria and la grippe. Thoroughly effective is it too for rheumatism, kidney complaint and neuralgia.

Howard.

We had the pleasure of visiting this pleasant, prosperous borough yesterday and must say, that it is a nice place, and its citizens are an intelligent, courteous people.

We noticed but one hotel, the Syracuse House. Judging by the well cooked and well served dinner, we enjoyed there, it is a good place for a hungry guest to stop. Mr. De Hass is a genial host, and his lady understands how to entertain guests, make them comfortable and at home.

We can recommend the Syracuse house.

M R T IN.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on there merits—C. M. Parish. Druggists.

Condensed News.

Cardinal Manniug's will shows he owns less than £190, which sonsisted of consols and books.

The outside distillers say they will meet the cut in the price of whisky just made by the trust.

The Nebraska Knights of Labor, now in session, will complete their alliance with the farmers' Alliance, and both organizations will act with the People's party.

Dennis Killen, the well-known pugilist, died at St-Paul of erysipelas. He was 38 years old, a native of Philadelphia and a brother of Pat Killen, who died of erysipelas in Chicago last fall.

The great iron beam pool, comprising most of the powerful iron beam firms in the country, has collasped' owing to internal differences and outside competion. The Indianapolis Rolling mills, it is said, have been considerable of a thorn in the pool's side.

Installation of Officers

The following officers of the W. R. C. 95 were installed by the past president, Mrs. Thomas Dunaki, Pres. Miss Ida Green, Sr. Vice-Pres., Anna B. Green Jr. Vice-Pres., Mrs. Lucy Cox Secretary, Miss Sue Smith Treasurer, Mrs. Laura Williams Chaplain, Mrs. Rebecca Bartrey Conductor, Mrs. Sarah A. Young Assistant Conductor, Mrs. Knicely Guard, Mrs. F. Tate Assistant Guard, Mrs. Ida M. Lindsey.

The Stage Orphan.

From the Goloshes of Socrates.

"Why," said Henry, "does the rich man in the play always fall in love with and marry the poor but respectable orphan?"

"it is probably because," said Robert, "the poor but respectable orphan on the stage always wears such costly diamonds."

ANOTHER DEATH.

Another Gallant Soldier Has Answered Present to Roll Call on Earth For The Last Time.

Our old, highly respected fellow citizen, Captain A. B. Snyder passed peacefully over the icy river at 7.30 this morning, He has been too long a citizen of our city and too well known by our people, to need any encomiums from this paper.

An honest man, an examplary citizen and a brave soldier has gone to answer "present" on the other shore where war and strife will never trouble more.

He was a member of the Presbyterian church, and of the Masonic Order, and a comrade in Gregg Post, G. A. R. He was born Oct. 3rd, 1824. Leaves a widow and four children two sons and two daughters.

He enlisted in 1848 in the Mexican war. On April 19th 1861. he enlisted in the 4th Penna. Reg't Co. H. he was appointed captain and served three months. He afterward enlisted in Company Y 51st Regiment he resigned on February 12th 1862. Again on September 21st 1862 he volunteered in the Emergency and was elected to the position of Lieutenant Col.

The Reporter's Greeting To Boalsburgh

The representative of this paper desires to express his thanks to the good people of Boalsburgh, for the kind consideration and generous treatment shown him, during the Agricultural Institute lately held in that beautiful little city. He is especially under obligatious to Miss Lillie Fisher, Miss Emma Kuhn and Mrs. Cyrus Goss, for the elegant entertainment supplied by them, also to Mr. W A. Murray for the kind and generous treatment received at his hands. The people of Boalsbnrgh are noted for their large-hearted hospitality.

We visited many families during our stay and in every instace was treated as only cultured people can treat a guest.

At one residence we notcied a motto, "God Bless Our Home and The News Reporter."

We are not able to adequately express our feelings, but will hereafter keep a green place in our memory, for the good people of Boalsburgh.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.

This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 128 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for $1.00, less than one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of skin disease, from a common pimple on the face to that awful disease Scrofula. SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and deep seated disease. Do not ever take

BLUE PILLS

or mercury, they are deadly. Place your trust in SULPHUR BITTERS, the purest and best medicine ever made.

Is your Tongue Coated with a yellow sticky substance? Is your breath foul and offensive? Your stomach is out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS immediately. Is your Urine thick, ropy, cloudy, or high-colored?

Don't Wait!

Your Kidneys are out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. If you are sick, no matter what ails you, use

Sulphur Bitters!

Don't wait until you are unable to walk, or are flat on your back, but get some at once, it will cure you. Sulphur Bitters is

The Invalid's Friend.

The young, the aged and tottering are soon made well by its use. Remember what you read here, it may save your life, it has saved hundreds. Don't wait until to-morrow,

Try a Bottle To-day!

Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE.

I have made the disease of

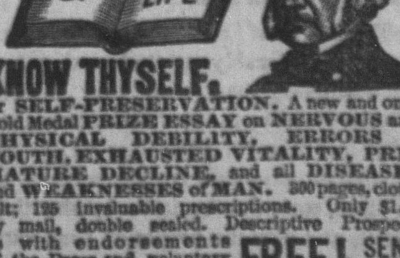
FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

MANHOOD!

How Lost! How Regained!



KNOW THYSELF.

Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth, gilt; 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. FREE! SEND NOW.

Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. INVIOLABLE SECRECY and CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equal.—*Herald.*

The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation, is a treasure more valuable than gold. Read it now, every WEAK and NERVOUS man, and learn to be STRONG.—*Medical Review.* (Copyrighted.)

Bellefonte Republican,

To Correspondents. No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

BEERS & DILLON.

Local Department.

—Advertise in the Daily News.

—Go to the Midnight Alarm to-morrow night.

—Do you want locals? if so, read the Daily News,

—Still the good work goes on at the Methodist Church.

—Bellefonte physicians say the prevalence of la grippe is rapidly decreasing.

—Mr. Abe Baum has commenced the foundation on which to erect a large new livery stable on Bishop street.

—The tax collectors of Centre county who are in arrears for the year 1890 have been notified to arrange to settle their duplicates in full by March first.

—The latest news in railroad circles is the purchasing by the Vanderbilts of the Reading railroad. Just what effect this may have on the Pennsylvania is hard to tell.

—Mr. James W. Swabb, of Linden Hall, will this year make appraisement of all mercantile business subject to a tax, he having been regularly appointed by the board of Commissioners.

—We are sorry to say that D. F. Fortney, Esq., is confined to his home by a serious attack of the grip. It takes a good bit to knock Mr. Fortney out but the grip did it on the first round.

—If one should judge from the number of marriage licenses now being issued they would come to the conclusion that either times were getting too hard for matrimony or else the young men and women were getting scarcer.

—Arrangements are being made to hold a Union Temperence meeting in the Presbyterian church next Sunday evening. The same to be addressed by Mr. Wooley, the temperence orator who will lecture to Bellefonters all of next week in the court house

—If anybody in Bellefonte wants to know how much of a foreign population this place has, just leave them go to the post-office some morning and stay there while the mails are being changed and see the Hungarians that fairly swarm in the waiting room.

—The large brownstone house of Mr. William Jenkins, on High street is undergoing a thorough course of repairs. The house will also be changed so that it can be occupied by two families. When completed it will be one of the handsomest as well as the most convenient houses in Bellefonte.

—Work has been commenced at the Court House preparing the vaults for the reception of the new steel shelving and cases to be put therein. When the work of putting the same in is all done the vaults in Centre county's court house will be fitted up better than any other court house in Central Pennsylvania.

—The marriage of Mr. Harry Saunders, the Bush house bell boy, to Miss Ella Keys, of Altoona, took place at the residence of the groom's parents on south Thomas street, on Monday evening, Rev. Charles Honesty officiating. The presents were numerous and beautiful. Harry is with-out a dout the happiest boy in town.

—Isn't it strange that most all the public, as well as private, works in Bellefonte when they have need of a man for superintendent or to fill some such other responsible position they always go away some where to get him, while from other places they come to Bellefonte to get men and, in almost every instance the Bellefonte man proves the best of the two.

—We are glad to be able to announce that the final papers have been signed which leases to Messrs. H. C. Valentine, William Burnside, J. B. Gill and several Pittsburg gentlemen the foundry at the Valentine Iron Works for the purpose of starting a scale factory, and that already they have a large force of men at work getting the buildings in proper shape.

—It is now well onto fourteen months since John Wilson, the murderer of Harry Waterhouse, escaped from the Bellefonte jail, and to-day his whereabouts is as much of a mystery as it was two days after he escaped. For awhile it seemed impossible for the man to escape and by the number of Wilson's that bobbed up every here and there it gave rise to a belief that the right man would be caught, but all in vain. And the result is the county is out several hundred dollars and justice is no nearer righted than it was fifteen months ago.

—The people of Laurelton, Union county, are considerably excited and not a little frightened over what they believe the work of a ghost. It will be remembered that less than two years ago Mr. J. H. Rodenbaugh, an extensive lumberman of that place, committed suicide by shooting himself, and now the people of that community declares that the house in which he lived and died, is filled from cellar to attic with a whole regiment of ghosts. So earnest are the people in their belief that it is impossible to get anyone to enter the building after the shades of night begin to fall.

PENN'S CAVE.

A Correspondent Discusses Its Sights and Curiosities.

There is probably no spot in the central part of the State of Pennsylvania as popular with its people and its many visitors, as the subject of this sketch.

Leaving the pleasant little city of B—— Dec. 26, '91, the writer in company with Mr.——boarded the train leaving B——at 2 p. m. enroute for Penn's Cave.

The ride across the valley was one long to be remembered. (The scenery was beautiful and many interesting sights along the route was pointed out us by a friend who was well acquainted with the valley, thus many points of interest was brought to our view which would of otherwise escaped our observation. But at last the whistle blew and on the train stopping we found ourselves at Penn Station situated in the beautiful and picturesque valley of same name, and in the County of Centre.

So bidding our friend adieu we prepared for a three and a half mile tramp, the distance yet between us and the wished for spot. After having strapped our satchels to our backs, a few other little necessary preparations was made, and the tramp started upon. O'er field and meadow, hill and dale, soon brought us in sight of a massive and altogether a handsome structure—"The Penn Cave House."

We received a cordial welcome from the gentlemanly manager, and Joe (that being the name of my friend) making the object of our visit known, we at once proceeded for the cave, (a three minutes walk from the house). In the time above stated we come to a halt, and gaze long and earnestly at what is seemingly the "eight wonders of the world."

Casting a long look behind at the glorious sunset tinging the clouds with colors, which seemed unearthly in beauty, we begau our decent down the woody steep, (a flight of stairs probably a hundred feet or more in length) at the bottom ran a creek, a seemingly fountain of water boiling up from the unfathomable deep, This is at the entrance of the cave. Eighty five feet from the surface above us.

A little time is spent in filling and lighting the huge lamps on either side of boat. The reader can more readily imagine than can be described with what anxious thought and anticipation Joe and I awaited the starting. But steersman has already taken his place. "All aboard" is sounded and our underground journey is begun.

Oh! what sights was to meet our eyes! many of which are past describing. Beautiful beyond conception.

I write hoping that they may interest many of your readers, I could not describe half of them in a letter of any reasonable length, but have selected a few from the many and beg to submit them herewith.

On first entering we were completely awe-stricken. It is useless for me to attempt to describe the feeling which overpowers one. Oh! the sublimity of the scene! All calm and silent as the grave, except now and again the water surge against sides of boat. What a place for a Longfellow, Bryant or Whittier. Traveling a little farther we came to where I could realize the words of Bryant, as never before. "Loveliest of lovely things are they." The walls and ceiling in many places resembling the heavens, here we see the cloudy billows roll (as it were) in another portion (what might be styled) blue sky and way in the distance clouds (so to speak) of a darker hue—an emblem of an approaching storm.

Stalactites every where visible—all beautiful, impending from a above there are many more figures just as interesting and worthy of appreciation, all of which were closely scrutinized.

The boat has now reached the narrowest passage in cave (but six feet in width). It carries us through safely, and perhaps has brought us to the most attractive and interesting portion of cave. Huge and imposing eminences towering up on either side, some resembling mummies, monuments and many other figures of minor importance. Among the prominent was that of an Alligator with wide-spread jaws "The Falls of Niagara," and the monument representing the "Three Angels." Three very impressive and awe-inspiring scenes, particularly the "Falls of Niagara" seemingly flowing as it were. But of all—"The Statue of Liberty" is the most prominent, the most impressive, the cap-sheaf of them all, with uplifted hand apparently the grand mistress of ceremonies; the figure of the angels reaching not nearly to her waiste.

And still another curiosity—"The Rock Piano." When coming to the above named, our boat was anchored and the clever steersman by tapping with his fingers the many different and various toned projectiles, (which took the place of keys) made the room or chamber in which we were in resound with music of a sweet and charming nature. He wound up in giving us "Don't You Go Tommy Don't Go," and "Little Annie Rooney," But on hearing the latter named, we could not well abide with the quest in the former and the boat was made to move on. Upon leaving this we came to a spot where the waters appear to sink directly in front of us on its way to the sea or perhaps to fall on some sun parched land in other climes. We were now as far back as could be penetrated, thirteen hundred (1300) feet from the mouth of cave. So our craft was turned in readiness for the return voyage. We passed immediately into scenery both somber and grand, just as soul delightful and soul inspiring as when coming. Mountains of rock rose abruptly from the water on either side and cast dark shadows into the still blue waters, giving to the whole scene a wild and inhospitable aspect full of awe, and at the same time accompanied with a certain kind of fascination.

Many interesting scenes were now brought to our view that had escaped our notice when entering.

In one instance when our boat was near the waters edge, I noticed (by the light of our lamps) some very bright and glistening particles resting on sides of the walls reaching out. I managed to obtain one of these tiny molecules. But in examining it, it proved to be nothing more than a species of sand or clay, having a gold dross —making true the old proverb. "All is not gold that glitters."

What is known as the Dry Cave was now more closely examined. It is a long room running back from the waters edge a distance of one hundred and fifty feet or more, having a gradual ascent the entire distance back, and dotted with many pillars and monuments, resembling in many places tiers of galleries resting in columns. Those above decreased in height, the last probably being only 5 feet in height and surmounted by a pine apple shaped top, their pilastered faces and sharp angles had been rounded by the hand of time—many of rare beauty—all grand and silent.

The bat room being another interesting spot (though not nearly so cheerful), our boat was once more anchored, and a closer survey of our surroundings made, hanging to the walls on either side of the room, were great clusters of bats (of the vampire species) apparently dead; yet with the slightest touch of our pencils their wings would flutter and then as if all life was extinct they would drop lifelessly to the water below. Our lights no doubt blinding them, thus making it impossible for them to become acquainted with their surroundings. Water at this point is very deep, having a depth of seventeen feet, water throughout cave from 8 to 17 feet deep This portion of the cave has been styled by many as that of "Satans Room," fortunately its occupant was not present or we may not have fared nearly so well.

We are now near the landing, and turning around, we cast a long look behind at the soul cheering scenes, many of which are indellibly pictured on memory's tablets, and with one accord we agree that Nature was the finest sculptor the world had ever seen.

On reaching terra firma we retrace our steps to the Penn House and after partaking of a bounteous repast, and all necessary preparations made, we bid the hospitable manager good bye and with Joe in the lead we enter upon our return trip to B——(a distance of 13 miles.)

Darkness had succeeded in chasing away twilight, and the roads (owing to the rains of a few days previous) were in a frightfully muddy condition, which materialy interrupted with our making good progress, after having been on our journey most two hours and feeling very much fatigued, we deemed it prudent to inquire at the next farm house as to whether we were on the right road. At last a farm house looms up before us and on making inquiry we found to our great dismay that we were just one mile nearer B——where we started, We had wandered and was on the wrong road. Through his hospitality we were taken in and made to stay over the night. He was one of Penn's Valley's successful farmers and at one time happened to be the "only Republican in the northern precinct of Gregg township," but since that his part of the township has become more enlightened and of course Republicanism has increased.

The evening passed away very quickly as well as pleasantly, sleep deep and welcome soon claimed us, we slept late, the sun had long been up and was flooding the room with its warm and golden rays, sunbeams came streaming through the curtains, causing checker like shadows. A table abounding in many good things awaited us below and after replenishing our appetites from same, we again bid friends adieu and are soon gliding over the now frozen roads for B——

The morning being a beautiful one and the air so invigorating (of which Penn Valley has an abundance) made their part of the trip all the more memorable.

Centre Hall, and at last Pleasant Gap are left behind us, in a little while more and we have reached the place of our starting landing at two p. m. the exact time of our leaving on the day previous.

We felt that we had been well paid for the time so spent, and to all eager sight seeers, I would advise a trip to Penn's Cave. Respectfully Yours,

Tyrone Pa., E. E. M.

The Last Tribute of Respect.

The remains of Captain Snyder were laid at rest in the cemetery at 3 p. m. yesterday. The services were conducted by the Masonic Fraternity, of which order he was an honored member, The brethern met at their lodge room on Bishop street, organized and marched in line to the family residence, and from thence accompained the dead brother to his last resting place. The body was there intered with the usual Masonic rites, and the brethren returned to the lodge, realizing that one more loved and respected brother has gone from his earthly, to the heavenly lodge, there to report to the Grand Master of the universe. His life has been such as to warrant us in trusting that to die, with him was gain, and while we are left to mourn, he is rejoicing in everlasting bliss. Peace to his ashes? So mote it be.?

ANOTHER ELECTROCUTION.

Charles McIlvaine The Last Victim of the Electrical Death.

Sing Sing, N. Y., Feb 8.—Charles McIlvaine was executed by electricity here to-day. He got up this morning apparently in good spirits, and ate a light breakfast. Father Creedom, his spiritual adviser held converse and prayed with him the most of the morning. In the death chamber were seven reporters, (an unusual occurrence, by the way) and a large number of doctors, besides the required jury of six. The death dealing machine was tested on Saturday by the electrocution of an old horse.

When the prisoner was brought into the room and strapped to the chair he was cool and calm. 1700 volts was the first shock turned on. The body straightened and pressed against the straps which bound it to the chair, but relaxed when the current was turned off. The victim also frothed at the mouth and there was the usual sickening odor of burning flesh. The current was applied the second time, the duration of both shocks being just 45 seconds. The doctors present pronounced unconsciousness instantaneous and death at the end of the second shock. Dr. Robertson was the physician in charge.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Our Senior had the pleasure of visiting the High School yesterday afternoon and was much pleased with the quiet good order and the readiness of the pupils to perform the requirements of the Teachers.

The exercises consisted of Essays, Recitations and Declamations by the pupils or rather by the following named pupils viz.

Essay........Gladiatorial Combats.
Miss May Taylor.
Recitation........The Icy Boston Maid.
Miss Louisa Chrissman.
Essay........Inventions.
iss Alice Dorworth.
Declamation........Action.
Paul haffer
Essay........Battle of Quebec.
Daniel Gallaher.
Essay........Julius Caesar.
Miss Alice Wise.
Recitation........Bunker Hill.
Miss May Goodfellow.
Essay........Ancient Manner of Making Paper
........and Modern uses of Paper.
Mr. harles Hal es.
Essay........World's Fair.
Mr. Roy McCalmont.
Declamation........
Fred Lehm n.
Essay........Death.
Miss Lizzie Smith.
Essay........A Trip to the Allegheny Mountains
Miss Mary Underw od,
Essay........Mother's Love.
Miss Maggie Eberhart.
Essay........World's Fair.
Kitty Heylmun
Essay........Water.
Willis Woodring.
Recitation........
Carrie Robb.
Essay........The Two Glasses wineland
........Water.
Emma Holliday.
Essay........Great Britian
Eddie Haupt
Essay........Growing Old,
Bella Hoover
Essay........Queen of Hearts
John Bower.
Declamation........Napoleon and the Gamin
Essay........
Bessie troop

The young ladies and gentlemen acquitted themselves very creditably and as well as we can judge from the short time we had for observation, the school is well conducted and the pupils are making good progress. We hope to be able to visit the school again in the near future.

Preparations are being made by the pupils to celebrate the 22 in conjunction with the G. A. R., we hope they may succeed intellectually and financially.

Y. M. C. A.

The Young Men's Christian Association held a very pleasant and interesting meeting at their rooms at four p. m. yesterday. General Beaver led the exercises which consisted in singing reading the scriptures prayers and short talks. Gov. Beaver selected several very appropriate passages of scripture which he read and briefly commented upon. His remarks were to the point, and should be accepted by the association as word of cheer and encouragement. His invocation to the throne of grace indicated an intense interest on his part in the success of the association and the present and future welfare of the young men of Bellefonte. The singing was good, the singers seemed inspired by the spirit of the words and thoughts of the composres, so they sang with the spirit.

The new Secretary was introduced and made a very good impression by his modest but earnest presentation of the duties of himself and of all interested.

Appearances now indicate that the association will start out with vigor and energy and that success will crown their efforts.

We tender our best wishes to the association and to the Secretary, and hope that many more of our young men may find their way to the rooms.

Woolley at the Court House.

Most of Bellefonters already know that next week is the time for the lectures in the court house by J. W. G. Woolley. This eminent talker has discussed temperance in some of the largest cities in the United States and from every place comes praise of him as an otator, an enthusiastic advocate of his theme and a profound christian gentleman. Read what Clinton Donglass, Dean of Yankton College, says of him:

For many years I have been a man of faith in Jesus Christ's power to save men, but the story of his life and the way he told it last night, has greatly strengthened my faith and courage to work on in His name. From the opening words of his first speech here to the last words of the sixth, I recognized from the way he held the Lord Jesus Christ before our minds, that he was a man of different spirit from the other temperance speakers whom we hear from day to day. Every word of his, seems to me as fresh and wholesome as a breeze from the sea. (I used to live by the sea, but have not been to its shore but once in twenty years, I say this to show what a luxury the freshness and saltness of the sea-breeze is to me.)

COMING AND GOING

Mr. George Tate is still very ill at his home on Spring street.

Miss Anna Leitzell, of Buffalo Run, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. Edward Schaefler, of Everly is visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Mr. William P. Fisher, of Fleming, was a visitor to Bellefonte to-day.

Mr. Henry Montgomery was doing business at State College, yesterday.

Daniel Rees of Altoona passed through Bellefonte on the 4.30 train Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Achenback returned Monday evening from a brief visit in Williamsport

Miss Jennie Rose, of Sunbury, is visiting her friend, Miss Mamie Sourbeck, on Bishop street.

Miss Elsie Herkhimer, of Williamsport, but formerly of this place, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. George Heath, the tailor, is moving from Penn street to one of Blanchard's houses on Lamb street.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jenkins returned home Monday evening from a trip to the eastern part of the state.

Mrs. I. B. Worth, of Kennett Square, Chester county, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. R. Chambers, in this place.

On account of the illness of Miss Laura Wright, teacher in the brick school building, the members of the advanced class have taken charge of her school.

John Pennington Esq. formerly employed by the firm of Jenkins and Lingle has secured a position at York Pa. He departed for the latter place last evening.

Mr. John Uzzle of Snow Shoe, is having a new cash register placed in his store. Mr. Bruce Garman of this place left for Snow Shoe this morning to instruct him how to use it.

We notice that Mr. L. L. Brown, ex-county chairman of the Republican party and who is now in business in Philadelphia, is in Bellefonte at present visiting old acquaintances.

Mr. H. U. Tibbens, well and favorably known in this place is now connected with the electric light works in Altoona. Harry is anxious to get a position as advance agent for some theatrical company.

Mr. Authur Pearson, who at one time was Superintendent of the Valentine store Company, Limited, when in operation in this place, but who now resides in Williamsport, was an arrival in Bellefonte Tuesday evening.

Mr. R. B. Taylor and wife in company with Mrs. William Graffius of Tyrone, arrived on the Tuesday evening train and will spend a few days with their relatives and friends at Mr. Morris Cowdricks on East Linn street.

Ex-Ddeuty Sheriff Robert K. Wilson, who is now head man at Ashcroft's hotel in Philipsburg, passed through Bellefonte on Monday on his way from his home in Jacksonville to Philipsburg. Mr. Wilson, has been at his home now for about three weeks nursing a very severe case of the grip.

Mr. Foster Williams, wife and child, formerly of this place, but now of Everett, Bedford county, arrived in Bellefonte Friday evening and will spend a couple weeks visiting friends here and at Port Matilda. Foster looks as well and happy as he did when waiting on customers behind the counter in Joseph Bros. stors.

Mr. John T. Laurie has accepted a position as assistant in the office of Adams Express Company at Johnstown, and left for that place this morning with the best wishes of his many friends and acquaintances for success in his new position. His leaving has caused all hands at this office to wear the face of one whose rich uncle had just died and forgot to mention him in his will.

Miss Sarah Gill, died at her home on Willow bank street yesterday morning at 10 o'clock aged 70 years. See was a good christain lady and a member of the M. E. church. Rev. Houck was with her when death came.

She told him all was well, after which they prayed and sang her favorite hymns untill she passed away. The funeral will take place from her home on Willow bank street Wednesday afternoon at 2 a'clock.

Letter List.

The following letters remain uncalled for in the Bellefonte post office, Feb. 1. 1892.

Mrs. Ida Crocker, Mrs. B. Housand, A. L. Hoyle. John A. Jamerson, William Joster, Minnie Laurie.

When called for please say advertised.

J, A. Fiedler, P. M.

DYNAMITE ACCIDENT.

Henry Davis of N. Alleghany St Slightly injured.

Mr. Davis is employed at the Valentine Quarry, and this morning undertook to thaw out two sticks of dynamite. The result was an explosion that threw him backward about six feet. Mr. Davis is an old experienced quarryman but as in most cases, familiarity breeds carelessness if not contempt and he ventured a little too far.

We congratulate him that he escaped so easily and hope he will be more careful in the future, and that he may speedily recover from the effects of this accident.

Milesburg Items.

Tonny Dale of Union Ville spent Saturday and Sunday here.

Misses Venie and Edna Taylor, two of Tyrone's fair young ladies visited their many friends here last week.

Milesburg may be noted by having so many polite and most agreeable young ladies.

George Williams a most agreeable young man of Bellefonte, paid a short visit to friends in this place on Sunday. George is a most excellent young man and is heartily welcomed by his many friends here.

Two of Joseph Bros'. eminent clerks are suddenly attracted of Milesburg, "now wonder."

J. E. Miles and amiable wife spent Sunday with Mr. George Hall of Union Ville.

Miss Sadie Weaver after paying a protracted visit among relatives in Milesburg, departed on Saturday morning for Altoona where she will visit for a short time.

The writer has been requested to state that a small key was found, Friday on the crossing between Harris's Hardware store and the Post Office. The same can be had by calling at the Keystone. *Gazette.*

The Literary Society was well attended last Friday evening, many from Bellefonte were in attendance.

Heny Comer is recovering slowly, but is unable to be out the house yet.

The Lancaster County, Dutch-man, is the latest craze.

Many people of Milesburg were in attendance at the Institute at Howard, on Friday.

Since our last letter many inquiries have been made upon whom the grip has no effect.

Boalsburg Items.

Mrs. Robert Condo who has been lying seriously ill for about six months, is not expected to live

Owing to so much sickness at Sandy Ridge, the schools have been closed and the teachers, Miss. Jennie Hnnter and Miss. Mattie Wilson are spending a couple of weeks with their many friends at this place.

The many friends of Miss Annie Woods will be pleased to hear that she is recovering from the severe attack of tonsilitis with which she has been afflicted.

Mrs. Moore is recovering from a severe attack of the grip, which has had such a "grip" on her as to keep her confined to her room for a few days.

Mr. Harry Searson is driving the stage for Mr. Coxie who has gone to Williamsport to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law Johnathan Edlar.

Mrs. Lillie Eisher, has departed for Mifflinburg to act as maid of honor at the wedding of Mrs. Laura Baker of Vicksburg and Mr. John Everette of Milton next Thursday.

Mr. Black and sisters, who have been visiting this place for a few days have returned to there home at Huntingdon.

The question of building a town hall a this place is being agitated and the prospects look bright as the Odd Fellows had plans and spenfications drawn up, but were forced to suspend operations, on account of so much sickness. Go on citizens, success will crown energy.

The Midnight Alarm.

This very excellent play will be in Garman's opera house on Friday evening next for the denefit of the Bellefonte Castle, Knights of Golden Eagle, and will doubtless draw a full honse. It is a sort of companion play to the "Fire Patrol," which appeared in this place a few weeks ago, dut we have no hesitation in saying that it is even a better play than that and rendered, if such a thing is possible, by even a better company. Just think of it, a team of horses and a big Silsby fire engine on the stage besides much other ponderous scenery. All the metropolitan papers speak of the "Midnight Alarm" as one of the best plays now on the road. Secure your seats early as they already are going pretty fast.

—Next Tuesday, February 16th, will be the day for the borough and township elections. Have you looked up good men to elect to the various offices.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE